The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND ANNUAL REPORT of

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Commissioners

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• PART I •

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Re-enactors are dedicated to adding a sense of authenticity to celebrations such as Emancipation Day at Oakley Cabin.

Commissioners:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission ("the Commission") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 is hereby submitted. This Report was prepared by the Commission's Finance Department, in accordance with the provisions of Article 28, Sections 2-113 and 7-107, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented, including all disclosures, rests with the Commission. We assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and various funds of the Commission in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Commission's financial activities have been included.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Commission has established an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Commission are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires business judgment by management.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The Commission selected the accounting firm of Clifton Gunderson LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Commission's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 are fairly presented in conformance with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this Report.

The Commission is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as revised and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, **Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.** This audit is issued separately. The Commission is also required to file a Uniform Financial Report with the Maryland State Department of Legislative Services by January 1 of each year.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal, and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Commission

The Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency serving both Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in the defined Metropolitan District in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Commission's financial planning and control. The Commission maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Montgomery County and Prince George's County governments. Activities of the General Fund, which include a transfer for debt service expenditures, are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established within each individual account in the General Fund. Budget-to-actual presentations for all five accounts of the General Fund are presented in Note 7 in the basic financial statements.

The Commission maintains an internal auditing division that reports to the Secretary-Treasurer. This staff performs internal audits throughout the Commission's offices and facilities. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Commission's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The Commission's financial condition is positive as a result of a stable primary revenue source, property taxes, and the Commission's conservative fiscal management policies. The assessable bases in both counties continue to experience growth, and collections, including interest and penalties as a percent of the levy, are consistently at or above 99%. The Commission prepares quarterly financial projections to help guide current year expenditures based upon anticipated revenue sources. In addition, the Commission maintains a comprehensive fund balance policy to provide a cushion against unforeseen expenditures or revenue shortfalls in each fund. At June 30, 2009, the Commission's General Fund budget basis ending fund balance was \$112.1 million.

Along with the Commission's internal financial management policies, spending affordability guidelines continue to be provided by Montgomery County Government for the Commission's Montgomery County operations, and by a Spending Affordability Committee for the Commission's Prince George's County operations.

Montgomery and Prince George's Counties are adjacent to Washington, D. C. and both of these counties have an economic base that is centered on vital government bureaus, major corporations and higher educational institutions. Maryland remains the richest state in the nation, according to the latest U. S. Census data. The state's median household income for 2008 was \$70,545, an increase of about \$1,500 from the previous year and Montgomery County regularly ranks among the top 10 wealthiest counties in the nation.

Like other jurisdictions across the nation both counties are impacted by the current fiscal environment. As of June 2009, the nation's unemployment rate was 9.4 percent, whereas Montgomery and Prince George's rates were 5.4 percent and 6.9 percent, respectively. These counties have a combined population base of 1.8 million people and have almost 1.0 million employed as of fiscal year 2009.

According to the U. S. Census Bureau, Montgomery County received \$7.6 billion in procurement contracts from the federal government for fiscal year 2008, which represents an increase of 10.9 percent over the previous fiscal year and Prince George's County received \$4.9 billion, which was an increase of 3.9 percent over the previous year. The increase in federal spending boosted economic activity in the Washington area and contributed to the economy's resilience to negative forces that dragged the national economy downward in the second half of the fiscal year.

The Center for Regional Analysis, George Mason University, produces the Washington Area Leading Index, which suggests that the region's economy has begun to improve albeit the recovery may be a slow and lengthy process through 2010.

More detailed information on the financial outlook is provided in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this Report.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Commission prepares a six-year projection of results for its Prince George's County operations, which is reviewed with the Prince George's County Spending Affordability Committee. A high level long-term plan is prepared for its Montgomery County operations by Montgomery County government, with Commission input.

The Commission has an established fund balance policy of designating 3% to 5% of budgeted expenditures for contingencies. In Montgomery County a designation of 3% of budgeted FY2010 expenditures was made, while in Prince George's County this percentage was 5%. In both Counties, there are undesignated fund balances, which could also be used to provide funding for unexpected needs.

There are significant undesignated fund balances in Prince George's County (\$72.2 million) which are planned to be used over the six-year period to maintain a stable tax rate for the Commission in that county.

Major Initiatives

The Commission enjoyed an excellent program year in fiscal year 2009. The major accomplishments of the Commission are set forth in the Program Highlights section of this Report.

Other Information

<u>Awards</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commission for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The Commission has received this award continuously since fiscal year 1973. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Commission must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This Report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

In addition, the Commission also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for fiscal year 2009. The Commission has received this award continuously since fiscal year 1987. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Commission's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning and organization.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the Department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this Report. Special thanks are expressed to Barbara Walsh, Accounting Manager, and the entire Accounting Division staff. I would also like to thank and compliment the Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Commission in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

atricia Colha Boney

Patricia Colihan Barney Secretary-Treasurer



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WIND STATES AND CORPORATION OF CHICAGO

President

Executive Director

Commission Background and Organization

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland, established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The laws governing the Commission were codified in 1959, recodified in 1975 to be Article 66D of the Annotated Code of Maryland and again in 1983, to be Article 28.

The Commission is a bi-county agency, empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in a defined Metropolitan District within the Maryland Counties (Montgomery and Prince George's) adjacent to the District of Columbia. The Commission is also empowered to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a larger Regional District in the same area.

As development and urbanization of the area have progressed, the two Districts have been enlarged by the General Assembly. They now embrace all of Maryland's Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, except for certain incorporated municipalities in each County and, for the Metropolitan District only, Election Districts No. 4 and No. 8 in Prince George's County.

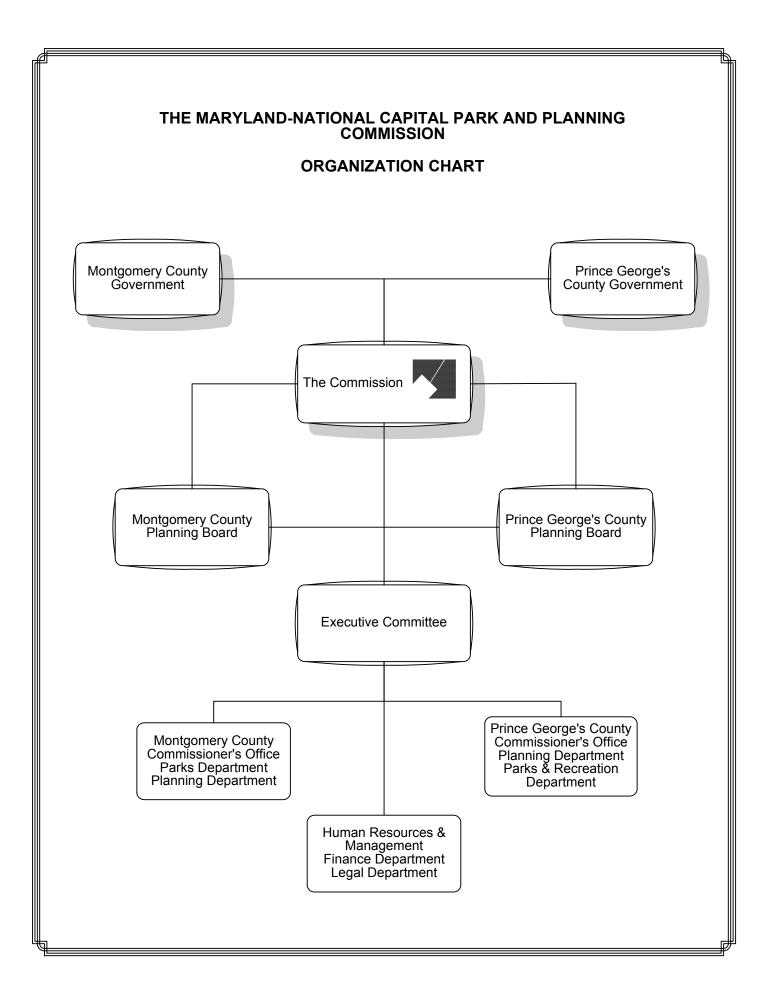
Responsibility for public recreation in Prince George's County and the County Recreation Department was transferred to the Commission in July, 1970 as a result of legislative action. This legislation provided that taxes to support recreation be imposed County-wide and that the County Council may require the Commission to institute new recreation programs. The County Executive appoints a Parks and Recreation Advisory Board, which works closely with the Commission in setting policy.

The Commission consists of ten members, five appointed by Montgomery County and five by Prince George's County. In Montgomery County, all five of the Commissioners are appointed by the County Council and confirmed by the County Executive. Montgomery County Commissioners may not be appointed for more than two consecutive terms. In Prince George's County, all five of the Commissioners are appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by the County Council. Each County designates one of its Commissioners for the position of Chairman of their respective Planning Board. The Commission elects one of such designees as its Chairman and the other as its Vice-Chairman. Under the Commission's rules of procedure, the Chairmanship and Vice-Chairmanship of the Commission rotate annually between the two designees. Terms of office are staggered and no more than three members from each County may belong to the same political party.

The Commission coordinates and acts on matters of interest to both Counties. Two regional offices are maintained, one in each County. The Commission meets once each month regularly, the site of the meetings alternating between the two regional offices. The members of the Commission from each County serve as separate Planning Boards to facilitate, review and administer the matters affecting only their respective County. To carry out their functions, the County Planning Boards meet at least once a week. The County Councils set priorities for the Planning Boards' park and planning operations through their annual determination and periodic review of the Commission's operating and capital improvement budgets and work programs.

The Commission administers a park system that currently contains over 61,000 acres. It is composed of stream-valley parks, large regional parks, neighborhood parks and park-school recreational areas. Its staff consists of over 2,218 career employees - planners, park and recreation administrators, park police and administrative staff. In addition, it employs approximately 5,460 seasonal workers, primarily for its numerous park and recreation programs.

The operating and administrative functions of the Commission are financed primarily by property taxes levied for the Commission by the two Counties. The Commission has the authority to sell general obligation bonds to fund approved park acquisition and development projects.





FY 2009 PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

In fiscal year 2009, The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC) fulfilled its mission to provide top-quality land use through planning and parks and recreation services to the citizens of Prince George's and Montgomery Counties, while also assisting both County governments in dealing with economically challenging times. As the only five-time gold medal winner for excellence in parks and recreation in the United States and one of only 78 agencies in the country accredited by the Commission for Accreditation of Park and Recreation Agencies (CAPRA), M-NCPPC continued to receive national recognition for its programs from a variety of professional organizations, including the American Planning Association and the Maryland Recreation and Parks Association. In 2009, this national recognition was enhanced through the CAPRA re-accreditation process and by re-accreditation of the Prince George's County division of the Maryland National Capital Park Police by the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc. (CALEA). During the fiscal year, M-NCPPC continued to build on its record of accomplishment and leadership, while positioning itself to move forward and meet future challenges by adopting new ideas and approaches to community collaboration. Increased emphasis was placed on community outreach, including re-vamped interactive web-based communications. Marketing efforts were directed toward specific groups including seniors, youth, families, ethnic and immigrant populations, and those with special interests and needs. Prince George's County Department of Parks and Recreation newest venture, "Parks and Recreation: 2010 and Beyond", is designed to help develop a strategic plan for where the Department, its programs and facilities should be headed in 2010 and An ambitious and wide-ranging community visioning exercise. "Envision Prince George's". spearheaded by the Prince George's County Planning Department, was begun and will help determine the directions in which the County will proceed. The Montgomery County Planning Department held several listening sessions with the public to develop recommendations for the far-reaching 2009-2011 Growth Policy.

Prince George's County Department of Parks and Recreation

Meeting Customer Needs through Innovative Service: The Department continued to provide comprehensive park and recreation programs as well as county-wide facilities and services. An aggressive bilingual marketing campaign focused on youth to get them involved and give them safe places to meet and enjoy leisure time. The customer base grew to 408,824 individual clients registered in the SMARTlink database, the Customer Service Help Desk expanded as the main portal for resident inquiries and requests for service, and issuance of permits for rental of park buildings, shelters and fields was added to the SMARTlink system. The Active Citizen Response system that tracks and resolves inquiries and requests expanded. Weekly e-mail newsletters, the web site, and community relations outreach meetings enabled up to date information sharing. Partners 'n Parks continued relationships with IKEA, REI, AARP and the University of Maryland, and grants were received from state and national organizations.

Enhancing the Park System: Staff used the geographic information system (GIS) and project management software to effectively manage 26,752 acres of parkland and oversee the planning, design, and construction of capital projects. New initiatives included a strategic land acquisition program, and staff training in team building and project management. New construction included: the Potomac River Waterfront Park, the "green" Vansville Community Center, and the Sportsplex concession and restroom. Major renovations were completed at South Bowie and Upper Marlboro Community Centers, and the Gwendolyn Britt Senior Activity Center. Construction is in progress on the Fort Washington Forest Community Center. Six park buildings and 10 park sites were renovated, and 10 playgrounds were replaced. Program Open Space provided \$2.73 million for park acquisition, and a Department of Aging grant of \$415,000 will be utilized at the to-be-built Beltsville/Laurel Senior Activity Center.

Planning and Providing Recreational Opportunities for All: Over 21,000 youth enrolled in summer camps, playgrounds and teen centers, with community partners providing funding for 150 children needing assistance. More than 200 sports teams played in tournaments, and sports leagues attracted more than 30,000 participants. The 27th-annual Washington Area Metropolitan Youth Super Bowl was held at the Prince George's Sports & Learning Complex, and the Maryland Maniacs Arena Football continued at The Show Place Arena. Youth enrolled in record numbers in the First Tee golf program. The new Health and Wellness Operation and programs like the family walking program were initiated. Free summer concerts at numerous parks and facilities delighted thousands, and thousands more enjoyed events such as Festival Hispano, the Festival of Nations, Kinderfest, Juneteenth, *A Save the Block Party!*, in conjunction with the National Community Reinvestment Coalition, the Jug Bay 10K run/walk, the Beltway BBQ Showdown, and the Festival of Lights at Watkins Regional Park.

Serving the County's Youth: With the Youth Action Plan as a guide, diverse programming and positive experiences and opportunities were offered, including free ID cards, the free late-night Safe Summer program, the Xtreme Teens program, the award-winning Café Groove, the Positive Pathways Program for pre-teens, and the "Talk Up, Not Down" residency camp serving at-risk youth. Service to Latino youth included the third successful Quinceanera. The Prince George's Employees' Child Care Center and the facility at Glenridge Elementary School were accredited by the Maryland State Department of Education. Lunches were served to needy children at 77 summer program sites, and pre-school, before- and after- care, and Kids' Day Out programs continued at facilities countywide. A pilot program for the Headquarters for United Benefits program was offered at Kentland Community Center, part of the vision to make M-NCPPC facilities the "HUB" of community activities and provide a rounded offering of County social services.

Supporting Arts and Cultural Heritage: New programs and performances were successfully launched at the Department's three full-time arts centers, resulting in record class registrations and revenue. The popular annual Black History Month celebration continued, with the Expressions of a People festival attracting a record number. Montpelier Arts Center expanded programs in new classrooms, sold out its ever popular jazz series, and released its 6th CD, on the Jazzmont label. *Expressions: Talk Up Not Down* overnight camp attracted teens from throughout the County, and culminated in a compelling performance. Historic rental properties were heavily booked despite the economic down turn, and a research study on building rental clientele during non-peak hours supported a "one-stop" shopping concept to provide more expansive services to meet business and non-profit needs. Prince George's Equestrian Center activities increased by 10 percent, and the Show Place Arena won industry recognition with the prestigious Prime Site Award.

Preserving and Protecting Natural and Historical Resources: To help youth experience the outdoors and grow an appreciation for the environment, partnerships and grants were used to offer naturalist-led opportunities and programs. Innovative educational programs continued at museums, nature centers, waterfront parks and natural areas. Special events, conservation and reforestation projects, river and stream valley clean-ups, and continued partnerships led to environmental improvements. Outdoor recreation opportunities expanded through cooperative projects like the Patuxent Water Trail. Awareness of African American history was raised through cooperative efforts with the African American Heritage Preservation Group. Stewardship of historic sites included maintenance, restoration and stabilization projects. Partnerships with organizations including the: Patuxent River Keepers, Anacostia Watershed Society, Prince George's Historical Society, Patuxent 4-H Foundation, and Boy and Girl Scouts of America helped promote, protect and restore the County's rich natural and historical heritage

Keeping Parks Secure: The Park Police ensured the safety of patrons using sophisticated technologies including Mobile Data Terminals, in-car digital video cameras, T-3 all-terrain vehicles and remote digital video surveillance equipment. The Community Services Unit prepared activities and programs to better serve patrons, the canine program helped combat crime, a new unit patrolled the Potomac River Waterfront Community Park and Potomac Heritage Trails across the Woodrow Wilson Bridge, and officers participated in regional area task forces to combat drug abuse and trafficking and to address gang problems. Park Police Community Volunteer Academy (PPVA) members continued to assist with services like free fingerprinting and Park Watch, and several trained as Community Emergency Response Team (CERT) members. In 2008, the President's Council on Service and Civic Participation awarded the Gold Unit Presidential Service Award to the PPVA for their activities.

Maintaining Parks and Facilities: The Maintenance and Development Division undertook a major Infrastructure and Inventory Assessment of its park structures, inspecting 150 sites to identify current conditions and obtain life cycle replacement information for planning and budgeting purposes. Various repairs and renovations were completed. A new online work order system improved communication in the field and provided valuable feedback on the status of each of the more than 5,000 requests received annually. Fleet Management completed more than 6,600 work orders, continued upgrades to Commission fuel sites to comply with environmental regulations, and planned for replacement of the current fuel management system with a new more efficient system to more accurately account for fuel consumption. More than 60 vehicles were replaced with newer, more fuel efficient models and hybrids to help improve air quality throughout the metropolitan region. The Department continued to partner with the County by maintaining four primary routes in hazardous snow and ice conditions.

Prince George's County Planning Department

Communicating with the Public: The Planning Department was the lead agency in hosting the Second Economic Outlook Forum: Securing Prince George's County's Place in the Shifting Economic Landscape. This collaborative outreach engaged nearly 300 people in a communitywide dialogue on the economic vitality and future direction of the

county and was used to launch *Envision Prince George's*, a major community visioning project. *Envision Prince George's* released its first newsletter at the end of the fiscal year, with wide distribution to an estimated 5,000, and inserted information in the quarterly Guide publication of the Department of Parks and Recreation, reaching an estimated 200,000. In collaboration with the University of Maryland, Morgan State University and Maryland Department of Planning, a Planning 101 educational session for approximately 130 municipal and other officials was convened to enhance knowledge and participation in planning processes and decisions. Staff and urban planners from other organizations provided an orientation to social studies teachers in the County School System on land-use planning and information tools designed to facilitate understanding and use of urban planning as a curriculum in the classroom.

Planning for Quality Communities: In FY09, work continued on Master Plans, Sectional Map Amendments (SMAs), Zoning Map Amendments (ZMAs), specialized planning studies, and Planning Assistance to Municipalities and Communities (PAMC) projects. Community planning projects included: adopting the Sub region 5, Sub region 6, and Marlboro Pike Master Plans and SMAs, and completing the Upper Marlboro Revitalization Action Plan. Consultant work continued on the following studies: County Housing Affordability; Trends and Current Status of the County Workforce Housing Market; Industrial and Employment Land Needs; the Regional Economic Development Incentives Strategic Plan and Best Practices Survey; and the International Office and Warehouse Business Incubator Facility Feasibility Study. Staff completed the preliminary Landover Gateway Sector Plan and SMA and the Port Towns Sector Plan and SMA. In addition the following plans were completed and await Planning Board and District Council approval: Takoma/Langley Crossroads Sector Plan; Glenn Dale-Seabrook-Lanham Sector Plan and SMA; Bowie State University MARC Station Sector Plan and SMA; New Carrollton Metro Station Transit District Development Plan; and the Sub region 4 Master Plan/SMA. Work also continued on the functional plan for Historic Sites and Districts; Central US 1 Corridor Sector Plan and SMA; New Mixed-Use Zoning Tools Project; Central Kenilworth Avenue Revitalization Study; and Westphalia Public Facilities Implementation Study, and contracts were let for the Central Annapolis Road Sector Plan and SMA and the City of Mount Rainer MUTC.

Providing for Public Facilities and Services: Staff members provided public facility technical support for all active master plans. Staff also assisted the Fire/EMS Department with a study of population density by First Due stations, assisted the Board of Education with the annual Educational Faculties Master Plan, coordinated the Planning Department's analysis for the Water and Sewer Plan Amendment cycles, and provided the Memorial Library System with information on internet usage in the public libraries. Staff conducted and presented the final results of a Solid Waste Transfer Station Siting Criteria and Public Participation Project.

Developing Efficient Transportation Systems: Studies for the Purple Line and the US 301 Waldorf Area continued. Public workshops on the Countywide Master Plan of Transportation (MPOT) were concluded and the plan was drafted. The Preliminary MPOT was adopted by the Planning Board. Support was provided to the County's Bicycle and Trail Advisory Group, the Transit Services and Operations Plan, the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) impact study, the Transportation Planning Board Technical Committee, and Bicycle/Pedestrian Subcommittee. In addition, staff processed 24 traffic impact studies for development activities. A consultant study to develop Alternative Adequate Public Transportation Facilities Requirements and Review Procedures to address traffic congestion in targeted growth centers and corridors was initiated.

Preserving and Protecting the Environment and Historic Properties: The Countywide Green Infrastructure Plan was implemented through review of land development applications, and updating of various master and sector plans. Staff assisted with development and implementation of a GIS model for floodplain analysis, and revised proposed legislation and a technical manual for the Woodland Conservation Ordinance based on public comment. Development review activities focused on use of natural resource inventories, and archeological review of subdivision applications continued. The Water Resources Functional Master Plan was initiated and work continued on the: Postbellum Archeological Resources Guide; Historic Properties Database Update; African American Historic Inventory Development; and Environmental Standards for Historic Properties projects. The Historic Sites and Districts Plan Amendment were initiated, and the Ante-Bellum Plantation Research Guide and List of Free Blacks were finalized. Staff supported the Historic Properties Grant Committee by reviewing and field surveying applications; 16 applications were approved and awards successfully signed. Staff provided reports and recommendations to the County's Historic Preservation Commission on development cases, Historic Area Work Permits, and Preservation Tax Credit applications.

Information Technology Advancements: Several new projects were initiated in FY09. The GIS Section executed contracts to acquire 2009 color aerial photography and a new countywide topography layer, to add several years of historical aerial imagery to the GIS database and to acquire professional services to help the Department create the

capacity to perform 3D GIS analysis. A major upgrade in document management software was initiated that will convert our existing image storage and delivery system to a web-based environment. This will improve internal network efficiency and make access to the document database over the Internet feasible. Final delivery of these products and services are expected in FY10.

Promoting Responsible Development: Staff reviewed and analyzed several hundred applications for zoning map amendments, special exceptions, conceptual and detailed site plans, and preliminary and final plats of subdivision, along with over 10,500 permits, and provided expert professional advice to decision-makers. Several development proposals were approved in major transportation corridors, including: the Konterra Town Center, detailed site plan for mixed-use development comprising 2,161 multifamily dwellings, 2.2M square feet of retail and office space, and 300 hotel rooms located along the I-95 corridor; and the Westphalia Center conceptual site plan for 5,000 dwelling units, 1.4M square feet of retail space, 4.5M square feet of office space and 600 hotel rooms, located northeast of Pennsylvania Avenue (MD 4) and Westphalia Road. In addition, major improvements to the development review process were initiated with extensive public outreach efforts to comprehensively update the Zoning Ordinance, Subdivision Regulations, and Landscape Manual.

Montgomery County Department of Parks

Park Projects and Acquisitions: Acquisitions reached near record-breaking levels as the Department acquired for nearly 247 acres of parkland in FY09. Acquisitions included land for Upper Paint Branch Stream Valley, Fenton Street Urban Park, Piedmont Crossing Local Park, and Black Hill Regional Park. Projects completed in FY09 include: Fit-out of Community Center at Wisconsin Place, Broad Acres Local Park, Matthew Henson Trail, Lake Needwood Dam Remediation, Pope Farm Utilities Upgrade, Ballfield Lighting at Olney Manor Recreational Park, Stream Restoration Projects at Hoyles Mill Road, Waverly-Schuylkill Local Park and Pennyfield Boat Ramp. The Wheaton tennis facility opened in January 2009. The \$1.7 million project replaced the outer fabric and installed a new heating and air conditioning system and better florescent lighting. Opening day festivities were attended by over 400 patrons.

Reduced Expenditures: Funding has not kept pace with the growing number of parks and acreage maintained by the Department. In an effort to do more with less, the Department has implemented a number of cost-saving measures, such as implementing a retirement incentive plan, freezing non-critical positions, and narrowing the focus to the most mission-critical tasks. Parks officials have used non-career staffing, where appropriate, increasing the use of seasonal staff, job corps, volunteers, interns, and multi-cultural youth summer job initiatives. In addition, officials began maintenance efficiency measures, including: Designated no-mow areas, removal of trash cans at local park ball fields during non-peak months, changes in landscaping and horticultural programs, third-party charges for special events, and fleet reductions and energy efficient replacements of vehicles and equipment, including bio-diesel vehicles. Park Police implemented Intelligence Led Policing, a new approach to deploy resources to problem areas before they become crime hotspots. The strategies analyze crime reports and call for service, citizen input, and Park Police and employee observations to identify and target areas with the most activity. This puts more officers in targeted areas during targeted times. A new Rolling Roll Call has also been instituted, allowing officers to begin their shifts directly on their assigned beats instead of reporting to a designated location, saving time, fuel and vehicle usage. Most importantly, officers are able to provide more direct patrol time within their assigned beats.

The Energy Management Program has reduced consumption since 2004 by focusing on implementing projects that reduce energy consumption. The projected reduction in energy consumption reduction for FY09 is 9 percent or about \$148,900 below budget. The cumulative consumption reduction savings (not including the avoided costs) over the five year period has been \$1,516,000.

The Recycling and Solid Waste Management Program has increased recycling rates from 32 percent in 2003 to 68 percent in 2009. The Water Conservation Program reduced consumption since 2004 by 18 percent and focused on implementing programs and projects with a long-term goal to reduce potable water usage for irrigation by 50 percent by 2015. The projected overall reduction in costs in FY09 is estimated to be \$28,900. Staff implemented water conservation programs such as the installation of waterless urinals in selected park facilities especially at remote locations.

The Green Parks and Facilities Management Program assesses major facilities to determine steps required to meet U.S. Green Building Council Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design (LEED®) Green Building Rating System for commercial existing and new buildings. Based on the energy management program consumption reductions over

the past five years and the initial improvements in the energy efficiency of the transportation fleet in FY09, green house gas emissions have been reduced by an estimated 7.1 percent, which is the equivalent of 1,014 tons in CO², SO², NOx, and Hg emissions.

Protect and Interpret Cultural Resources: Rehabilitation of historic structures has progressed steadily in FY09. The Seneca Stone Barn, a rare stone stable, was restored to its original appearance after years of being on the verge of collapse. The Zeigler Log House was restored to reveal two hidden log rooms from 1823. The Josiah Henson Site (formerly "Uncle Tom's Cabin") continues to attract hundreds of visitors at its special events. An adjacent property was acquired to expand what had been a one-acre park. Moreover, the Department secured a \$100,000 Save America's Treasures grant to plan for the permanent exhibition and opening of this site to the public. The Underground Railroad Experience Trail and Oakley Cabin continue to attract regular visitors and provide special events during the year. The Department has just been awarded a \$50,000 Maryland Heritage Areas Authority Grant to professionalize the interpretation at the Underground Railroad Experience Trail and Oakley Cabin.

New Program Initiatives: The Community Garden Program promotes the growing of local produce, healthy living and fosters social interaction within the community. The program uses existing park land, resources and funding to create neighborhood gardening sites. In May 2009, a pilot garden site was established in Takoma Park. Thirty-three plots were offered to the neighborhood and County residents for vegetable gardening. The program provides each community garden site with physical amenities, garden oversight throughout the year and occasional weekend education programs. Three additional community garden sites will be open in early September for fall planting.

No Child Left Inside (NCLI) promotes outdoor experiences that connect children and teens to nature. Using existing resources, this program supports ongoing opportunities for children to enjoy, learn about and care for the natural world. Numerous classes, workshops and activities are provided daily at historical and archeology sites, nature centers, and public gardens. Partnerships have been developed with Montgomery County Public Schools encouraging science teachers to use nearby parks as outdoor classrooms. Natural playgrounds are being created to encourage children to use their imaginations. In the fall of 2009, a NCLI youth leadership program is being initiated for teens.

Partnerships and Grants: The Partnership and Grants program continues to grow. During FY09, we completed the Linda Weiner Memorial, a landscaped hiker/biker trail and rest area with benches, a water fountain, and dedication plaque on the Capital Crescent Trail in Bethesda. Linda Weiner was a Bethesda school teacher who died of cancer. The \$110,000 cost of the project came from private donations. The Wu Wei Tai Chi Club received approval from the Parks Commission on May 29 to construct a Tai Chi Court in Cabin John Regional Park. The estimated project construction cost of \$75,000 will come from private contributions. The Grants and Donations programs received \$878,121 in FY09 -- \$843,330 in grants and \$34,791 in donations from individuals, associations, corporations and partners for commemorative gifts and approved projects.

Montgomery County Planning Department

The Department's accomplishments in FY09 reflect a continued commitment to advancing key projects that reflect the priorities of the residents of Montgomery County.

Rethinking zoning: The Planning Department advanced a multi-year effort to reorganize, revise, and simplify the county Zoning Code to make it easier to use. In FY09, the Department concluded its discovery phase, which diagnosed problems with the zoning code and began to address solutions. A Zoning Discovery report, which staff delivered to a County Council committee in January, recommends ways to restructure to fewer, more meaningful districts, better accommodate sustainable change, and create consistency in land use regulations. The Planning Board convened an advisory panel to work with staff on the project and planners met several times with that group.

Master planning: In FY09, the Planning Board and its professional planning staff completed one of its most productive years in community planning. The Board finished its draft of the Germantown Sector Plan and sent it to the County Council, Moreover, the Board held work sessions on the White Flint Sector Plan and the Gaithersburg West Master Plan to finalize them early in the next fiscal year. Planners finished and delivered the Georgia Avenue Concept Study, finalized a draft of the Housing Functional Master Plan and secured approval of the Wheaton Limited Master Plan Amendment.

Growth Policy: Planners worked throughout FY09 to draft a 2009-2011 Growth Policy focused on sustainable growth for transmittal early in FY10. To better align the Growth Policy with critical issues like climate change, staff incorporated measures of sustainability for energy efficiency and production, environmental conservation, connectivity, diversity, and design. Above all, the growth policy will encourage ways to foster the kind of quality neighborhoods our residents want.

Housing Montgomery: Planners finalized a set of recommendations to revise the Housing Element of the General Plan. The plan will link housing to community more clearly than has been done in the past, guiding communities toward providing a continuum of residency and identifying design changes, legislative reform, and social supports. Starting with a GIS-based inventory of housing and related data, such as home size, year built, assessment, rents, etc., staff held a series of public work sessions hosted by the Board on various aspects of housing. The process will culminate with the Board reviewing proposed revisions to the housing-related goals in the General Plan for County Council review in FY10.

Keeping Montgomery County Moving: As the County's source of transportation forecasting and analysis, the Department continued to adopt the best approaches to knowledge-based decision making. Staff completed planning for the Purple Line, Corridor Cities Transitway, and a number of interchange and other transportation projects. The transportation staff's comprehensive report on the proposed Purple Line served as the basis for the county's recommendations on mode and alignment. The report draft advanced with input from a citizens' advisory committee that met with staff for more than a year. Staff completed a final draft of the ICC Limited Functional Master Plan: Bikeways and Interchanges.

Regulatory Caseload: Development review staff analyzed applications and coordinated comments from other divisions and agencies to prepare staff reports for the board on development proposals. Many of the projects continued to be complex and require innovative solutions to promote public goals like infill development.

Speaker Series: The Planning Board ran another year of its popular speaker series, attracting experts in the field to bring a variety of topical issues, from green building to storm water management, to the board, staff, and the general public. The series serves as way for professionals such as architects and planners to receive credits for continuing education, providing a venue to learn new, cutting-edge strategies while reducing the costs of certification maintenance.

2008 Census Update: Research staff conducted the agency's 2008 Census Update Survey last summer, mailing 24,000 surveys to randomly selected households. This is the third household survey conducted this decade providing current estimates of population trends updating the federal 2000 U.S. Census data. The project brought a 50 percent response rate to detailed questions on household demographic data. Information will help us plan appropriate levels of service for transportation, schools, housing, social services, libraries, and parks and inform Montgomery County policymakers as they decide where to allocate valuable resources.

Leaves for Neighborhoods: To achieve a number of environmental goals in its ongoing efforts to "green" Montgomery County, the Department launched a program to encourage residents to plant trees in their yards. Called Leaves for Neighborhoods, the campaign features a coupon valid at participating county nurseries. The \$25 discount off native shade trees worth \$75 or more is intended to increase the county's tree canopy on residential property. The program advertises a \$25 coupon available at the Department's website or at area nurseries and Park and Planning facilities. The campaign is funded by the Montgomery County Forest Conservation Fund, which contains fees from developers in lieu of planting.

Transparent Processes: To continue its efforts to keep the public informed about planning issues the Department continued and perfected its live webcasting of Board meetings. Anyone with a computer can watch the Board in real time – or visit online archives later to view particular actions. Staff continued to refine the MontgomeryPlanning.org website to better highlight Board actions and Department initiatives. Among the new web features are blogs and other direct-feedback methods designed to encourage two-way communication. Communications staff improved the look and content of the weekly e-newsletter, InfoShare, which goes to the e-mail in-boxes of some 3,000 residents every Friday. Staff launched a new cable program, "Growing Right," to highlight three Planning Board projects per month and produced several new episodes of "Montgomery Plans," a cable show that highlights significant planning initiatives in a feature format.

Department of Human Resources and Management

Under the leadership of the Executive Director, the Department of Human Resources and Management (DHRM), provides two basic corporate services: organizational management and human resources. DHRM serves specific statutory functions in budget, personnel and collective bargaining. The Department ensures equity and fairness in employment, takes the lead on best management practices, recommends to and advises both Planning Boards to set and implement Commission policy. The Department also mitigates risk for Commission activities to achieve a safe environment for the Commission employees and patrons.

Human Resources: DHRM administers the Merit System Rules and Regulations, Administrative Practices and Procedures, and collective bargaining agreements that represent employees in the Park Police, the Service/Maintenance Labor, Trades, and Clerical classifications. The Human Resources Information System (HRIS) and the Classification and Compensation Systems integrate with the Commission's financial and timekeeping systems (Performance and Kronos) functions to preserve and safeguard mandatory employment data and documents in a restricted environment. Employee compensation and benefits are implemented according to policy, classification systems and applicable regulations and contracts. A long and short term disability, return-to-work, worker's compensation, and COBRA programs are also managed.

Performance Management and Accountability: The Department seeks various ways to meet the economic and fiscal challenges facing the State and both Counties. In FY09 the Department developed a new model for monthly monitoring of revenue and expenditure trends to serve as an early warning system to manage financial anomalies. Internally for the Department, an activity-based-costing was initiated in FY09 with a new labor tracking system and program budget. The information will be used to present input and output metrics, request resources by true cost of operations and develop alternative methods for service delivery.

Streamlining for Affordability and Efficiency: In FY09, DHRM, Legal, and Finance eliminated 11 fleet vehicles by and outsourcing vehicle supply and implementing a reporting system to save the Commission over \$10,000 annually. The facility for Central Administrative Services, the Kenilworth Office Building, underwent evaluation for major maintenance needs and going green options to keep asset current and marketable. The occupancy cost per square foot was restructured through careful management to keep competitive with the commercial rental market. The Centralized Information Technology unit was merged with the Finance Information Technology Division in the Department of Finance. Centralized records management and archival was evaluated and began the moved toward eliminating outdated microfiche and file storage systems.

Program Improvements: The Recruitment function is a de/centralized cooperative service operated through a structured and closely monitored on-line tracking system. The expedited process has brought the average days to hire time from well over 100 days down to approximately 67 days. The goal of 60 days or less will be reached in FY10 and exceeds local and national standards.

Recognition of Excellence in Business and Results: The Budget and Management Office has continuously received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officer's Association (GFOA) for its annual submission for 22 consecutive years. Human Resources has also received the Workplace Excellence Seal of Approval award five times from the Alliance for Workplace Excellence. This prestigious award is given only to those employers with diverse and rich employee programs and policies supporting family and environmental issues.

Department of Finance

The Department of Finance provides fiscal management and oversight of all Commission financial activities. Services of the Department include: providing financial guidance to operating departments; financial reporting and policy development; processing of payroll, disbursements and purchasing transactions; investment management; debt issuance; internal audit; and information systems management.

Corporate Financial Management: In FY09, the Department coordinated the sale of \$13.6 million Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Bonds of which \$8.4 million were refunding bonds. As a result of the refunding, a net present value savings of \$724,869 will be realized. The remaining portion of the sale, \$5.2 million will be used to acquire land for parks, to develop new parks, and to improve existing parks in Montgomery County. The

Department provided financial guidance to operating departments on proposed and existing public, private partnerships, funding approaches for various projects, and long –term fiscal strategy.

Safeguarding of Commission Assets: Fiscal year 2009 was a busy year for the Department of Finance's Audit Division. In order to provide a road map for the audit activity and to comply with The Institute of Internal Auditors' standards, the Audit Division Charter was developed which defines the purpose, authority, and responsibility of the Audit Division. In accordance with the external auditor's recommendations and best industry practices, a revision was made to the Division's risk assessment plan. Based on this plan, top-down risk assessments were conducted on the Investment & Cash Management Division, Finance IT Division, Payroll Operations and the Montgomery County IT Operation. Several recommendations were made for improvements. In order to help the Internal Audit staff members ensure the high quality audits in diverse environments, the Audit Division developed and maintains a full range of audit guidance in compliance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) and provided training for staff internal auditors about best practices for preventing and detecting contract and procurement fraud, interview techniques, professional audit report writing in compliance with GAGAS and conducting internal investigations. The Division has successfully issued several recommendations and completed several special investigations as well as multiple operational and financial audits. The Investments and Treasury Operations Division preserved all operating capital although investment earnings decreased due to the continued turmoil in the nation's credit markets. Operating efficiencies (timeliness and reduced paper consumption) were achieved through greater reliance on electronic communication.

Automating/Streamlining Efforts: The Department has begun a project to replace its outdated financial system software product with a new enterprise resource planning (ERP) system. The Department has received several proposals, with the expectation of award and the start of implementation in early calendar year 2010. This new system will greatly enhance the toolset available to our operating departments and allow for enhanced financial analysis and program budgeting, along with better access to financial information. The Accounting Division set up an accounts payable e-mail for receiving statements and invoices electronically. A Performance Measures process was implemented in the area of procurement. A new purchase order database was developed and the current contract routing database was modified to generate reports that would identify procurement processing timelines and quality of service. A customer survey was issued to assess the quality of service. These efforts will assist in developing process improvements and better procurement planning.

Outreach to Minority, Female and Disabled Vendors: The Department's Purchasing Division continues to expand its outreach efforts in trade and procurement events. The events reflect the increasing diversity of the two Counties. The Commission achieved an MFD utilization rate of 32.6% which equated to \$39.3 million of procurement with MFD firms.

Information Systems Support: The Department's IT Division continues to provide management and support primarily for the financial, human resources, and payroll systems which include separate Internet and ATM Wide-Area Network connections to ensure business continuity for all critical applications and resources. During FY09, major efforts included: finalizing a Finance Disaster Recovery Plan, expanding KRONOS timekeeping system to all salaried employees; expansion and upgrade for the remote access and telework applications; upgrade of firewall to include content and deep packet inspection, upgrade of Faser to EnergyCAP; development and implementation of a comprehensive security awareness program; upgrade and re-hosting of MNCPPC.org including a new web content management system; piloted a records retention system for all past CAFR and ERS financial documents; expansion, and replication of the storage area network architecture to a new warmsite and as part of our disaster recovery plan

Financial Reporting: For the 36th consecutive year, the Commission received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada for the FY08 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), prepared by the Finance Department.

Office of General Counsel

Office of the General Counsel (Legal Department) provides a comprehensive program of legal services to the Commission, supporting virtually every facet of the Commission's work program. The Office guides the Commission's internal corporate operations; advises staff and the Planning Boards as they navigate their important quasi-judicial and regulatory responsibilities; advocates on the Commission's behalf in litigation before the state and federal courts; and

participates in cross-functional teams assembled periodically to develop creative solutions to new challenges facing the Commission.

Protecting the Public Interest in Litigation: The Commission is represented by the Office of the General Counsel in the varied forums of today's legal environment, including: state and federal courts, administrative agency hearings, and regulatory investigations. At the onset of FY09, the Office of the General Counsel was actively involved in 35 court cases carrying over from FY08. Over the course of FY09, the Legal Department managed 38 new courts cases, resolved 43 court cases, and closed the fiscal year with 30 active court cases.

Enhancing the Stewardship of Public Funds Through More Effective Contracting: The Legal Department's Transactions Practice Team (TPT) provides an efficient structure to coordinate and manage legal support in both counties by integrating the service delivery for both the Montgomery County Department of Parks and the Prince George's County Department of Parks and Recreation. To date, our coordination has helped create efficiencies by developing consistent policies and standard documents utilized now on a Commission-wide basis to transact the leasing of park houses, deeds of dedication for public use, and third-party concession agreements.

Building our Quality of Life – One Transaction at a Time: Commission attorneys represented staff and the Planning Boards in the negotiation and development of dozens of complex agreements and memoranda of understanding. Notable transactions handled recently include the Legal Department's role in serving as a key advisor on the negotiation of a sublease between the Commission and Dimensions Health Corporation for the construction of a Commission facility known as the Laurel Beltsville Senior Center (Senior Center) on the campus of Laurel Regional Hospital in Laurel, Maryland. The Senior Center will be a state of the art facility, devoted to serving the recreational needs of seniors in Prince George's County.

Legislative Advocacy: The Office of the General Counsel continued its role as the Commission's liaison to the Maryland General Assembly, successfully championing legislation which provided the Commission with a statutory seat on the State-wide *Bicycle and Pedestrian Advisory Committee*. The *Committee* advises state agencies in matters related to the funding of bicycle and pedestrian related activities and programs, public education and awareness of bicycling and pedestrian safety, in addition to, any other issue directly related to bicycling and pedestrians. Working with the Commission-wide *Legislative Management Team*, the OGC monitored a total of 144 local and statewide bills of interest to the Commission. These bills covered a variety of areas, from land use and environmental matters, to the creation of business improvement districts and comprehensive whistleblower protections.

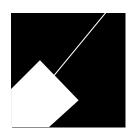
Merit System Board

The Merit System Board is an impartial Board, which provides recommendations and decisions regarding the Merit System of the Commission and is the highest level within the Commission for hearing appeals. During FY09, the Board continued to maintain its caseload on a current and timely basis.

Employees' Retirement System

The Employees' Retirement System (ERS), administered by an 11-member Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Trust Agreement between the Board and the Commission, is a contributory defined benefit pension system with four plans, qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The administrative operations are the responsibility of the ERS Staff and Board-appointed Administrator, who reports directly to the Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

The ERS obtained its latest determination letter on July 31, 2003, in which the Internal Revenue Service stated that the ERS is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and the related trust is tax exempt. ERS Trust Fund net assets closed the year with a fair market value in excess of \$452 million. The FY09 annualized rate of return on investments was -19.16%. The Board of Trustees actions for the year included replacing the small-mid cap growth equity manager; engaging two long duration bond managers; adopting a revised asset allocation policy; establishing a separate audit committee; adopting an emerging manager policy; and continuous comprehensive communications to all members which included an Annual Report, a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and conducting educational workshops for participants.



• PART IIA •

FINANCIAL SECTION

Basic Financial Statements



Cyclists and hikers can now cross the Potomac River from Maryland to Virginia using the new trail along the Woodrow Wilson Bridge.



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Riverdale, Maryland

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commission as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2009, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

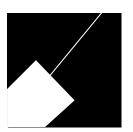


The management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress as referenced in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the introductory section, combining statements and schedules section, and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules section have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Clifton Gunderson LLP

Baltimore, Maryland November 4, 2009



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As the management of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission ("the Commission"), we offer readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in a defined Metropolitan District of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County.

The major source of funding for the Commission's primary services are five property taxes levied on an individual County basis:

Montgomery County

Administration tax - general administration and planning Park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds

Prince George's County

Administration tax - general administration and planning Park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds Recreation tax - the recreation program

Five separate accounts are maintained within the General Fund to account for the Commission's primary services. Revenues and expenditures that can be specifically identified with a county are recorded in the appropriate account. Expenses that apply to both counties are allocated to the appropriate accounts. Debt is issued on a county basis, not for the Commission as a whole. General obligation debt is guaranteed by the Commission and by the county government for which the proceeds will be expended. Due to this unique arrangement, certain financial information provided in this discussion and analysis, as well as in the summaries presented in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, has been provided by county to reflect the financing constraints within each county. Other funds and accounts are maintained on a Commission-wide or on a separate county basis as necessary and appropriate.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2009 by \$854.2 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$283.9 million may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations.
- The Commission's net assets grew by \$62.1 million during fiscal year 2009. This is largely a result of: pay-as-you-go funds of \$59.6 million in the Prince George's Capital Projects Fund which has not been spent, \$20.5 million of capital grants and contributions, receipt of property taxes (\$15.3 million) in excess of the budget, offset by debt principal payments of \$22.1 million, the increase in the OPEB liability of \$10.6 million and increase to compensated absences of \$1.7 million.
- In fiscal year 2008 the Commission implemented GASB statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". Implementing this statement required reporting accrual basis information related to retiree benefits, which previously were reported on a pay-as-you-go basis. Because the Commission is phasing into full funding of the actuarially calculated contribution for these benefits, which contribution must be recorded as an expense, a liability of \$20.4 million has been recognized on the Commission's Statement of Net Assets, including \$.9 million in the Business-type activities. For more information, see note 5E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.
- As of June 30, 2009, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$289.0 million, an increase of \$36.9 million. Of this amount, \$61.2 million is reserved for contracts already issued (encumbrances) and \$38.2 million is designated for use in the fiscal year 2010 budget, for future facilities costs and as contingency reserves.

- The Commission's General Fund balance at June 30, 2009 was \$143.6 million, a decrease of \$7.1 million during the year. The unreserved fund balance of \$112.1 million is approximately 29.4% of fiscal year 2009 expenditures and transfers out. Of this amount, \$74.0 million (19.4% of fiscal year 2009 expenditures and transfers out) is unreserved and undesignated.
- The Prince George's County Capital Projects Fund balance at June 30, 2009 was \$136.1 million, an increase of \$48.1 million. The unreserved fund balance of \$120.2 million has grown through a combination of unspent bond proceeds of \$10.1 million, and major pay-as-you-go funding, which was \$61.2 million in fiscal year 2009.
- The Montgomery County Capital Projects Fund balance at June 30, 2009 was \$3.2 million, a decrease of \$2.4 million. The unreserved fund deficit of \$9.9 million results from a combination of a delayed bond sale, and reserves for encumbrances for long-term contracts, many of which will be funded when expended by reimbursements by Montgomery County Government or by reimbursable grants.
- The assets of the enterprise funds exceeded liabilities by \$79.3 million, a decrease of \$2.9 million. The Prince George's Enterprise Fund had a loss of \$2.7 million and the Montgomery Enterprise Fund had a loss of \$.2 million.
- The Commission's bonds and notes payable decreased by \$10.8 million due to scheduled principal payments, an advance and current refunding offset by the refunding debt issue and a new Park Bond issue.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information

Independent Auditors' Report

Provides the opinion of the Independent Auditors on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This supplementary information is required for state and local government financial statements, and is intended to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Provides information on governmental and business-type activities of the Commission.

Exhibits 1 and 2.

Fund Financial Statements

Provides information on the financial position of specific funds of the Commission.

Exhibits 3 to 11.

Notes to Financial Statements

Provides a summary of significant accounting policies and related disclosures. **Following Exhibit 11.**

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Commission's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Commission that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Commission include General Government, County Planning and Zoning, Park Operations and Maintenance, Recreation Programs and Interest on Long-term Debt. The business-type activity of the Commission is Recreational and Cultural Facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Commission can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. For both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, reconciliations are provided to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Commission maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Project Funds for each county, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements, Schedules 1 and 2 in the Combining and Individual Statements section of this report.

The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, which is actually adopted as five "accounts" corresponding to the five different property tax levies. A budgetary comparison statement for the total General Fund has been provided as Exhibit 6, and summaries for each account are included in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as Exhibits 3 - 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Commission maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Commission uses enterprise funds to account for Montgomery County's and Prince George's County's Recreational and Cultural Facilities.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Commission's various functions. The Commission uses internal service funds to account for Montgomery County's Capital Equipment, Employee Benefits and Risk Management and Prince George's County's Capital Equipment, Executive Office Building, Employee Benefits, and Risk Management, and Commission-wide Initiatives. As these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each county's Recreational and Cultural Facilities, both of which are considered to be major funds of the Commission. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements, Schedules 7 - 9 in the Combining and Individual Statements Section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found as Exhibits 7 - 9 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Commission uses fiduciary funds to account for the Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust, Postemployment Benefit Trust, and Private Purpose Trusts for each county, and two agency funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Commission's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary financial statements can be found as Exhibits 10 and 11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Commission has also included financial statements for each county's portion of the governmental funds financial statements to reflect the relationship between the financing sources and responsibility for debt. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found following Exhibit 11 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Commission's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceeded liabilities by \$854.2 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A summary of the Commission's net assets follows:

| Summary of Net Assets (millions) June 30, 2009 and 2008 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------|----------------|-------|--------------------------|------|-------|------|----|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| 5 and 55, 25 55 and 255 5 | | | | | | | | | | | Total Percentage | | |
| | Go | vernmen | tal Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total | | | Change | | | |
| | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 | 2008-2009 |
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ | 391.7 | \$ | 343.6 | \$ | 5.9 | \$ | 6.5 | \$ | 397.6 | \$ | 350.1 | 13.6% |
| Capital Assets | | 603.2 | | 570.1 | | 81.8 | | 84.9 | | 685.0 | | 655.0 | 4.6% |
| Total Assets | | 994.9 | | 913.7 | | 87.7 | | 91.4 | | 1,082.6 | 1 | 1,005.1 | 7.7% |
| Liabilities | | | | | | , | | , | | | | | |
| Current Portion of Long-term | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | 30.2 | | 29.4 | | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | 31.6 | | 30.8 | 2.6% |
| Long-term Liabilities | | 143.4 | | 141.9 | | 5.0 | | 5.6 | | 148.4 | | 147.5 | 0.6% |
| Other Liabilities | | 46.4 | | 32.5 | | 2.0 | | 2.2 | | 48.4 | | 34.7 | 39.5% |
| Total Liabilities | | 220.0 | | 203.8 | | 8.4 | | 9.2 | | 228.4 | | 213.0 | 7.2% |
| Net Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net of Related Debt | | 492.9 | | 456.8 | | 77.4 | | 79.4 | | 570.3 | | 536.2 | 6.4% |
| Unrestricted | | 282.0 | | 253.1 | | 1.9 | | 2.8 | | 283.9 | | 255.9 | 10.9% |
| Total Net Assets | \$ | 774.9 | \$ | 709.9 | \$ | 79.3 | \$ | 82.2 | \$ | 854.2 | \$ | 792.1 | 7.8% |

Current and other assets increased by 13.6%, primarily due to an increase in cash and investments resulting from the positive operating results this year and the current revenues dedicated to construction and acquisition that are unspent. Changes in other liabilities were primarily a result of payments due to the Prince George's County Government for support of various programs. Changes in net assets are discussed later.

By far the largest portion of the Commission's net assets of \$570.3 million reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Commission uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Commission's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining balance of \$283.9 million of net assets is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Changes in this balance are discussed later.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

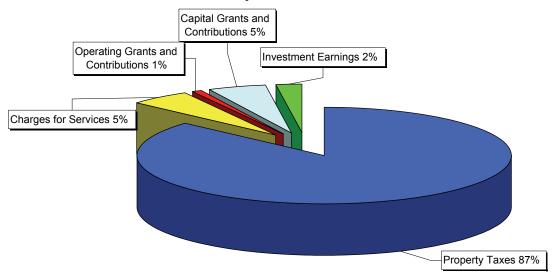
A summary of changes in net assets follows:

| Summary of Changes in Net Assets (in millions) For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 31 41 | Govern | mental | · | ss-type | Total | | Total Percentage Change | | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2008-2009 | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ 21.4 | \$ 21.0 | \$ 18.2 | \$ 18.0 | \$ 39.6 | \$ 39.0 | 1.5% | | |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 3.1 | 3.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.2% | | |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 20.5 | 40.0 | - | - | 20.5 | 40.0 | -48.8% | | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 354.3 | 313.8 | - | - | 354.3 | 313.8 | 12.9% | | |
| Investment Earnings | 9.1 | 13.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 9.2 | 13.9 | -33.8% | | |
| Total Revenues | 408.4 | 391.4 | 18.4 | 18.4 | 426.8 | 409.8 | 4.1% | | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | 18.9 | 17.4 | - | - | 18.9 | 17.4 | 8.6% | | |
| County Planning and Zoning | 60.4 | 48.6 | - | - | 60.4 | 48.6 | 24.3% | | |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | 181.3 | 165.8 | - | - | 181.3 | 165.8 | 9.3% | | |
| Recreation Programs | 68.0 | 52.7 | - | - | 68.0 | 52.7 | 29.0% | | |
| Recreational and Cultural Facilities | - | - | 30.7 | 30.3 | 30.7 | 30.3 | 1.3% | | |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | 5.2 | 5.9 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 5.4 | 6.2 | -12.9% | | |
| Total Expenses | 333.8 | 290.4 | 30.9 | 30.6 | 364.7 | 321.0 | 13.6% | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets Before Transfers | 74.6 | 101.0 | (12.5) | (12.2) | 62.1 | 88.8 | -30.1% | | |
| Transfers | (9.6) | (9.0) | 9.6 | 9.0 | - | - | | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Assets | 65.0 | 92.0 | (2.9) | (3.2) | 62.1 | 88.8 | | | |
| Net Assets - beginning | 709.9 | 617.9 | 82.2 | 85.4 | 792.1 | 703.3 | | | |
| Net Assets - ending | \$ 774.9 | \$ 709.9 | \$ 79.3 | \$ 82.2 | \$ 854.2 | \$ 792.1 | | | |

During the current fiscal year the Commission's net assets increased by \$62.1 million. This is largely a result of: payas-you-go funds of \$59.6 million in the Prince George's Capital Projects Fund which has not been spent, \$20.5 million of capital grants and contributions, growth in property taxes (\$15.3 million) in excess of anticipated, offset by debt principal payments of \$22.1 million, the increase in the OPEB liability of \$10.6 million and increase to compensated absences of \$1.7 million. Investment earnings were lower due to the falling interest rates during the fiscal year. Charges for services decreased in the County Planning and Zoning and in the Park Operations and Maintenance Activities due to the general economic conditions. This was offset by an increase in Charges for Services and Rentals and Concessions activities for Recreation programs.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Commission's net assets by \$65.0 million, thereby accounting for 105% of the total growth in the net assets of the Commission. This increase is primarily attributable to capital grants receipts of \$20.5 million, added to an excess of ongoing revenues over ongoing expenses of \$54.1 million, which were offset by the transfers to business-type activities of \$9.6 million.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



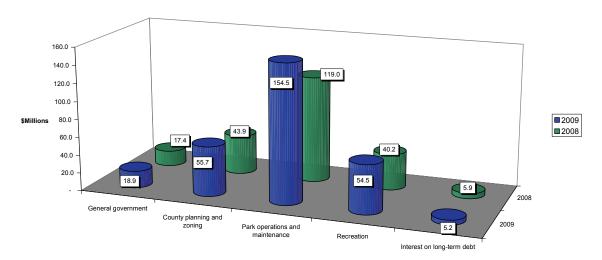
As the above diagram shows, property taxes make up 87% of Commission governmental revenues. Investment earnings decreased due to lower interest rates.

As is reflected in the following chart, the Commission's governmental activities are largely supported by general revenues and in particular property taxes. Charges for services and operating grants cover 7.3% of governmental activities expenses.

County Planning and Zoning Programs net costs increased 26.8% largely due to an increase in amounts due to the Prince George's County Government for programs they provide which are eligible for funding by the Commission's property taxes. These programs are listed in Note 5B and as charges for services were lower than in the prior year due to the general economic conditions. Park Operations and Maintenance net costs rose significantly due to the personnel costs associated with filling vacant and new positions, additional costs for professional services and the decrease in receipts of capital grants and contributions. Recreation Programs net costs increased 35.4% due to the personnel costs associated with filling vacant positions, as well as additional costs for professional services.

| Net Cost of Governmental Activities (000's) For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2(| 009 | 2008 | , | Percentage Change 2008 - 2009 | | | | | | |
| | Total Cost | Net Cost | Total Cost | Net Cost | Total Cost Of | Net Cost Of | | | | | |
| | Of Services | Of Services | Of Services (| Of Services | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Services | Services | | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 18,875 | \$ 18,875 | \$ 17,398 | \$ 17,398 | 8.5% | 8.5% | | | | | |
| County Planning and Zoning | 60,371 | 55,694 | 48,650 | 43,912 | 24.1% | 26.8% | | | | | |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | 181,359 | 154,542 | 165,753 | 118,969 | 9.4% | 29.9% | | | | | |
| Recreation Programs | 68,011 | 54,477 | 52,689 | 40,236 | 29.1% | 35.4% | | | | | |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | 5,212 | 5,212 | 5,902 | 5,902 | -11.7% | -11.7% | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 333,828 | \$ 288,800 | \$ 290,392 | \$ 226,417 | 15.0% | 27.6% | | | | | |

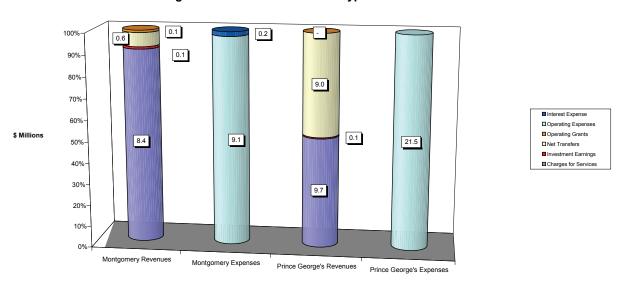
Net Cost by Function - General Government



Business-type Activities. Business-type activities expenses in excess of revenues led to a decrease in the Commission's net assets by \$2.9 million.

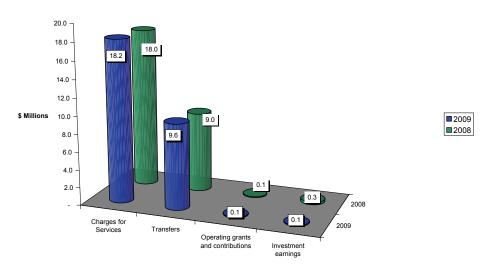
- Expenses of operating these recreational and cultural activities (including interest expense) exceeded charges for services, current operating grants and interest income by \$12.5 million.
- Governmental activities contributed \$9.6 million to support the enterprise activities. The support is primarily \$9.0 million of operating support for the Prince George's County business-type activities.

Changes in Net Assets - Business-type Activities



The operating losses occurred primarily as a result of operations at the Prince George's County Sports and Learning Center, the Equestrian Center/Multipurpose Arena and the Golf Courses, and at the Montgomery Conference Centers. More detail is provided later in the Proprietary Funds discussion.

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Charges for services make up the major portion of revenues for the business-type operations, although support from governmental operations (transfers) also makes up a significant portion.

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance- related legal requirements.

Financial Analysis of the Commission's Funds

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$289.0 million, an increase of \$36.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 66% of this total amount, or \$189.6 million, constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending in future years, with \$110.3 million of this balance in the capital project funds. The remaining fund balances are reserved to indicate that they are not available for new spending as \$61.2 million has been committed for contracts and purchase orders, and \$38.2 million is designated to fund fiscal year 2010 expenditures and to provide reserves for unforeseen expenditure needs.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Commission. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$74.0 million, while total fund balance was \$143.6 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved and undesignated fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved and undesignated fund balance represents 19% of the total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 38% of the same amount.

The fund balance of the Commission's General Fund decreased by \$7.1 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors that generated this decrease are as follows:

- A reduction of \$46.3 million was planned in the final budget for fiscal year 2009.
- Property taxes were \$15.2 million greater than anticipated, primarily due to increases in the assessable base.
- Receipts from Charges for Services and Rentals and Concessions were \$1 million lower than anticipated due to the general economic conditions.

- Interest revenues were \$.4 million lower than anticipated in the general fund due to lower than budgeted interest rates.
- Interest revenues in the Capital Projects funds were \$2.0 million higher than budget due to higher than
 anticipated cash balances in those funds which offset the effect of the lower interest rates. These revenues
 are transferred into the Park Accounts for each county.
- A control of expenditures generated \$13.1 million savings to provide funding for future years' budgets.

Reserves for encumbrances were \$9.8 million higher than in the prior year, representing additional fund balance increases.

The capital project funds for Montgomery and Prince George's counties have total fund balances of \$3.2 million and \$136.1 million, respectively, all of which represents authorized and funded projects that are not completed. The net change in fund balances during the current year in these funds were decreases of \$2.4 million in Montgomery County, and an increase of \$48.1 million in Prince George's County primarily due to the \$59.6 million in pay-as-you-go funding in Prince George's County, \$5.2 million of bond proceeds in Montgomery County and construction grants realized of \$12 million in Montgomery County and \$2.7 million in Prince George's County, compared to expenditures of \$20.1 million in Montgomery County and \$17.9 million in Prince George's County.

Proprietary Funds. The Commission has determined that certain recreational and cultural facilities should be predominantly self-supporting through user fees. Enterprise fund accounting and reporting is used to emphasize the self-supporting nature of these activities and to provide improved cost accounting information. Enterprise Fund accounting, which is on a commercial accounting accrual basis, more accurately reflects whether individual facilities return the full cost of the program.

One enterprise fund has been established in each county to account for the various facilities. Separate cost centers are maintained for each major type of facility including an historical airport, four ice rinks, three golf courses, four enclosed tennis facilities, three conference centers, an equestrian center, a multipurpose arena, a trap and skeet center, certain regional park facilities, a sports and learning complex and a marina. Four golf courses in Montgomery County have been leased to the Montgomery County Revenue Authority since April 2006.

The Commission's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Montgomery County fund at the end of the year amounted to \$.7 million and those for the Prince George's County fund amounted to \$1.1 million. The total changes in net assets for the funds were decreases of \$.2 million and \$2.7 million, respectively.

Summary comparative results of the financial operations of the Enterprise Funds follow:

| Financial Operations of | the E | nterprise Fu | unds | (000's) | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------------|------|---------|---------------|----------|------------|--|--|
| For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 | | | | | | | | | |
| Montgomery Prince | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Coun | ity | | | Cou | ınty | | |
| | F | Y2009 | F | Y2008 | FY2009 FY2008 | | | | |
| Operating Revenues | \$ | 8,518 | \$ | 7,847 | \$ | 9,751 | \$ 10,231 | | |
| Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation | | 7,773 | | 7,746 | | 19,246 | 18,932 | | |
| Operating Income (Loss), Excluding Depreciation | | 745 | | 101 | | (9,495) | (8,701) | | |
| Depreciation | | 1,364 | | 1,363 | | 2,269 | 2,266 | | |
| Operating Loss | | (619) | | (1,262) | (| (11,764) | (10,967) | | |
| Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) | | (197) | | (218) | | 88 | 194 | | |
| Transfers | | 619 | | 619 | | 8,981 | 8,445 | | |
| Change in Net Assets | \$ | (197) | \$ | (861) | \$ | (2 695) | \$ (2.328) | | |

Comparative Montgomery County key data are as follows:

| Montgomery County Enterprise Fund Key Data (000's) For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|---------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|----|--|----|------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|------|
| Operating Revenues | | | | | | | | Operating Income (Loss) Excluding Depreciation | | | | | | |
| | F | Y2009 | F` | Y2008 | Change | | | FY2009 | | Y2009 FY2008 | | /2008 | Ch | ange |
| Conference Centers Golf Courses Ice Rinks Indoor Tennis Park Facilities | \$ | 333 360 3,768 1,288 2,769 | \$ | 315 358 3,612 728 2,834 | \$ | 18 2 156 560 (65) | \$ | (213) 281 (60) 181 556 | \$ | (257) 133 35 (180) 370 | \$ | 44 148 (95) 361 186 | | |
| Total | \$ | 8,518 | \$ | 7,847 | \$ | 671 | \$ | 745 | \$ | 101 | \$ | 644 | | |

The Montgomery County Enterprise Fund revenues increased by \$671,000, and operating income, excluding depreciation, increased by \$644,000. Operating revenues and expenses at the two indoor tennis facilities increased due to the re-opening of both facilities after being closed for refurbishing. This resulted in an increase in operating income of \$361,000. The increase in operating income at the Park Facilities is due to repairs and minor renovations in FY 2008 that were not required in FY 2009 at the South Germantown Splash Park and at the Wheaton and Meadowbrook Stables.

Comparative Prince George's County key data are as follows:

| | | • | | ty Enterpri s Ended J | | • | | ` , | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------|----|--------------------------|----|-------|----|--|----|---------|----|-------|--|
| | Operating Revenues | | | | | | | Operating Income (Loss) Excluding Depreciation | | | | | |
| | F | Y2009 | F | Y2008 | Cl | nange | F | Y2009 | F | Y2008 | Cł | nange | |
| Airport | \$ | 261 | \$ | 323 | \$ | (62) | \$ | (220) | \$ | (90) | \$ | (130) | |
| Equestrian Center/Arena | | 1,464 | | 1,729 | | (265) | | (2,341) | | (2,154) | | (187) | |
| Golf Courses | | 2,495 | | 2,534 | | (39) | | (1,138) | | (924) | | (214) | |
| Ice Rinks | | 515 | | 533 | | (18) | | (877) | | (741) | | (136) | |
| Tennis Bubbles | | 357 | | 342 | | 15 | | (198) | | (157) | | (41) | |
| Trap and Skeet Center | | 1,267 | | 1,331 | | (64) | | (152) | | (118) | | (34) | |
| Sports and Learning Complex | | 3,339 | | 3,387 | | (48) | | (4,173) | | (3,878) | | (295) | |
| Bladensburg Marina | | 53 | | 52 | | 1 | | (396) | | (639) | | 243 | |
| Total | \$ | 9,751 | \$ | 10,231 | \$ | (480) | \$ | (9,495) | \$ | (8,701) | \$ | (794) | |

The Prince George's County Enterprise Fund revenues decreased by \$480,000 and the operating loss, excluding depreciation, increased by \$794,000. The major changes occurred in the Equestrian Center, the golf courses and the Sports and Learning Complex. Revenues remained fairly stable at facilities with the exception of the Equestrian Center/Arena where revenues were lower in FY 2009 due to the general state of the economy. Some of these revenue losses were offset by a reduction in spending for supplies. However, expenses increased overall, primarily due to increased compensation costs resulting in greater losses than in 2008. The marina did not have the large dredging expense in 2009 which resulted in the lower operating loss. By policy the fee structures at all facilities are designed for maximum participation with General Fund support.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Commission's park, recreation, planning and general administrative functions are financed primarily by five legally designated property taxes that must be levied on a separate County basis. These functions are accounted for in accounts within the General Fund, each of which has its own budget, and is presented separately in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

A summary of the Montgomery County budget to actual variances follows:

| Montgomery County Budget to Actua For the Year Ended June 3 | s (000's) | | |
|--|----------------|------|---------|
| | nistration | • | ark |
| Experience of the college of | ccount | | count |
| Favorable property tax collections | \$ 43.3 | \$ | 187.2 |
| Favorable (unfavorable) charges for services | 1.3 | (| (446.8) |
| Unfavorable intergovernmental revenue | (19.4) | (| (124.6) |
| Unfavorable investment revenue | (48.6) | (| (112.5) |
| Favorable other revenue | 23.2 | | 107.1 |
| Total unfavorable revenue variance | (0.2) | | (389.6) |
| Expenditure savings | 1,223.1 | 1 | ,666.4 |
| Favorable other financing sources (uses) | <u>-</u> | | 360.2 |
| Total favorable budgetary variance | \$ 1,222.9 | \$ 1 | ,637.0 |

Property tax collections were slightly above budget. Charges for services were almost equal to the budget in the Administration Account and were below budget in the Park Account primarily due to the economic slowdown. Investment revenue was below budget due to declining interest rates. Unfavorable intergovernmental revenues in the Park Account are offset by expenditure savings. Other revenue in both funds exceeded the budget. The Administration

Account increase was the result of fines collected, and the Park Account increase was primarily the result of fines and advertising revenues. The expenditure savings were primarily the result of managing operations to generate a 2.3% percent savings, as requested by Montgomery County Government. This savings, intended to assist in funding the fiscal year 2011 budget, was generated primarily by freezing positions. The favorable other financing uses in the Park Account primarily results from a lower transfer to the Debt Service Fund, due to the delay in issuing new bonds.

The results summarized above, in conjunction with fund balances carried forward, resulted in ending fund balances for Montgomery County as indicated in the following table:

| Montgomery County Budgetary Fund Balances June 30, 2009 | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Administration | Park | | | | | |
| | Account | Account | | | | | |
| Prior year fund balance | | | | | | | |
| Designated for Contingencies | \$ 823.9 | \$ 2,386.0 | | | | | |
| Undesignated | 1,086.2 | 3,526.0 | | | | | |
| Favorable budget variance | 1,222.9 | 1,637.0 | | | | | |
| Total ending fund balance, budget basis | \$ 3,133.0 | \$ 7,549.0 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Fund balance, budget basis | | | | | | | |
| Designated for Subsequent | | | | | | | |
| Years | \$ 1,068.2 | \$ 4,574.3 | | | | | |
| Designated for Contingencies | 833.3 | 2,383.3 | | | | | |
| Undesignated | 1,231.5 | 591.4 | | | | | |
| Total Budgetary Fund Balance | \$ 3,133.0 | \$ 7,549.0 | | | | | |

A summary of the Prince George's County budget to actual variances follows:

| Prince George's County Budge For the Year Ende | | es (00 | 00's) | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| | ninistration Account | | Park ccount | Recrea Acco | |
| Favorable property tax collections | \$ 2,298.8 | \$ | 9,459.2 | \$ 3,26 | 8.4 |
| Favorable (unfavorable) charges for services | (615.8) | | (9.8) | 3 | 36.1 |
| Favorable (unfavorable) intergovernmental revenue | (14.0) | | 28.1 | | - |
| Favorable (unfavorable) investment revenue | 201.1 | | (147.2) | (29 | 95.0) |
| Favorable (unfavorable) other revenue | 1.2 | | (48.2) | (1 | 19.1) |
| Total favorable revenue variance | 1,871.3 | | 9,282.1 | 2,99 | 90.4 |
| Expenditure savings | 8,726.8 | | 470.3 | 98 | 32.8 |
| Favorable other financing sources | | | 2,190.7 | | |
| Total favorable budgetary variance | \$ 10,598.1 | \$ ^ | 11,943.1 | \$ 3,97 | 73.2 |

Property tax collections were above budget primarily because the assessable base growth was higher than anticipated in the budget. Charges for services were down significantly in the Administration Account as a result of the economic slowdown which impacted fees collected for subdivisions, zoning and urban design applications. Intergovernmental revenue was lower than budget in the Administration Account due to processing fewer permits. Intergovernmental revenue was higher in the Park Account due to the receipt of grant funds for prior year disbursements. Investment revenue was favorable in the Administration Account primarily due to higher than anticipated cash balances which offset lower interest rates. The unfavorable variance in investment revenue in the Park and Recreation Accounts was due to lower than budgeted interest rates. Other revenues in the Park Account were less than anticipated primarily due to an accounting change with respect to insurance reimbursements. The expenditure savings were primarily the result of vacant positions in all of the Accounts, the delay of a planned facility relocation in the Administration Account, \$213,100 in the Park Account and \$243,500 in the Recreation Account. Other financing sources were favorable due to

interest on cash balances in the capital projects fund due to large pay-as-you-go funding balances for projects (this income is transferred to the Park Account), and the savings from budgeted debt service as a scheduled bond sale was not needed due to large cash balances.

The results summarized above, in conjunction with fund balances carried forward, resulted in ending fund balances for Prince George's County as indicated in the following table:

| Prince George's County Budgetary Fund Balances (000's) June 30, 2009 | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|--------------|----|----------|----|-----------|--|--|
| | Adm | ninistration | | Park | R | ecreation | | |
| | | Account | | Account | | Account | | |
| Prior year fund balance | | | | | | | | |
| Designated for Contingencies | \$ | 2,829.9 | \$ | 5,643.2 | \$ | 3,679.7 | | |
| Designated for Future Facilities | | - | | 2,550.0 | | 7,315.0 | | |
| Undesignated | | 1,492.1 | | 36,955.7 | | 16,437.0 | | |
| Budget adjustment in mid-year | | (500.0) | | (450.0) | | (1,000.0) | | |
| Favorable budget variance | | 10,598.1 | | 11,943.1 | | 3,973.2 | | |
| Total ending fund balance, budget basis | \$ | 14,420.1 | \$ | 56,642.0 | \$ | 30,404.9 | | |
| Fund balance, budget basis | | | | | | | | |
| Designated for Subsequent | | | | | | | | |
| Years | \$ | 2,160.9 | \$ | 10,845.2 | \$ | 2,227.1 | | |
| Designated for Contingencies | | 2,475.5 | | 8,133.2 | | 3,473.3 | | |
| Undesignated | | 9,783.7 | | 37,663.6 | | 24,704.5 | | |
| Total Budgetary Fund Balance | \$ | 14,420.1 | \$ | 56,642.0 | \$ | 30,404.9 | | |

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Commission's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009 amounts to \$685.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads. The total increase in the Commission's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 4.6% (a 5.8% increase for governmental activities and a 3.6% decrease for business-type activities). The most significant increases are from land acquisitions, construction of recreational facilities, community center renovation/expansion, construction of an irrigation system in a regional park, and trail construction. The only significant capital asset changes in business-type activities consist of depreciation of existing assets.

Proceeds of general obligation park acquisition and development bonds are accounted for in Capital Projects Funds until the projects are completed. Completed projects and construction in progress at year-end are shown as capital assets in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. During fiscal year 2009, projects totaling \$4.5 million in governmental activities were completed. Among these projects, where most of the costs were incurred in prior years, are Ovid Hazen Wells Recreational Facilities, ball fields at Olney Manor Recreational Park, general renovations at the White Mansion, and new park development at Saddlebrook East Community Park.

Expenditures on Montgomery County projects totaled \$20.1 million in fiscal year 2009, of which \$2.2 million was for acquisition and \$17.9 million was for development. Land acquisition included \$1.4 million for land for the Fenton Street Urban Park and \$.7 million for stream valley parks. The largest projects were construction of the Brookside Gardens irrigation system, with construction cost to date of \$1.8 million, of which \$1.7 million was in fiscal year 2009, Matthew Henson Trail, with construction cost to date of \$4.0 million, of which \$1.6 million was in fiscal year 2009 and the Rock Creek Trail Pedestrian Bridge, with construction costs to date of \$2.0 million, of which \$1.3 million was in fiscal year 2009. In addition, expenditures totaling \$7.4 million were spent on 26 projects for routine maintenance of parks, roads, buildings and other structures.

Prince George's County projects totaled \$17.9 million in fiscal year 2009, of which \$6.8 million was for acquisition and \$11.1 million was for development. Land acquisition included \$5.3 million for Historic Agricultural Resources

Preservation, \$.7 million for the WB&A Trail, \$.3 million for Rollins Avenue Neighborhood Park and \$.3 million for Riverdale Community Recreation Center. Major park development expenditures include the Hillcrest Heights Community Center code improvement/renovation with construction cost to date of \$1.3 million all of which was in fiscal year 2009, the South Bowie Community Center expansion with construction costs to date of \$1.2 million all of which was in fiscal year 2009, the Brentwood Arts Center with construction costs to date of \$2.0 million, of which \$.3 million was in fiscal year 2009, construction of the Equestrian Center covered ring with construction costs to date of \$1.3 million, of which \$.9 million was in FY 2009 and construction of the Southern Regional Technology/Recreation Complex with construction costs to date of \$.8 million, of which \$.5 million was in FY 2009. In addition, expenditures totaling \$1.6 million were spent on 11 other community center projects.

Commission's Capital Assets

| Commission's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (\$000's) June 30, 2009 and 2008 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|------------|----|-----------|----|---------|-----|------------|----|-----------|---------------|---------|
| June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Business- | | | | | | | В | usiness- | | Percent |
| | Go | vernmental | | type | | | Gov | vernmental | | type | | Change |
| | A | Activities | Α | ctivities | | Total | A | Activities | Α | ctivities | Total | Total |
| Land | \$ | 305,083 | \$ | 19,364 | \$ | 324,447 | \$ | 292,725 | \$ | 19,364 | \$ 312,089 | 4.0% |
| Buildings and improvements | | 84,623 | | 60,146 | | 144,769 | | 88,776 | | 63,482 | 152,258 | -4.9% |
| Infrastructure | | 115,627 | | - | | 115,627 | | 117,492 | | - | 117,492 | -1.6% |
| Machinery and equipment | | 24,229 | | 1,920 | | 26,149 | | 20,185 | | 1,868 | 22,053 | 18.6% |
| Construction in progress | | 73,644 | | 398 | | 74,042 | | 50,914 | | 172 | 51,086 | 44.9% |
| Total | \$ | 603,206 | \$ | 81,828 | \$ | 685,034 | \$ | 570,092 | \$ | 84,886 | \$ 654,978 | 4.6% |

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in Note 4B of the Notes to Financial Statements in this report.

Long-term debt. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the payments on the Commission's general obligation debt, which includes Park Acquisition and Development Bonds (Park Bonds) and Advance Land Acquisition Bonds (ALA Bonds). The outstanding issues totaling \$121.6 million and the related debt service requirements to maturity are set forth in Note 4E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Commission's general obligation bonds are unconditionally guaranteed by the Commission and the county for which issued. Debt service principal and interest expenditures for Park Bonds and ALA Bonds totaled \$18.7 million (Montgomery - \$4.5 million; Prince George's - \$14.2 million) for the fiscal year. Of the outstanding debt, Park Bonds totaled \$117.8 million (Montgomery County - \$32.3 million and Prince George's County - \$85.5 million) at June 30, 2009. Park Bonds debt service expenditures totaled \$17.7 million (Montgomery - \$3.8 million, Prince George's - \$13.9 million) for the fiscal year. The Commission's Metropolitan District (Park) tax includes a mandatory tax for debt service for Park Bonds of 3.6 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation for real property (9 cents for personal property) in Montgomery County and 4 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation for real property (10 cents for personal property) in Prince George's County. Debt service payments approximated 0.26 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation for real property and .65 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation for personal property for Montgomery County and 1.63 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation for real property and 4.05 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation for personal property for Prince George's County. The remainder of the proceeds of the mandatory taxes was used for park operation and maintenance expenditures in the respective counties.

The Commission's outstanding general obligation bonds have the following ratings:

| Commission General Obligation Bond Ratings | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | June 30, 2009 | | | | | | |
| Moody's | | | | | | | |
| | Investor Standard & Poor's Fitch Rat | | | | | | |
| | Services Inc. Rating | | | | | | |
| Montgomery County Aaa AAA AAA | | | | | | | |
| Prince George's County | <u> </u> | | | | | | |

The Commission's Montgomery County revenue bonds and revenue notes payable totaled \$4.5 million at June 30, 2009. The bonds and notes have a reported value of \$4.4 million, after considering the \$0.1 million of unamortized discount and are accounted for in the Enterprise Funds. The revenue bonds and notes are not general obligations of

the Commission or Montgomery County and are payable solely from revenues generated from revenue producing facilities. Debt service expenditures for the revenue bonds and notes totaled \$1.3 million for the fiscal year. The outstanding proprietary fund debt as of June 30, 2009, and the related debt service requirements are set forth in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

On May 21, 2009, the Commission issued \$8,405,000 of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Refunding Bonds, Series LL-2 and \$5,250,000 of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development General Obligation Project Bonds, Series MM-2. The refunding bonds provided the resources to retire on June 8, 2009 \$4,550,000 of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Project Bonds, Series U-2 (current refunding) and to defease the \$3,700,000 callable portion of the Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Project Bonds, Series Y-2 (advance refunding). The reacquisition price in excess of the net carrying value of the old debt is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded bonds, which equals the life of the new debt issued. Semiannual payments of interest and annual principal payments are due until November 1, 2020 at a net interest cost of 2.4059% and November 1, 2028, at a net interest cost of 3.4803% respectively.

Details of the Commission's outstanding debt (net of unamortized discounts and premiums) at June 30, 2009 follow (\$000's):

Commission's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds and Notes

| | | Commissi | on's Outstandir | ng Debt | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | June 3 | 30, 2009 and 20 | 008 | | | | | |
| | Governmer | ntal Activities | Business-ty | pe Activities | T | otal | <u>Change</u> | | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 119,930 | \$ 128,029 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 119,930 | \$ 128,029 | -6.3% | | |
| Revenue bonds and notes | - | - | 4,427 | 5,502 | 4,427 | 5,502 | -19.5% | | |
| Notes payable | 3,355 | 4,960 | | | 3,355 | 4,960 | -32.4% | | |
| Total | \$ 123,285 | \$ 132,989 | \$ 4,427 | \$ 5,502 | \$ 127,712 | \$ 138,491 | -7.8% | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Montgomery County Outstanding Debt | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 30, 2009 and 20 | 800 | | | | | |
| | | ntal Activities | Business-ty | T | <u>Change</u> | | | | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 35,007 | \$ 32,770 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 35,007 | \$ 32,770 | 6.8% | | |
| Revenue bonds and notes | - | - | 4,427 | 5,502 | 4,427 | 5,502 | -19.5% | | |
| Notes payable | 2,301 | 3,522 | | | 2,301 | 3,522 | -34.7% | | |
| Total | \$ 37,308 | \$ 36,292 | \$ 4,427 | \$ 5,502 | \$ 41,735 | \$ 41,794 | -0.1% | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Prince George's | • | _ | | | | | |
| | | | 30, 2009 and 20 | | _ | | | | |
| | | ntal Activities | | pe Activities | | otal | <u>Change</u> | | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 40.00/ | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 84,923 | \$ 95,259 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 84,923 | \$ 95,259 | -10.9% | | |
| Revenue bonds and notes | 1 OF 4 | 1 420 | - | - | 1.054 | 1 420 | 0.0% | | |
| Notes payable Total | 1,054 | 1,438 | | <u>-</u> | 1,054 | 1,438 | -26.7% | | |
| าบเสา | \$ 85,977 | \$ 96,697 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 85,977 | \$ 96,697 | -11.1% | | |

The Commission's total debt decreased by \$10.8 million (7.8%) during the current fiscal year, due to a current and advance refunding and principal payments made as scheduled offset by a new debt issue.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Commission may issue to the amount that can be redeemed within 30 years from date of issue by the taxes authorized for payment of the bonds. The legal debt margin for the Commission is \$1,526.0 million of debt service for Montgomery County and \$936.7 million of debt service for Prince George's County, which is in excess of the Commission's required debt service of \$40.9 million and \$105.9 million, respectively, over the 30 year period.

Additional information on the Commission's long-term debt can be found in Note 4E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

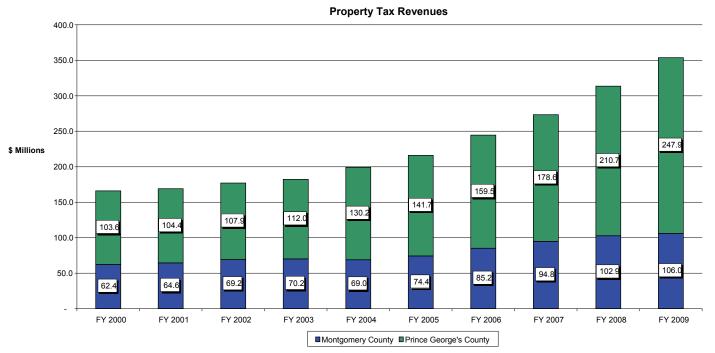
The Commission continues to maintain a solid financial position and stable future outlook supported by the stability of its major revenue source, property taxes which represented 87% of the Governmental Funds revenues in FY 2009. Strong fiscal policies including fund balance reserves, interim financial reporting to monitor revenues and expenditures, a FY 2009 savings plan for Montgomery County operations including a retirement incentive program, and long-term fiscal plans enabled the Commission to respond to the strategies incorporated by the two County Governments in setting the FY 2010 tax rates and adopting the FY 2010 Budget.

The Commission's property tax rates in the two counties are set based on different fiscal strategies. In Montgomery County, the Commission's property tax rates are set in conjunction with the Montgomery County Government property tax rates, which have resulted in declining Commission tax rates over the past few years. In FY 2010, the Commission's total Montgomery County real property tax rate was reduced by .4 of a cent and the personal property tax rate was reduced by .9 of a cent. So although the taxable real property assessable base was projected to increase by 7%, the budgeted growth in Commission property tax revenues was less than 1%. An increased reliance on prior year fund balance and slower expenditure growth including a temporary halt to the phasing in of pre-funding of Other Post Employment Benefits was necessary to balance the operating budget.

In Prince George's County, the Commission's property tax rates were increased in FY 2004 to maintain a level tax rate for the foreseeable future and to fund an aggressive capital improvement program. With the strong assessable base growth, the property tax revenues increased at a greater rate than expenditures, enabling the Commission to budget a large amount of current revenue to fund the capital improvement program and increase assistance to Prince George's County Government in funding programs they deliver to the community which are eligible to be funded by Commission property tax revenues. These expenditures are referred to as project charges. The project charges increased from \$5.2 million in FY 2008 to \$15.2 million in FY 2009 and in FY 2010, they were budgeted at \$16.1 million. In addition, the Commission supported legislation effective in FY 2010 to transfer \$30.0 million from the Commission's Park Account property taxes in FY 2010 and FY 2011 to assist the Prince George's County Government. These transfers will be achieved primarily by reducing the current revenue funding of the capital improvement program in FY 2010 and FY 2011 and issuing bonds at a future date when resources are needed. The budgeted current revenue transfer from the Park Account to the Capital Project Fund was reduced from \$68.0 million in the FY 2010 Proposed Budget to \$43.0 million in the FY 2010 Adopted Budget.

As noted above, assessable base in both counties continues to grow, but at a reduced rate due to the economic slow down. One-third of the property is inspected and revalued by the State Department of Assessments and Taxation each year so that all real property is inspected and revalued once every three years. The three-year cycle results in a smoothing effect on property tax revenues. In times of slowing growth, the assessable base declines at a slower rate which affords the Commission time to adjust its service delivery and spending levels in response to what is economically affordable. When the economy is recovering, the assessments growth rate will lag somewhat.

The steady growth in property tax revenues over the past 10 years is displayed in the following chart.



At year-end, the Commission had a budget basis fund balance in the General Fund of \$112.1 million. Of this amount, \$20.9 million is designated to fund fiscal year 2010, \$17.3 million is designated for unforeseen circumstances, and \$74.0 million is uncommitted as of June 30, 2009. Of the uncommitted portion, \$72.2 million is from Prince George's County operations and will be utilized in future years to build out an aggressive capital improvement program and maintain a stable tax rate in accordance with its long-term fiscal plan.

The Commission's Montgomery County activities are subject to spending affordability guidelines of Montgomery County Government. In Prince George's County, a Spending Affordability Committee makes recommendations during the budgetary process to the County Executive and the County Council concerning spending affordability of the Commission's Prince George's County operations.

The spending affordability processes along with close monitoring of financial results and projections during the fiscal year add to the solid foundation of financial management and assist the Commission in meeting the challenge of providing enhanced public services at an economical cost.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commission's finances for all those with an interest in the Commission's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Finance, Office of Secretary-Treasurer, The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Riverdale, Maryland 20737. This report can also be found on the Commissions website, http://www.mncppc.org (See CAFR).

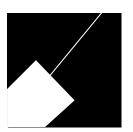


Exhibit 1

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

| | _ | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | - | Total |
|--|------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|---------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ | 359,300,198 | \$ | 4,336,095 | \$ | 363,636,293 |
| Receivables - Taxes, net of allowance for uncollectibles | | 6,925,700 | | - | | 6,925,700 |
| Receivables - Other | | 1,999,087 | | 6,928 | | 2,006,015 |
| Due from County Governments | | 4,324,138 | | 540,000 | | 4,864,138 |
| Due from Other Governments | | 5,525,446 | | 9,231 | | 5,534,677 |
| Inventories | | - | | 980,265 | | 980,265 |
| Deposits and Other | | 634,938 | | - | | 634,938 |
| Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments: | | | | | | |
| Unspent Debt Proceeds | | 13,009,979 | | - | | 13,009,979 |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | |
| Land and Construction in Progress | | 378,726,697 | | 19,761,487 | | 398,488,184 |
| Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation | | 224,479,222 | | 62,066,098 | | 286,545,320 |
| Total Assets | _ | 994,925,405 | | 87,700,104 | _ | 1,082,625,509 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities | | 39,351,731 | | 859,746 | | 40,211,477 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | | 1,422,907 | | 31,370 | | 1,454,277 |
| Due to Other Governments | | 323,000 | | • | | 323,000 |
| Deposits and Unearned Revenue | | 5,271,011 | | 1,146,080 | | 6,417,091 |
| Claims Payable: | | | | | | |
| Due within One Year | | 4,553,532 | | - | | 4,553,532 |
| Due in more than One Year | | 7,619,301 | | - | | 7,619,301 |
| Compensated Absences: | | | | | | |
| Due within One Year | | 10,249,643 | | 321,658 | | 10,571,301 |
| Due in more than One Year | | 8,390,149 | | 753,088 | | 9,143,237 |
| Bonds and Notes Payable: | | • | | | | |
| Due within One Year | | 15,375,160 | | 1,129,561 | | 16,504,721 |
| Due in more than One Year | | 107,909,959 | | 3,297,072 | | 111,207,031 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations | | | | | | |
| Due in more than One Year | _ | 19,480,865 | _ | 904,967 | _ | 20,385,832 |
| Total Liabilities | | 219,947,258 | - | 8,443,542 | - | 228,390,800 |
| NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | | 492,930,779 | | 77,400,952 | | 570,331,731 |
| Unrestricted | | 282,047,368 | | 1,855,610 | | 283,902,978 |
| Total Net Assets | \$ <u></u> | 774,978,147 | \$] | 79,256,562 | \$ _ | 854,234,709 |

Exhibit 2

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | Total | (18,875,258) (55,693,621) (154,542,161) (5,211,728) (5,211,728) (288,800,300) | (12,629,585) (12,629,585) (301,429,885) | 354,329,523 9,290,289 - 363,619,812 62,189,927 792,044,782 854,234,709 |
|------------------|--|---|--|---|
| | Business-type Activities | | (12,629,585) (12,629,585) (12,629,585) | 138,213 9,599,900 9,738,113 (2,891,472) 82,148,034 79,256,562 |
| | Governmental Activities | (18,875,258) \$ (55,693,621) (154,542,161) (54,477,532) (5,211,728) (288,800,300) | (288,800,300) | 354,329,523 9,152,076 (9,599,900) 353,881,699 65,081,399 709,896,748 774,978,147 |
| | Capital Grants and Contributions | 20,544,003 | 20,544,003 | €4 |
| Program Revenues | Operating Grants and Contributions | \$ 1,419,179 891,923 808,008 3,119,110 | 91,937 | <u>v</u> |
| L. | Charges for Services | 3,257,841 5,381,156 12,725,930 21,364,927 | 18,177,611 18,177,611 39,542,538 | il Revenues: perty Taxes estricted Investment Earnings sys Net General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets sets - Beginning |
| | Expenses | \$ 18,875,258 \$ 60,370,641 181,359,243 68,011,470 5,211,728 333,828,340 | 30,899,133 30,899,133 \$ 364,727,473 \$ | General Revenues: Property Taxes Unrestricted Investment Earnings Transfers Net General Revenues and Ti Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning |
| | Functions/Programs | Governmental Activities: General Government County Planning and Zoning Park Operations and Maintenance Recreation Programs Interest on Long-term Debt Total Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities: Recreational and Cultural Facilities Total Business-type Activities Total Government | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 3

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

| ASSETS | _ | General | | Montgomery County Capital Projects | - | Prince George's County Capital Projects | | Other Governmental Funds | _ | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------|---|----|--|--------------|--------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ | 174,569,671 | s | 212,442 | \$ | 122,876,564 | \$ | 6,399,507 | \$ | 304,058,184 |
| Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | • | 6,820,121 | • | | • | - | Ψ | 105,579 | Ψ | 6.925.700 |
| Receivables - Other (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | | 170,048 | | - | | 1,775,016 | | 13,728 | | 1,958,792 |
| Due from County Governments | | 245,272 | | 3,192,695 | | - | | 474,915 | | 3,912,882 |
| Due from Other Governments | | 323,889 | | 1,397,378 | | 3,804,179 | | - | | 5,525,446 |
| Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds | | 22 500 | | 2,933,418 | | 10,076,561 | | • | | 13,009,979 |
| Other Total Assets | \$_ | 22,580 182,151,581 | \$ | 7,735,933 | \$ | 138,532,320 | \$ | 6,993,729 | \$ _ | 22,580 335,413,563 |
| | _ | | - | | • | | • | ` | _ | |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | s | 21,723,710 | \$ | 2,815,682 | \$ | 1,729,680 | \$ | 459,738 | | 26,728,810 |
| Accounts Payable | • | | ð | 2,815,002 | Þ | 1,729,000 | Φ | | Þ | 10,499,551 |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 10,361,983 | | 879,292 | | 749,908 | | 137,568 | | 1,629,200 |
| Retainage Payable | | 60 | | 679,292 | | 749,906 | | 35 | | 1,029,200 |
| Due to County Governments | | | | 975 000 | | - | | 165,467 | | 7,550,885 |
| Deposits and Deferred Revenue | - | 6,510,418 38,596,171 | | 875,000 4,569,974 | | 2,479,588 | | 762,808 | - | 46,408,541 |
| Total Liabilities | - | 30,390,171 | | 4,305,574 | • | 2,479,500 | - | 702,808 | - | 40,408,541 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved for Encumbrances | | 31,406,415 | | 13,074,814 | | 15,879,797 | | 847,503 | | 61,208,529 |
| Reserved for Debt Service | | - | | - | | - | | 43,379 | | 43,379 |
| Unreserved, Designated for Contingencies | | 17,298,600 | | - | | - | | • | | 17,298,600 |
| Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years | | 20,875,700 | | - | | - | | - | | 20,875,700 |
| Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | | 73,974,695 | | • | | • | | | | 73,974,695 |
| Special Revenue Fund | | - | | - | | | | 5,340,039 | | 5,340,039 |
| Capital Projects Fund | - | 440 555 440 | | (9,908,855) | | 120,172,935 | | 6,230,921 | - | 110,264,080 289,005,022 |
| Total Fund Balances | | 143,555,410 | - • - | 3,165,959 | ٠. | 136,052,732 | ٠, | | | 269,005,022 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | •= | 182,151,581 | • » = | 7,735,933 | ٠, | 138,532,320 | , • , | 6,993,729 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net ass | ets | | | | | | | | | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net ass are different because: | ets | | | | | | | | | |
| | ets | | | | | | | | | |
| are different because: | ets | | | | | | | | | 591,620,998 |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial | | capital | | | | | | | | 591,620,998 |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | capital | | | | | | | | 591,620,998 |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co | sts of | • | | | | | | | | 591,620,998 |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co equipment financing, risk management, group insurance and | sts of o | al | | | | | | | | 591,620,998 |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co equipment financing, risk management, group insurance and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the | sts of o | al | | | | | | | | 591,620,998 51,468,666 |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the coequipment financing, risk management, group insurance and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the service funds are included in governmental activities in the state. | sts of o | nal nt of | | | | | | | | |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co-equipment financing, risk management, group insurance and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the service funds are included in governmental activities in the stanet assets. | sts of o | nal nt of re not | | | | | | | | |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the coequipment financing, risk management, group insurance and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the service funds are included in governmental activities in the stanet assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year-end, | sts of o | nal nt of re not | | | | | | | | |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co-equipment financing, risk management, group insurance and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the service funds are included in governmental activities in the stanet assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year-end, available soon enough to pay for the current period's expendi | sts of one internatement of the statement of the statemen | nal nt of re not and | | | | | | | | 51,468,666 2,279,874 |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co-equipment financing, risk management, group insurance and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the service funds are included in governmental activities in the stanet assets. Some of the Commission's taxes will be collected after year-end, available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditherefore are reported as deferred revenue in the funds. | sts of one internatement of the statement of the statemen | nal nt of re not and | | | | | | | _ | 51,468,666 |

Exhibit 4

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | _ | General | _ | Montgomery County Capital Projects | _ | Prince George's County Capital Projects | ; | Other Governmental Funds | _ | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|----|--------------|------|---|------|--|------|--------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 351,057,124 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 2,909,139 | \$ | 353,966,263 |
| Intergovernmental - | • | | • | | • | | • | _,,,,,,,, | • | 000,000,200 |
| Federal | | 225,758 | | 488,219 | | 30,306 | | - | | 744,283 |
| State | | 573,160 | | 895,889 | | 2,710,611 | | - | | 4,179,660 |
| County | | 1,056,381 | | 10,640,732 | | _,,,, | | 715,417 | | 12,412,530 |
| Local | | 41,254 | | , | | _ | | 33,977 | | 75,231 |
| Charges for Services | | 8,903,853 | | - | | - | | 2,668,366 | | 11,572,219 |
| Rentals and Concessions | | 4,160,907 | | - | | _ | | 4,856,311 | | 9,017,218 |
| Interest | | 3,991,807 | | 289,009 | | 3,043,344 | | 240,936 | | 7,565,096 |
| Sale of Land | | • | | 355,028 | | - | | 0,000 | | 355,028 |
| Contributions | | | | 37,500 | | 2,025,016 | | 473,163 | | 2,535,679 |
| Miscellaneous | | 509,507 | | 5,820 | | 402 | | 259,761 | | 775,490 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 370,519,751 | - | 12,712,197 | - | 7,809,679 | • | 12,157,070 | - | 403,198,697 |
| rotal Novollood | | 0.0,010,101 | - | 12,7 12,107 | - | 7,000,070 | • | 12,107,070 | - | 400,100,007 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current - | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 18,355,098 | | - | | - | | - | | 18,355,098 |
| Planning and Zoning | | 53,446,736 | | | | - | | 3,693,007 | | 57,139,743 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | | 162,175,782 | | _ | | _ | | 627,950 | | 162,803,732 |
| Recreation | | 58,239,277 | | _ | | | | 6,770,679 | | 65,009,956 |
| Contributions | | - | | - | | - | | 1,860,781 | | 1,860,781 |
| Debt Service - | | | | | | | | 1,000,101 | | 1,000,101 |
| Principal | | 56,800 | | _ | | _ | | 13,649,049 | | 13,705,849 |
| Interest | | - | | _ | | _ | | 5,065,685 | | 5,065,685 |
| Other Debt Service Costs | | _ | | _ | | | | 178,835 | | 178,835 |
| Capital Outlay - | | | | | | | | 170,000 | | 170,000 |
| Park Acquisition | | | | 2,206,268 | | 6,801,138 | | _ | | 9,007,406 |
| Park Development | | | | 17,863,760 | | 11,097,576 | | | | 28,961,336 |
| Total Expenditures | _ | 292,273,693 | - | 20,070,028 | • | 17,898,714 | - | 31,845,986 | - | 362,088,421 |
| Total Experiataies | | 202,210,000 | - | 20,070,020 | • | 17,000,714 | - | 01,040,000 | - | 002,000,421 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures | | 78,246,058 | _ | (7,357,831) | | (10,089,035) | - | (19,688,916) | _ | 41,110,276 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds Issued | | | | 5,250,000 | | _ | | | | 5,250,000 |
| Refunding Bonds Issued | | | | - | | _ | | 8,405,000 | | 8,405,000 |
| Premiums on Bonds Issued | | | | 38,212 | | - | | 343,405 | | 381,617 |
| Principal Retirement of Refunded Bonds | | | | - | | | | (8,650,856) | | (8,650,856) |
| Transfers in | | 3,332,353 | | | | 61,182,809 | | 19,602,434 | | 84,117,596 |
| Transfers Out | | (88,718,122) | | (327,221) | | (3,043,344) | | (1,628,809) | | (93,717,496) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | (85,385,769) | *** | 4,960,991 | | 58,139,465 | - | 18,071,174 | _ | (4,214,139) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | | (7,139,711) | - | (2,396,840) | | 48,050,430 | - | (1,617,742) | _ | 36,896,137 |
| · | | | | ,,,,, | | | | | | • |
| Fund Balances - Beginning | _ | 150,695,121 | _ | 5,562,799 | | 88,002,302 | - | 7,848,663 | - | 252,108,885 |
| Fund Balances - Ending | \$ | 143,555,410 | \$ _ | 3,165,959 | \$. | 136,052,732 | \$ _ | 6,230,921 | \$ = | 289,005,022 |

Exhibit 5

292,772

65,081,399

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activites (Exhibit 2) are different because:

| ferent because: | | |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit 4) | | \$ 36,896,137 |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized expenditures exceeded depreciation in the current period. | | |
| Capitalized Expenditures Depreciation Expense Net adjustment | \$ 41,731,726 (14,456,137) | 27,275,589 |
| In the Statement of Activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of property is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from sales increase financial resources. Other land activity that has no impact on financial resources is also included in the Statement of Activities. | | |
| Sale of Land | (355,028) | |
| Donations | 3,715,730 | |
| Net adjustment | | 3,360,702 |
| Tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | |
| This is the amount by which the deferred revenues changed from last fiscal year. | | 363,260 |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. | | |
| General Obligation Debt incurred | (13,967,009) | |
| Repayments of Principal | 13,705,849 | |
| Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account Net adjustment | 8,650,856 | 8,389,696 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This amount is the unfunded cost of other post employment benefits and compensated absences. | | (11,502,258) |
| Accrued interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | |
| The amount is the impact of the net change in the liabilities from the prior year. | | 5,501 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital equipment financings, employee benefits, risk management and Executive Office Building costs, to individual funds. | | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

is reported with governmental activities.

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

The change in net assets of certain activities of internal service funds

Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | | Variance |
|---|------------------|--------------|------|--------------|----|--------------|------|------------------------|
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | | Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | - | Original | - | I IIIai | • | Actual | | (Negative) |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 335,800,200 | \$ | 335,800,200 | \$ | 351,057,124 | \$ | 15,256,924 |
| Intergovernmental | | 1,522,500 | | 2,026,386 | | 1,896,551 | | (129,835) |
| Charges for Services | | 9,653,100 | | 9,653,100 | | 8,903,853 | | (749,247) |
| Rentals and Concessions | | 4,446,500 | | 4,446,500 | | 4,160,906 | | (285,594) |
| Interest | | 4,394,000 | | 4,394,000 | | 3,991,807 | | (402,193) |
| Miscellaneous | | 440,500 | | 445,481 | | 509,507 | | 64,026 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 356,256,800 | - | 356,765,667 | | 370,519,748 | | 13,754,081 |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances: | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 19,639,200 | | 19,241,000 | | 18,280,425 | | 960,575 |
| County Planning and Zoning | | 64,432,900 | | 65,295,376 | | 56,306,030 | | 8,989,346 |
| Park Operation and Maintenance | | 171,232,500 | | 171,736,470 | | 169,599,800 | | 2,136,670 |
| Recreation Programs | | 57,367,300 | | 58,857,921 | | 57,875,125 | | 982,796 |
| Total Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | 312,671,900 | - | 315,130,767 | | 302,061,380 | | 13,069,387 |
| Excess of Revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances | | 43,584,900 | _ | 41,634,900 | | 68,458,368 | _ | 26,823,468 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 1,270,000 | | 1,270,000 | | 3,332,353 | | 2,062,353 |
| Transfers Out | | (89,206,600) | | (89,206,600) | | (88,718,122) | | 488,478 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | (87,936,600) | _ | (87,936,600) | | (85,385,769) | - | 2,550,831 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures/Encumbrances | | | | | | | | |
| and Other Financing Uses - Budget Basis | \$_ | (44,351,700) | \$ _ | (46,301,700) | | (16,927,401) | \$ _ | 29,374,299 |
| Fund Balances - Budget Basis, Beginning | | | | | | 129,076,396 | | |
| Fund Balances - Budget Basis, Ending | | | | | \$ | 112,148,995 | | |

Exhibit 7

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2009

| | | • | | | | | | Governmental |
|---|------|--------------|------|-------------------|-------|--------------|------|--------------|
| Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | Activities- |
| | | | eati | onal and Cultural | Activ | vities | | Internal |
| | | Montgomery | | Prince George's | | | | Service |
| ASSETS | | County | | County | | Totals | | Funds |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ | 1,497,629 | \$ | 2,838,466 | \$ | 4,336,095 | \$ | 55,242,014 |
| Accounts Receivable | Ψ | 6,928 | Ψ | 2,000,400 | Ψ | 6,928 | Ψ | 40,295 |
| Due from County Government | | 180,000 | | - | | 180,000 | | 411,256 |
| Due from Other Government | | - | | 9,231 | | 9,231 | | 411,200 |
| Prepaid Expenses | | - | | - | | - | | 495,654 |
| Deposits and Other | | _ | | - | | - | | 116,704 |
| Inventories | | 152,487 | | 827,778 | | 980,265 | | |
| Total Current Assets | | 1,837,044 | | 3,675,475 | - | 5,512,519 | - | 56,305,923 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | | | - | | - | |
| Due from County Government | | 360,000 | | - | | 360,000 | | - |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | | 11,584,468 | | 7,779,131 | | 19,363,599 | | 748,497 |
| Buildings and Improvements | | 26,999,848 | | 72,270,589 | | 99,270,437 | | 2,649,865 |
| Machinery and Equipment | | 1,680,427 | | 5,047,976 | | 6,728,403 | | 27,752,284 |
| Construction in Progress | | 397,888 | | | _ | 397,888 | _ | 2,037,509 |
| | | 40,662,631 | | 85,097,696 | | 125,760,327 | | 33,188,155 |
| Less - Accumulated Depreciation | | (15,056,458) | | (28,876,284) | _ | (43,932,742) | _ | (21,603,234) |
| Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation | | 25,606,173 | | 56,221,412 | - | 81,827,585 | _ | 11,584,921 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | | 25,966,173 | | 56,221,412 | - | 82,187,585 | - | 11,584,921 |
| Total Assets | | 27,803,217 | - | 59,896,887 | - | 87,700,104 | - | 67,890,844 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | | 102,018 | | 478,203 | | 580,221 | | 477,977 |
| Claims Payable | | - | | - | | - | | 4,553,532 |
| Accrued Salaries and Benefits | | 65,017 | | 214,508 | | 279,525 | | 16,193 |
| Compensated Absences | | 97,315 | | 224,343 | | 321,658 | | 55,880 |
| Interest Payable | | 31,370 | | • | | 31,370 | | 40,097 |
| Revenue Collected in Advance | | 812,787 | | 333,293 | | 1,146,080 | | |
| Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable | | 685,117 | | - | | 685,117 | | - |
| Current Portion of Revenue Notes Payable | | 444,444 | | - | | 444,444 | | - |
| Current Portion of Notes Payable | | - | | - | | - | | 1,613,563 |
| Due to Other Government | | | _ | | _ | - | _ | 322,905 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 2,238,068 | _ | 1,250,347 | _ | 3,488,415 | _ | 7,080,147 |
| Alexandra Alicabilitate | | | | | | | | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | | | | 7.040.004 |
| Claims Payable | | 1,741,512 | | - | | 4 744 540 | | 7,619,301 |
| Revenue Bonds Payable | | 1,555,560 | | - | | 1,741,512 | | - |
| Revenue Notes Payable | | 1,555,560 | | • | | 1,555,560 | | 1,570,916 |
| Notes Payable Compensated Absences | | - 179,087 | | 574,001 | | 753,088 | | 33,122 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations | | 184,535 | | 720,432 | | 904,967 | | 118,692 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | - | 3,660,694 | - | 1,294,433 | _ | 4,955,127 | | 9,342,031 |
| Total Liabilities | - | 5,898,762 | - | 2,544,780 | _ | 8,443,542 | - | 16,422,178 |
| i otal Elabilities | • | 0,000,702 | - | 2,044,700 | _ | 0,440,042 | _ | 10,722,170 |
| NET ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | | 21,179,540 | | 56,221,412 | | 77,400,952 | | 8,400,442 |
| Unrestricted | | 724,915 | | 1,130,695 | _ | 1,855,610 | _ | 43,068,224 |
| Total Net Assets | \$] | 21,904,455 | \$ _ | 57,352,107 | \$ _ | 79,256,562 | \$ _ | 51,468,666 |
| | • | | - | | | | | |

Exhibit 8

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | | Business | | Governmental | | | | |
|---|----|--------------------------------------|----|----------------|----|--------------|----|-------------|
| | | _ | | | | | | Activities- |
| | | Recreational and Cultural Activities | | | | | | Internal |
| | | Montgomery | | Prince George' | S | | | Service |
| | | County | | County | | Totals | | Funds |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 82,249 | \$ | 9.688 | \$ | 91,937 | \$ | - |
| Sales | • | 651,471 | • | 2,409,559 | • | 3,061,030 | • | - |
| Charges for Services | | 5,456,653 | | 4,576,459 | | 10,033,112 | | 34,423,182 |
| Claim Recoveries | | - | | - | | - | | 930,930 |
| Rentals and Concessions | | 2,327,935 | | 2,755,534 | | 5,083,469 | | - |
| Total Operating Revenues | | 8,518,308 | • | 9,751,240 | | 18,269,548 | | 35,354,112 |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of Goods Sold | | 356,967 | | 1,615,475 | | 1,972,442 | | - |
| Personal Services | | 3,091,710 | | 11,220,659 | | 14,312,369 | | 4,601,217 |
| Supplies and Materials | | 503,561 | | 1,615,713 | | 2,119,274 | | 360,071 |
| Claims Incurred | | • | | - | | -, , | | 19,782,069 |
| Insurance | | - | | _ | | _ | | 6,905,926 |
| Communications | | 36,124 | | 345,584 | | 381,708 | | · · · |
| Utilities | | 1,204,525 | | 1,981,766 | | 3,186,291 | | - |
| Maintenance | | 498,606 | | 860,290 | | 1,358,896 | | - |
| Contractual Services | | 557,949 | | 606,466 | | 1,164,415 | | 1,332,214 |
| Other Services and Charges | | 232,402 | | 658,519 | | 890,921 | | 1,628,182 |
| Administrative Services | | 1,291,790 | | 341,700 | | 1,633,490 | | - |
| Depreciation | | 1,363,936 | | 2,268,984 | | 3,632,920 | | 1,896,716 |
| Total Operating Expenses | | 9,137,570 | | 21,515,156 | | 30,652,726 | | 36,506,395 |
| Operating (Loss) | | (619,262) | | (11,763,916) | | (12,383,178) | | (1,152,283) |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Earnings | | 49,735 | | 88,478 | | 138,213 | | 1,586,980 |
| Interest Expense, net of Amortization | | (246,407) | | - | | (246,407) | | (141,925) |
| Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) | | (196,672) | | 88,478 | | (108,194) | | 1,445,055 |
| Income (Loss) before Transfers | | (815,934) | | (11,675,438) | | (12,491,372) | | 292,772 |
| Transfers | | 619,000 | | 8,980,900 | | 9,599,900 | | |
| Change in Net Assets | | (196,934) | | (2,694,538) | | (2,891,472) | | 292,772 |
| Total Net Assets - Beginning - as restated (see Note 6) | | 22,101,389 | | 60,046,645 | | 82,148,034 | | 51,175,894 |
| Total Net Assets - Ending | \$ | 21,904,455 | \$ | 57,352,107 | \$ | 79,256,562 | \$ | 51,468,666 |

Exhibit 9

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | _ | Business- | rise Funds | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|---------------|
| | - | Recre Montgomery | ctivities | | Governmental Activities- Internal | | |
| | | County | | Prince George's County | Totals | | Service Funds |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | - | | _ | | | | |
| Receipts from Customers and Users | \$ | 8,528,788 | \$ | 10,044,653 \$ | 18,573,441 | \$ | 34,440,543 |
| Payments to Suppliers | | (3,165,480) | | (7,809,767) | (10,975,247) | | (29,183,447) |
| Payments to Employees | | (2,963,906) | | (10,768,898) | (13,732,804) | | (4,636,234) |
| Payments for Interfund Services Used | | (432,700) | | - | (432,700) | | (487,800) |
| Payments for Administrative Charges | _ | (1,291,790) | | (341,700) | (1,633,490) | | <u>-</u> |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | - | 674,912 | | (8,875,712) | (8,200,800) | • | 133,062 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In from Other Funds | - | 619,000 | | 8,980,900 | 9,599,900 | | |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets | | (286,069) | | (288,316) | (574,385) | | (4,374,229) |
| Principal Paid on Bonds and Notes Payable | | (1,107,223) | | - | (1,107,223) | | (1,548,712) |
| Interest Paid | | (214,344) | | - | (214,344) | | (141,925) |
| Payment Received on Long Term Note | | 180,000 | | - | 180,000 | | • |
| Net Cash Used by Capital and Related | _ | | | | | • | |
| Financing Activities | - | (1,427,636) | | (288,316) | (1,715,952) | - | (6,064,866) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Interest on Investments | _ | 49,735 | | 88,478 | 138,213 | - | 1,586,980 |
| Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents | | (83,989) | | (94,650) | (178,639) | | (4,344,824) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 | _ | 1,581,618 | | 2,933,116 | 4,514,734 | | 59,586,838 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 | \$_ | 1,497,629 | \$ | 2,838,466 \$ | 4,336,095 | \$ | 55,242,014_ |

Exhibit 9 continued

| | | Business-ty | | | | | |
|--|----|--|------|-----------------|--------------|----|--------------------------|
| | | Recreational and Cultural Activities Montgomery Prince George's | | | | | Governmental Activities- |
| | | Montgomery | | • | T | | Internal |
| Passa dilistica of Output to a (Local to Not Octob | | County | | County | Totals | | Service Funds |
| Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash | | | | | | | |
| Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | • | (640,000) | Φ. | /4.4.700.040\ m | (40,000,470) | • | (4.450.000) |
| Operating (Loss) | \$ | (619,262) | Ф | (11,763,916) \$ | (12,383,178) | \$ | (1,152,283) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to | | | | | | | |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | 4 000 000 | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 1,363,936 | | 2,268,984 | 3,632,920 | | 1,896,716 |
| Effect of Changes in Assets and Liabilities in: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Receivable | | | | 84,550 | 84,550 | | (24,625) |
| Due from Other Government | | 102,906 | | (9,231) | 93,675 | | (293,290) |
| Inventories, at Cost | | 33,753 | | 432 | 34,185 | | - |
| Prepaid Expenses | | - | | - | - | | (495,654) |
| Accounts Payable | | (234,253) | | (126,386) | (360,639) | | 150,224 |
| Claims Payable | | <u>-</u> | | - | - | | 271,780 |
| Accrued Salaries and Benefits | | 17,051 | | 38,728 | 55,779 | | (50,920) |
| Compensated Absences | | 18,535 | | 44,190 | 62,725 | | 15,903 |
| Interest Payable | | (7,545) | | · - | (7,545) | | (16,009) |
| Other Accrued Liabilities | | - | | - | - | | (100,000) |
| Due to Other Funds | | - | | - | - | | (18,868) |
| Due to County Government | | - | | - | - | | (120,105) |
| Net Other Post Employment Obligations | | 92,218 | | 368,843 | 461,061 | | 70,193 |
| Revenue Collected in Advance | | (92,427) | | 218,094 | 125,667 | | - |
| Total Adjustments | • | 1,294,174 | | 2,888,204 | 4,182,378 | • | 1,285,345 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | \$ | 674,912 | \$ _ | (8,875,712) \$ | (8,200,800) | \$ | 133,062 |

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2009

| | • | Pension Trust Funds | - | Private Purpose Trust Funds | | Agency Funds |
|--|------|---------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|------|-----------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ | 602,103 | \$ | 27,397,529 | \$ | 2,676,984 |
| Cash | | 45,487 | | - | | - |
| Fixed Income Securities | | 126,922,128 | | - | | - |
| International Fixed Income Securities | | 26,625,065 | | - | | - |
| Corporate Stock | | 210,216,353 | | - | | - |
| International Corporate Stock | | 57,811,003 | | - | | - |
| Real Estate Investments | | 22,147,479 | | - | | - |
| Short Term Investments | | 16,282,919 | | - | | - |
| Mutual Funds | | 7,457,761 | | - | | - |
| Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions | | 21,963,391 | | - | | - |
| Accounts Receivable | | 1,401,972 | | 2,602 | | 364,112 |
| Land Held for Other Governments | | - | | 50,342,673 | | - |
| Other | _ | 14,783 | | | | - |
| Total Assets | _ | 491,490,444 | | 77,742,804 | _ | 3,041,096 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Investment Payable | | 9,037,432 | | - | | - |
| Accounts Payable | | 577,207 | | 4,633 | | 2,399,643 |
| Claims Payable | | 597,231 | | - | | - |
| Obligation for Collateral Received | | • | | | | |
| under Securities Lending Transactions | | 22,537,284 | | - | | - |
| Deposits | _ | . - | | | _ | 641,453 |
| Total Liabilities | - | 32,749,154 | | 4,633 | _ | 3,041,096 |
| NET ASSETS Assets Held in Trust for: | | | | | | |
| Land Held for Other Governments | | - | | 50,342,673 | | - |
| Pension Benefits | | 451,265,999 | | - . | | - |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | | 7,475,291 | | - | | - |
| Other Purposes | _ | | _ | 27,395,498 | _ | - |
| Total Net Assets | \$ _ | 458,741,290 | \$ _ | 77,738,171 | \$ _ | |

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | _ | Pension Trust Funds | | Private Purpose Trust Funds |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| ADDITIONS | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | |
| Employer | \$ | 26,542,142 | \$ | - |
| Plan Members | • | 4,892,570 | • | - |
| Plan Members for Current Benefits | | 845,226 | | - |
| Private Donations | | <u> </u> | | 51,632 |
| Total Contributions | _ | 32,279,938 | | 51,632 |
| Receipts from Commission Debt Service Funds | | _ | | 1,860,781 |
| Federal Grants - Medicare | | 333,101 | | - |
| Investment Earnings: | | | | |
| Interest | | 6,414,863 | | 752,598 |
| Dividends | | 286,946 | | - |
| Net decrease in the Fair Value of Investments | | (125,394,138) | | - |
| Total Investment Earnings | | (118,692,329) | • | 752,598 |
| Less Investment Advisory and Management Fees | _ | (1,597,109) | | |
| Net Income (Loss) from Investing Activities | _ | (120,289,438) | | 752,598 |
| Securities Lending Activity | | | | |
| Securities Lending Income | | 355,078 | | - |
| Securities Lending Fees | _ | (249,946) | | - |
| Net Income from Securities Lending Activity | _ | 105,132 | | - |
| Total Net Investment Income (Loss) | _ | (120,184,306) | | 752,598 |
| Total Additions and Investment Income (Loss) | | (87,571,267) | | 2,665,011 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | |
| Benefits | | 33,059,925 | | - |
| Refunds of Contributions | | 249,583 | | - |
| Administrative Expenses | | 1,358,695 | | - |
| Other | | - | _ | 62,337 |
| Total Deductions | _ | 34,668,203 | | 62,337 |
| Change in Net Assets | | (122,239,470) | | 2,602,674 |
| Net Assets - Beginning | | 580,980,760 | ٠,٠ | 75,135,497 |
| Net Assets - Ending | \$_ | 458,741,290 | \$ _ | 77,738,171 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

(1) - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(A) The Commission and Its Services

Background

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the "Commission") is a body corporate of the State of Maryland established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1927. The Commission is a bi-county agency. It is empowered to acquire, develop, maintain and administer a regional system of parks in the defined Metropolitan District in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties and to prepare and administer a general plan for the physical development of a defined Regional District for the two Counties. The Commission also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County. The express powers of the Commission are provided in Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. As a body corporate of the State of Maryland, the Commission is not generally subject to local county legislation such as the Tax Reform Initiative by Marylanders ("TRIM"), a Prince George's County Charter Amendment originally enacted in November 1978.

The major source of funding for the Commission's primary services are five property taxes levied on an individual County basis: Montgomery County administration tax - general administration and planning; Montgomery County park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds; Prince George's County administration tax - general administration and planning; Prince George's County park tax - park operations and debt service for park acquisition and development bonds; and the Prince George's County recreation tax for the recreation program. Five separate accounts are maintained within the General Fund to account for the Commission's primary services. Revenues and expenditures that can be specifically identified with a County are recorded in the appropriate account of that County and those that apply to both Counties are allocated to the appropriate accounts. Other funds and accounts are maintained on a Commission-wide or on a separate County basis as necessary and appropriate.

The provisions of Sections 2-113 and 7-107 of Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland require that the Commission publish an annual financial report and that its financial statements be audited by independent certified public accountants. The accompanying financial statements have been presented to meet the financial reporting needs of the Commission and the requirements of Maryland law.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Employees' Retirement System (ERS), administered by the 11 member Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Trust Agreement between the Board and the Commission, is a contributory defined benefit pension system qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The administrative operations are the responsibility of the ERS Staff and Board-appointed Administrator, who reports directly to the Board of Trustees. Publicly available Financial Statements for the ERS can be obtained at 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (115 Trust), administered by the 5 member Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Trust Agreement between the Board and the Commission, is a trust qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 115 to provide health insurance benefits for eligible participants. Only employer funds are held in the trust. The administrative operations are the responsibility of the Administrator who is a Commission employee, and reports directly to the Board of Trustees.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), these financial statements present the Commission and its blended component units, the ERS and the 115 Trust. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the Commission's operations and therefore data from these units are combined with data of the Commission. Accordingly, the financial statements of these component units are included as pension trust funds in the accompanying financial statements and are the only such component units of the Commission.

In accordance with GAAP, the Commission represents a joint venture of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, reportable in the notes to their respective financial statements. The financial data of the Commission pertinent to Montgomery County and Prince George's County for governmental funds are set forth on a County basis in Note 7.

(B) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Commission follows accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

The reporting requirements established by GASB include:

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> – GASB standards require that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Commission's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable), but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Full accrual accounting also recognizes all revenues and the full cost to provide services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in Government-wide financial statements.

The basic financial statements include both Government-wide (based on the Commission as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the Commission as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds (by category). Both the Government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. In the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column on a full accrual, economic resource basis, as discussed above. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

The Government-wide Financial Statements are made up of the following:

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> – The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display the financial position of the Commission (government and business-type activities). The Commission reports all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and reports depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of the Commission are presented in three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted. The Commission generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Commission may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction. The Commission has no restricted assets as of June 30, 2009.

Statement of Activities - The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the Commission's functions. The expense of each individual function is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants). The Government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (county planning and zoning, park operations and maintenance, recreation, etc.) that is otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues. operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (county planning and zoning, park operations and maintenance, recreation, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges for county planning and zoning services; 2) charges for park operations and maintenance; 3) rentals and concessions; 4) recreational and cultural facilities and events and 5) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Direct expenses are considered those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Commission does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the Government-wide statements' governmental activities column, reconciliations are presented which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the Government-wide financial statements.

The Commission's fiduciary funds, the Employees' Retirement System and the Other Post Employment Benefits Fund, which are fiduciary in nature, are presented in the fund financial statements by fund type (pension, private purpose trust, and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Commission, these funds are not incorporated into the Government-wide statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> – Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of the Commission's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. For this reason, the Commission has chosen to make its General Fund budgetary comparison statement part of the basic financial statements. The Commission and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

Since the Commission adopts its General Fund budget by accounts within each county, each of which has a dedicated tax levy, budgetary comparison summaries are presented for each account in Note 7. These accounts are as follows: Montgomery County Administration, Montgomery County Park, Prince George's County Administration, Prince George's County Park, and Prince George's County Recreation.

(C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Government-wide, proprietary and pension trust and private purpose fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are generally recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Employee and employer contributions to pension trust funds are recognized as revenues (additions to net assets) in the period in which employee services are performed. Both benefits and refunds paid are recognized as expenses (deductions from net assets) in the period in which paid.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment has matured and is due.

Property taxes, interest and grants associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Commission.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for the tax revenues and other revenues which fund the Commission's general operations and to account for all other financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Capital Projects Funds – These Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition, development or improvement of parkland and the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds and the Advance Land Acquisition Accounts in the Private Purpose Trust Funds. The Commission maintains separate funds for each county.

The Commission reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Montgomery County and Prince George's County Enterprise Funds</u> – These Enterprise Funds are used to account for recreational and cultural facilities' operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. A separate Enterprise Fund is maintained for the enterprise operations of each county, each of which is considered a major fund.

Additionally, the Commission reports the following fund types:

<u>Other Governmental Funds</u> – The other governmental fund types used by the Commission are special revenue and debt service. Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes. Debt service funds account for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of certain goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the Commission on a cost-reimbursement basis. There are eight internal service funds reported by the Commission: Montgomery County Capital Equipment Fund, Montgomery County Employee Benefits Fund, Montgomery County Risk Management Fund, Prince George's County Executive Office Building Fund, Prince George's County Employee Benefits Fund, Prince George's County Risk Management Fund, and Commission Wide Initiatives Fund.

The Commission reports the following fiduciary fund types:

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> – The Employees' Retirement Fund is used to account for all activities of the Employees' Retirement System including accumulation of resources for, and payment of, retirement annuities and/or other benefits and the administrative costs of operating the system.

The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund is used to account for the accumulation of Commission resources for postretirement health care benefits provided by the Commission. The Commission is not required to make additional contributions unless obligated to do so by resolution. In fiscal year 2009, the Commission continued the phase in over an 8 year period actuarially based funding of Other Postemployment Benefits in connection with the implementation of the accounting requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> – Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for funds whose principal and interest are legally held in trust and must be expended in accordance with their designated purposes. The most significant amounts included are the Advance Land Acquisition Accounts, which are used to acquire land for specific public uses, such as schools, libraries, parks or roads.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The agency funds are used to account for the State retirement funds of participating Commission employees and retirees, and for certain deposits held.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Although governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation, the Commission has elected not to do so.

In the process of aggregating data for the Government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds should be eliminated or reclassified. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the Government-wide financial statements. Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge to funds using the service the costs of capital equipment financing, risk management, employee benefits, Commission-wide initiatives, and the Executive Office Building. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets. The Commission eliminates internal service fund expenses by allocating the expenses to other functions. Expenses for capital equipment, risk management and Commission wide initiatives are allocated based on revenues, and for employee benefits based on salaries expense. The expenses of the Prince George's County Executive Office Building Fund are allocated to general government. The funds are so unique that a single allocation method was not appropriate.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services,

administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments – The Commission pools the cash and investments of all funds into a common pool to maintain investment flexibility and maximize earnings. The Commission's Finance Department manages the pool. Investment earnings are allocated to participating Funds based upon their average monthly equity in pooled cash balances. Commission investments, including those in the Pension Trust Fund, are stated at fair value.

<u>Property Taxes Receivable</u> – All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$3,179,826 at June 30, 2009. The property tax receivable allowance is based on an aging of receivables, with increasing percentages applied to older receivables. Property taxes are levied and collected for the special taxing districts of the Commission by Montgomery and Prince George's County Governments, as appropriate. Semiannual tax payment plans are automatic for homeowners living in their properties unless they request to remain on an annual payment plan. Under the semiannual payment plan, one-half of the real property taxes are due by September 30 and the remaining one-half is due by December 31. Real property taxes are levied on July 1 each year and become delinquent on October 1 and January 1, at which time interest and penalties commence. Personal property and real property taxes levied for a fraction of a year are due when billed. Tax liens on real property are sold at public auction on the second Monday in June in Montgomery County and on the second Monday in May in Prince George's County for taxes that are delinquent.

The property tax revenues and rates of the Commission are not subject to any legislative limitations. However, the respective County Council approves such revenues and rates when budgets are adopted.

<u>Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities</u> – Accounts payable includes only short-term liabilities due and payable within the normal course of business.

Inventories – Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market for proprietary funds.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, trails, dams and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-wide financial statements. The Commission defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and actual costs are not known. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| <u>Assets</u> | <u>Years</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings and Improvements | 20 - 40 |
| Infrastructure | 15 – 60 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 5 – 10 |

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – Commission employees earn annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts, and are granted three days of personal leave annually. Some employees may also earn compensatory leave in lieu of overtime pay. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Commission does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service.

In the Government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. When annual and sick leave are used or taken by employees, the expense is charged directly to the employees' cost center. Compensated absences for leave liabilities for employees charged to proprietary funds, are charged directly to the proprietary funds' cost center to which the employee is assigned. The year-end liability for annual leave and compensatory leave for all employees is calculated based on hours of leave available, priced at current salary rates plus applicable employer payroll taxes.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> – In the Government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Reserves</u> – Fund balances in the governmental funds are reserved for encumbrances and debt service to indicate the amounts are not available for other expenditures.

<u>Designated Fund Balances for Individual Funds and Accounts</u> - The Commission has designated \$38,174,300 of fund balances in the General Fund at June 30, 2009, to fund fiscal year 2010 operations and allow for contingencies, as follows:

| | Montgomery County | | | | | Pr | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---|----|--------------|------------------|----|------------|------------------|
| | Adr | ninistration | Park | | Ad | ministration | Park | F | Recreation | Total |
| Contingencies | \$ | 833,300 | \$ 2,383,30 | | \$ | 2,475,500 | \$ 8,133,200 | \$ | 3,473,300 | \$ 17,298,600 |
| Fiscal year 2010 | | 1,068,200 | 4,574,30 | 0 | | 2,160,900 | 10,845,200 | | 2,227,100 | 20,875,700 |
| | \$ | 1,901,500 | \$ 6,957,60 | 0 | \$ | 4,636,400 | \$ 18,978,400 | \$ | 5,700,400 | \$ 38,174,300 |

(2) – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The governmental fund balance sheet (Exhibit 3) includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit 1). Details related to the most significant items on the reconciliation are as follows.

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds. The capital assets related to governmental funds (not including internal service funds) include:

| Land | \$ 304,333,871 |
|--|-------------------|
| Buildings and improvements | 195,795,325 |
| Infrastructure | 224,650,697 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 54,853,910 |
| Accumulated Depreciation on Buildings, | |
| Improvements and Machinery and Equipment | (259,619,625) |
| Construction in Progress | 71,606,820 |
| Total | \$ 591,620,998 |

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds. The long-term debt related to governmental funds (not including internal service funds) includes:

| Bonds and Notes Payable: | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Due Within One Year | \$ 13,761,597 |
| Due in More than One Year | 106,339,043 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit | |
| Obligations | 19,362,173 |
| Compensated Absences | |
| Due Within One Year | 10, 193, 763 |
| Due in More than One Year | 8,357,027 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 1,382,810 |
| Totals | \$ 159,396,413 |

(3) - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(A) Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used in establishing the annual budget.

On or before January 15, the Commission submits to the County Executive of each County a proposed annual budget for the respective accounts of the General Fund (including park debt service) and the Special Revenue Funds, and a budget plan for the respective Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. The Capital Projects Funds' budgets and six-year expenditure plans are submitted to the County Executive of Prince George's County prior to each November 1 and to the County Executive of Montgomery County prior to November 1 of each odd-numbered year. These budgets and plans include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Each County Executive transmits the budgets and plans with recommendations to the respective County Council. The County Councils conduct public hearings on the budgets and plans, and the budgets and plans are legally adopted prior to July 1.

The legal level of budgetary control is the department or function for the Administration Accounts and the Montgomery County Park Account, and the Account level for Prince George's County Park Account, and Prince George's County Recreation Account. The Commission's expenditures may not exceed the total approved budget for each of the General Fund Accounts without prior approval by the respective County Council, except where grant funds received with the knowledge and approval of Prince George's County constitute an automatic budget amendment, thereby increasing the appropriations. Management is authorized to allow a department or function within a General Fund Account to be overspent by up to 10% of the approved budget without Council approval, provided the account in total is not overspent.

General Fund and Special Revenue Funds unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Capital project appropriations do not lapse until the project is completed. The budget plans for the proprietary funds serve as a guide to the Commission and not as legally binding limitations.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a modified accrual basis consistent with GAAP except that encumbrances are treated as expenditures.

The actual expenditures in the General Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual are presented on a basis consistent with The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Adopted Annual Budget. All expenditures made during fiscal year 2009 were within the legal limitations pertinent to the Commission. Under the budgetary method, current year outstanding encumbrances are charged to the budgetary appropriations and are considered expenditures of the current period. Governmental GAAP considers outstanding encumbrances as reservations of fund balances that are charged to expenditures in the period in which the goods or services are used or received.

Reconciliation from the Budget Basis to the GAAP Basis for the year ended June 30, 2009 is as follows. The following account information is reported in Note 7.

| | Montgomery County | | | Prince George's County | | | | | | Total | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----|------------------------|----|---------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|--------------|
| | Ac | dministration | | Park | Ac | dministration | | Park | F | Recreation | | General |
| | | Account | | Account | | Account | | Account | | Account | | Fund |
| Adjustment to Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | - | | |
| To Increase - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Encumbrances - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, 2008 | \$ | 2,658,141 | \$ | 1,781,261 | \$ | 8,594,768 | \$ | 4,577,771 | \$ | 4,006,784 | \$ | 21,618,725 |
| To Decrease - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Encumbrances - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, 2009 | | (3, 137, 475) | | (3,837,443) | (| (10,871,655) | | (9,917,207) | | (3,642,635) | | (31,406,415) |
| Total Adjustment | | (479,334) | | (2,056,182) | | (2,276,887) | | (5,339,436) | | 364,149 | | (9,787,690) |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | e: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP Basis | | 1,462,825 | | (1,097,427) | | (1,961,608) | | (2,096,565) | | (3,446,936) | | (7,139,711) |
| Budget Basis | \$ | 983,491 | \$ | (3,153,609) | \$ | (4,238,495) | \$ | (7,436,001) | \$ | (3,082,787) | \$ | (16,927,401) |

(4) – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(A) Cash and Investments

The Commission's deposits and investments as of June 30, 2009, totaled \$896,794,474. The Commission's unrestricted pool of deposits and investments (\$394,312,909) is available to all funds, except for the Pension Trust Funds.

Commission Cash and Investments

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u> - At year-end, the carrying amount of cash deposits was \$6,368,931 and the bank balance was \$7,467,709. In addition, the Commission held cash at various locations totaling \$248,740. All the bank balances were covered by Federal depository insurance.

In addition, the Commission had Certificates of Deposit with a carrying value (including accrued interest) of \$97,859,872 at June 30, 2009. The certificates, with an average life of 145.18 days, were covered by collateral of \$148,908,337, which is greater than bank balances for all applicable banks.

The Commission requires collateral for the bank balances of deposits and investments to be held in the Commission's name by the trust department of a bank other than the pledging bank. The Commission's policy was complied with throughout the year ended June 30, 2009. Collateral shall be maintained in

excess of FDIC insurance coverage for all Commission bank cash accounts, certificates of deposits and time deposits.

<u>Money Market Deposits</u> - At year end the carrying value (fair value) of deposits in investment grade money market accounts is \$25,041,298. Of these deposits \$107,644 relate to cash and investments restricted for construction.

<u>Investments</u> - The Annotated Code of Maryland authorizes the Commission to invest in obligations for which the United States has pledged its full faith and credit for the payment of principal and interest, obligations that are issued by a Federal agency, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, the State Treasurer's investment pool, and certificates of deposit. Commission bond proceeds may also be invested in municipal bonds and notes. The investments program also complies with the Commission's internal investment policy.

Statutes do not restrict the investment activity of the pension trust funds.

<u>Cash and Investments Restricted for Unspent Debt Proceeds</u> - At year-end, the Commission had \$13,009,979 of unspent bonds and note proceeds restricted to pay construction costs for various projects.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Investments</u> – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Commission will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Statutes require that securities underlying repurchase agreements have a fair value of at least 102% of the cost of the investment. If during the year, the fair value of securities underlying such investments falls below this required level, additional collateral is pledged or other collateral in the amount of the required level is substituted. All collateral met statutory requirements and is held in the Commission's name by a third-party custodian.

<u>Fixed Income Investments</u> - Fixed income investments included in the Commission's Pooled Investments at June 30, 2009 were as follows:

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Weighted Average Maturity (Days) |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Commercial Paper | \$ 38,346,478 | 57.67 |
| Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Notes | 42,534,991 | 68.40 |
| U.S. Treasury Bills | 6,751,982 | 139.93 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank Notes | 63,137,850 | 51.03 |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association Notes | 64,479,810 | 299.48 |
| Federal National Mortgage Association Notes | 58,052,078 | 103.74 |
| Municipal Securities | 4,500,858 | 4.89 |
| Total fair value | \$ 277,804,047 | |
| Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity | | 124.20 |

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The Commission manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the maturity of its investment portfolio. The majority of investments shall be for a maximum maturity of one year. A portion of the portfolio may be invested in U.S. Government and U.S. Agency securities with a maturity of up to two years.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The Commission's investment policy requires that investments in commercial paper, money market accounts and bankers acceptances have received ratings of the highest letter and numerical rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization as designated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Up to 10% of bond proceeds may be invested in money market mutual funds that have not received the highest rating but are still recognized as investment grade. All related investments have received ratings of the highest letter quality, except for \$107,644 (0.8%) of bond funds invested in a money market fund that is considered investment grade.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Commission's investment in a single issuer. It is the Commission's policy to diversify by investment type and institution in order to avoid unreasonable risks, with maximum limitation as follows:

| Diversification by Investment Type | Maximum Percent of Portfolio* |
|--|-------------------------------|
| U.S. Government Securities | 100 % |
| U.S. Agency Securities | 60 |
| Repurchase Agreements | 60 |
| Certificates of Deposit (Including Time Deposits) ** | 25 |
| Bankers' Acceptances | 50 |
| Bankers' Acceptances – Non-U.S. | 5 |
| Commercial Paper | 10 |
| Pooled Investments | 25 |
| Money Market Mutual Funds (10%/fund) | 25 |
| Bond Proceeds: | |
| Municipal Securities | 100 |
| Money Market Mutual Funds – Highest Rating | 100 |
| Money Market Mutual Funds – Investment Grade | 10 |

| <u>Diversification by Institution</u> | Maximum Percent of Portfolio* |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Approved Broker/Dealers and Financial Institutions | 30 % |
| Money Market Mutual Funds by Fund | 10 |
| U.S. Government Agency by Agency | 20 |
| Bankers Acceptances by Institution | 20 |
| Commercial Banks for CD's and Time Deposits** | 20 |

^{*} At time of purchase

The Commission is in compliance with this policy.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS) Cash and Investments

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u> - For cash deposits and cash equivalents, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

The amount of ERS's total cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2009, was \$16,310,876. Cash deposits in the bank account totaled \$27,957 that was insured and collateralized. At June 30, 2009, ERS held \$16,282,919 of cash equivalents in its custodial investment accounts.

As of June 30, 2009, ERS's cash equivalents were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

| Uninsured and uncollateralized | \$ 169,719 |
|--|------------|
| Uninsured and held by custodial bank not in ERS's name | 85,569 |
| | \$ 255,288 |

<u>Investments</u> - The Board of Trustees ("Board") of ERS is authorized by the Trust Agreement dated July 26, 1972 and most recently amended September 16, 2009 to invest and reinvest the Trust Fund, as may be determined by investment counsel selected by the Commission. The Board is authorized to formulate investment policies, develop investment manager guidelines and objectives, and approve the retention of qualified advisors. The Commission approves new investment managers.

^{**} Certificates of deposit are classified as deposits for financial reporting purposes.

The Trust Fund shall be diversified across investment classes and among investment managers in order to achieve an optimal balance between risk and return. The Board established target allocations for the authorized investment classes as follows:

| 35 % |
|-------|
| 20 |
| 15 |
| 10 |
| 10 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 100 % |
| |

Trust Fund assets should be invested to obtain an appropriate long-term total return consistent with the overriding goal of limiting the risk of a large loss.

Each investment manager has a set of Guidelines, which contain investment objectives, and risk control provisions, which are appropriate for each manager's mission. Investment managers have discretion within the constraints of these Guidelines and are subject to regular review by the Board.

The Trust Fund has guidelines, which apply broadly to each asset class as follows:

U.S. Equity Guidelines

- U.S. Equity investment managers are limited to no more than 5% of the value of the portfolio in cash equivalents at any time.
- The U.S. Equity Composite should match the Russell 3000 Index in terms of capitalization and growth characteristics.
- 75% to 85% should be invested in "large capitalization stocks".
- 15% to 25% should be invested in "small capitalization stocks".

Non-U.S. Equity Guidelines

- Cash equivalent exposure is limited to 5%.
- 85% to 100% should be invested in "developed markets".
- 0% to 15% should be invested in "emerging markets".

Fixed Income Guidelines

- The Fixed Income Composite is limited to 20% of its value in cash equivalents at any time.
- A single issuer cannot exceed 5% of the market value of the fixed income composite at any time.
- Duration of the fixed income composite should remain within +/- 1.5 years relative to the asset class benchmarks. The duration of the fixed income composite at June 30, 2009 was 4.21 years with the Merrill Lynch BB/B and the Barclays Aggregate at 4.32 and 4.19 years, respectively.
- Securities with a weighted-average life greater than 30 years are prohibited.
- The fixed income composite is expected to maintain an aggregate weighting of at least a single A.

Real Estate Guidelines

- Cash equivalent exposure is limited to 10%.
- The maximum allocation by geographic region and property type is limited to 150% of its weight in the index and a minimum of 50% of its weight in the index.
- No individual property investor is expected to exceed 7.5% of the real estate composite at any time.

The valuation objective is to accurately estimate the net asset value on a daily basis. The
Valuation Consultant (VC) obtains an independent third-party appraisal of each property at least
every 12 months. Monthly, the VC provides a list of property values that is based on a portfolio
overview, updated discounted cash flow models, and/or limited scope, restricted appraisals and
any facts regarding any event that occurs (i.e. lease or sale) that could impact property value.

Guidelines for Real Assets will be developed prior to implementation of this strategy.

Unless the Board grants prior authorization, an investment manager may not:

- Purchase securities on margin.
- Sell uncovered call options or sell put options.
- Leverage the portfolio.
- Sell securities short.
- Purchase commingled funds, mutual funds, or common trusts.
- Own more than 10% of any class of securities of any one issuer.
- Purchase letter stock, private placements, or sell securities restricted in a similar manner, other than those provided by SEC Rule 144A.
- Invest in commodities, or any vehicle that would leverage the portfolio.

<u>Derivative Policy Statement</u> – A derivative policy statement identifies and allows common derivative investments and strategies, which are consistent with the Investment Policy Statement. The guidelines identify transaction-level and portfolio-level risk control procedures and documentation requirements. Managers are required to measure and monitor exposure to counterparty credit risk. All counterparties must have commercial paper credit ratings of at least A1 or equivalent rating. The duration and other risk exposure limits specified in the managers' guidelines are expected to be satisfied on an ongoing basis. Investment managers are permitted to use such derivatives for hedging purposes, including crosshedging of currency exposures, to replicate the risk/return profile of an asset or asset class, and to tactically change country exposure. Derivative securities such as "plain vanilla" CMO's and structure notes are allowed. CMO's which are not "plain vanilla" are restricted to 5% of a manager's portfolio. Any use of derivatives not listed above is prohibited without written approval of the board.

The following use of derivatives is prohibited:

- **Leverage** Derivatives shall not be used to magnify exposure to an asset beyond that which would be allowed by the guidelines.
- **Unrelated Speculation** Derivatives shall not be used to create exposures to securities, currencies, indices, or any other financial variable unless such exposures would be allowed by the manager's guidelines if created with non-derivative securities.

ERS's investments at June 30, 2009 were as follows:

| Investment Type | Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|
| Common Stock | \$ 267,164,652 |
| Preferred Stock | 93,126 |
| Convertible Equity | 248,096 |
| Government Bonds | 5,463,374 |
| Government Agencies | 4,468,827 |
| Provincial Bonds | 320,430 |
| Corporate Bonds | 46,563,219 |
| Corporate Convertible Bonds | 521,481 |
| Government Mortgage Backed Securities | 31,786,604 |
| Commercial Mortgage-Backed | 2,074,098 |
| Asset Backed Securities | 3,975,967 |
| Non-Government Backed CMOs | 5,853,606 |
| Index Linked Government Bonds | 3,267,926 |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds | 49,773,143 |
| Real Estate | 22,147,479 |
| Cash & Cash Equivalent Derivative-Options | (38,250) |
| Short Term Investment Funds | 16,064,476 |
| Securities Lending Short Term Collateral Investment Pool | 21,963,391 |
| Cash | 256,693 |
| Total Investments | \$ 481,968,338 |

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Investments</u> – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, ERS will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either a) the counterparty or b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name. The ERS requires that all investments be clearly marked as to ownership and to the extent possible, shall be registered in the name of ERS.

Of ERS's \$482.0 million in investments at June 30, 2009, \$22.0 million were cash collateral reinvestment securities acquired by the custodian, whom is also the lending agent/counterparty. This is consistent with ERS's securities lending agreement in place with the custodian.

The fair value of cash collateral securities as of June 30, 2009, is presented by type below:

| <u>Collateral</u> | <u>Fair Value</u> |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| U.S. Agencies | \$ 608,861 |
| U.S. Corporate Fixed | 10,409,209 |
| U.S. Equities | 5,256,180 |
| U.S. Government Fixed | 5,689,141 |
| Total | \$ 21,963,391 |

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Each investment manager has duration targets and bands that control interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2009, ERS had the following fixed income investments and short term investments with the following maturities:

| | | Weighted Average |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | Maturity-Years |
| Asset Backed Securities | \$ 3,975,967 | 20.055054 |
| Commercial Mortgage-Backed | 2,074,098 | 30.519345 |
| Corporate Bonds | 46,563,219 | 12.966754 |
| Corporate Convertible Bonds | 521,481 | 18.222596 |
| Government Agencies | 4,468,826 | 10.924959 |
| Government Bonds | 5,463,374 | 11.668643 |
| Government Mortgage Backed Securities | 31,786,604 | 27.574334 |
| Guaranteed Fixed Income | 232,276 | 2.948379 |
| Index Linked Government Bonds | 3,267,926 | 15.144349 |
| Provincial Bonds | 320,430 | 2.801364 |
| Non - Government Backed CMOs | 5,853,606 | 32.366886 |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds | 49,540,867 | N/A |
| Short Term Investment Funds | 16,064,476 | N/A |
| Totals | \$ 170,133,150 | - |
| Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity | | 18.288094 |

<u>Collateralized Mortgage Obligations</u> - Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) are a type of mortgage-backed security that creates several pools of pass-through rates for different classes of bonds, called tranches. The tranches have their own risk characteristics with varying maturities. These securities are based on cash flows from interest payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgages, which may result from a decline in interest rates. The repayments of principal and interest from the pass-through securities are used to retire the bonds in an established order of maturity. ERS held \$5,853,606 in CMO's at June 30, 2009.

<u>Asset-backed Securities</u> – Asset-backed securities (ABS) are bond or notes backed by loan paper or accounts receivable originated by banks, credit card companies, or other providers of credit. The originator of the loan or accounts receivable paper sells it to a specially created trust, which repackages it as securities. Brokerage firms underwrite the securities and reoffer them to the public. ERS held \$3,975,967 in ABS at June 30, 2009.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by a nationally recognized credit rating agency such as Standard & Poor's Services. Individual manager guidelines require investment managers to follow certain controls, documentation and risk management procedures. Managers are required to measure and monitor exposure to counterparty credit risk. All counterparties must have commercial paper credit ratings of at least A1 or equivalent rating.

Individual investment manager guidelines include limitations on the percentage of securities including derivatives. A Derivative policy statement identifies and allows common derivative investments and strategies which are consistent with the Investment Policy statement.

Credit Quality Distribution for Securities With Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments

| Agency | Government | 7.635 % |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|
| Agency | AAA | 1.420 |
| Agency | Α | 0.067 |
| Agency | BBB | 0.123 |
| Agency | BB | 0.043 |
| Agency | Not Rated | 0.036 |
| Asset Backed Securities | AAA | 0.479 |
| Asset Backed Securities | AA | 0.021 |
| Asset Backed Securities | Α | 0.027 |
| Asset Backed Securities | BBB | 0.157 |
| Asset Backed Securities | BB | 0.037 |
| Asset Backed Securities | CCC | 0.062 |
| Asset Backed Securities | Not Rated | 0.042 |
| Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities | AAA | 0.309 |
| Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities | Not Rated | 0.121 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | AAA | 0.867 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | AA | 0.004 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | Α | 0.050 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | BBB | 0.055 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | BB | 0.033 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | В | 0.089 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | CCC | 0.061 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | D | 0.006 |
| Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s | Not Rated | 0.048 |
| Corporate Bonds | AAA | 0.105 |
| Corporate Bonds | AA | 0.534 |
| Corporate Bonds | Α | 2.375 |
| Corporate Bonds | BBB | 2.537 |
| Corporate Bonds | BB | 1.969 |
| Corporate Bonds | В | 1.536 |
| Corporate Bonds | CCC | 0.435 |
| Corporate Bonds | CC | 0.063 |
| Corporate Bonds | D | 0.012 |
| Corporate Bonds | Not Rated | 0.084 |
| Corporate Convertible Bonds | Α | 0.001 |
| Corporate Convertible Bonds | BB | 0.050 |
| Corporate Convertible Bonds | В | 0.045 |
| Corporate Convertible Bonds | Not Rated | 0.012 |
| Provincial Bonds | AAA | 0.066 |
| Government Mortgage Backed | AAA | 0.047 |
| Other Fixed Income | Not Rated | 10.249 |
| Short Term Investment Fund | Not Rated | 3.329 |

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> – The ERS does not have a policy for foreign currency risk. Foreign currency is intentionally unhedged. ERS's exposure to foreign currency risk at June 30, 2009, is as follows:

| Investment Type | Currency | | Fair Value | |
|---------------------|---------------------|----|------------|--|
| Government Bonds | Brazilian Real | \$ | 593,205 | |
| Government Bonds | Canadian Dollars | | 543,227 | |
| Government Bonds | Columbian Peso | | 155,775 | |
| Government Bonds | New Zealand Dollars | | 48,800 | |
| Government Agencies | Canadian Dollars | | 120,022 | |
| Government Agencies | Indonesian Rupiah | | 137,748 | |
| Provincial Bonds | Australian Dollar | | 143,607 | |
| Corporate Bonds | Canadian Dollars | | | |
| Corporate Bonds | Mexican Peso | | 110,628 | |
| Corporate Bonds | New Zealand Dollars | | 69,865 | |
| Cash | Iceland Krona | | 3,424 | |
| Total | | \$ | 1,934,244 | |

Note: These schedules do not agree with the total international obligations and international equities as listed in the schedule of ERS investments due to international obligations valued in U.S. dollars, but classified as international.

Cash Received as Securities Lending Collateral

The following table details the net income from securities lending for the period ending June 30, 2009:

| Security lending income | \$ 355,078 |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Less security lending fees | 249,946 |
| Net securites lending income | \$ 105,132 |

The Board of Trustees authorized the lending of fixed income securities, which activity is managed by the custodian bank. There were no violations of legal or contractual provisions, and no borrower or lending agent default losses known to the securities lending agent as of June 30, 2009 except on September 15, 2008, Lehman Brothers International Europe (LBIE) and on September 18, 2008, Lehman Brothers Inc. (LBI) were called into default on obligations under the terms of one or more of the Securities Borrowing Agreements. All clients were compensated for any security that was not returned from loan in accordance with the contractual obligation. Due to the nature of the program's collateralization of loans at a minimum of 102% of market value plus accrued interest, management of the ERS believes that there is no credit risk exposure since the ERS owes the borrower more than the borrower owes the ERS.

Securities are loaned against collateral that may include cash, U.S. government securities, and irrevocable letters of credit. U.S. government securities are loaned against collateral valued at 102% of the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Non-U.S. government securities are loaned against collateral valued at 105% of the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Non-cash collateral cannot be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaults. Consequently, the non-cash collateral has not been reported as an asset or liability on the statement of plan net assets. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower, although the average term of overall loans were approximately 64 days in 2009.

Cash open collateral is invested in a short-term investment pool, which had an average weighted maturity of 15 days in 2009. Cash collateral may also be invested separately in "term loans", in which case the

investments match the loan term. These loans can be terminated on demand by either lender or borrower. There are no dividends or coupon payments owing on the securities lent.

The custodian bank's responsibilities include performing appropriate borrower and collateral investment credit analyses, demanding adequate types and levels of collateral, and complying with applicable Department of Labor and Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council regulations concerning securities lending. Loss indemnification is provided when securities are not returned due to the insolvency of a borrower and the trustee bank fails to fulfill its contractual responsibilities relating to the lending of those securities to that borrower.

The following table presents the fair values of the underlying securities, and the value of the collateral pledged at June 30, 2009:

| Securities Lent | Fair Value | | Cash Collateral Received* | | oncash teral Value* |
|-------------------------|------------------|----|------------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Fixed income securities | \$ 16,707,211 | \$ | 17,124,625 | \$ | - |
| Domestic equities | 5,256,180 | | 5,412,659 | | - |
| Total | \$ 21,963,391 | \$ | 22,537,284 | \$ | - |

^{*}The securities collateral value is based on ERS's pro rata share of the value of the securities collateral maintained at The Northern Trust Bank on the program wide collateralization levels.

Other Post Employment Benefits (the "Trust") Cash and Investments

The Trust had \$17,530 of cash on hand at June 30, 2009. The trust participates in the Commission's pooled cash for payment of benefits, and had equity in pooled cash balance of \$602,103. Investments in mutual funds totaled \$7,457,761.

<u>Investments</u> - The Board of Trustees of the Trust ("Board") is authorized by the Trust Agreement dated July 1, 1999 and amended May 16, 2007 to invest and reinvest the Trust Fund. The Board is authorized to formulate investment policies, develop investment manager guidelines and objectives, and approve the retention of qualified advisors and investment managers. The target allocations as established by the Board for the authorized investment classes during fiscal year 2009 are as follows:

| Asset Class | <u>Minimum</u> | <u>Maximum</u> |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Equity Funds Index Fund | 90% | 100% |
| Cash and Equivalents | 2% | 10% |

The Trust's investments in mutual funds at June 30, 2009 were as follows:

| Investment Type | | Fair Value |
|-------------------|--------|------------|
| Equity Index Fund | \$ | 7,457,761 |

Cash and investment balances are shown in the financial statements as follows:

| Statement of Net Assets | |
|--|-------------------|
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ 363,636,293 |
| Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - | |
| Unspent Bonds Proceeds | 13,009,979 |
| Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - Pension Trust Funds | 602,103 |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - Private Purpose Trust Funds | 27,397,529 |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - Agency Funds | 2,676,984 |
| Cash and Marketable Securities - Pension Trust Funds | 467,508,195 |
| Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions - Pension Trust Funds | 21,963,391 |
| Total | \$ 896,794,474 |
| They are composed of: | - |
| Cash in Banks of Commission | \$ 6,368,931 |
| Cash of Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust Fund | 27,957 |
| Cash in Other Post Employment Benefits Fund | 17,530 |
| Cash in Other Locations - Commission | 248,740 |
| Money Market Deposits of Commission | 25,041,298 |
| Certificates of Deposit of Commission | 97,859,872 |
| Fixed Income Securities In Commission's Investment Pool | 277,804,047 |
| Mutual funds in Other Post Employment Benefits Fund | 7,457,761 |
| Investments of Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust Fund | |
| Equity Investments | 267,505,874 |
| Fixed Income Securities | 170,133,151 |
| Real Estate | 22,147,479 |
| Cash | 256,693 |
| Cash & Cash Equivalent Derivative-Options | (38,250) |
| Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions | 21,963,391 |
| Total | \$ 896,794,474 |

(B) Capital Assets

A summary of governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2009 is as follows:

| | | | | Transfers/ | |
|---|----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| | July 1, 2008 | Increases | Decreases | Contributions | June 30, 2009 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 292,724,538 | \$ 12,712,858 | \$ (355,028) | \$ - | \$ 305,082,368 |
| Construction in progress | 50,914,003 | 27,188,217 | - | (4,457,891) | 73,644,329 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 343,638,541 | 39,901,075 | (355,028) | (4,457,891) | 378,726,697 |
| Other capital assets, being depreciated | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 197,453,647 | 316,179 | _ | 675,364 | 198,445,190 |
| Infrastructure | 220,689,170 | 179,000 | _ | 3,782,527 | 224,650,697 |
| Machinery and equipment | 75,287,961 | 9,425,428 | (2,107,195) | - | 82,606,194 |
| Total other capital assets | 493,430,778 | 9,920,607 | (2,107,195) | 4,457,891 | 505,702,081 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | (108,677,052) | (5,144,839) | _ | - | (113,821,891) |
| Infrastructure | (103,196,981) | (5,826,789) | _ | - | (109,023,770) |
| Machinery and equipment | (55,103,168) | (5,381,225) | 2,107,195 | - | (58,377,198) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (266,977,201) | (16,352,853) | 2,107,195 | | (281,222,859) |
| Total other capital asset, net | 226,453,577 | (6,432,246) | | 4,457,891 | 224,479,222 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 570,092,118 | \$ 33,468,829 | \$ (355,028) | \$ - | \$ 603,205,919 |

Summaries of business-type activities capital assets at June 30, 2009, made up of two major enterprise funds, are as follows:

| | J | uly 1, 2008 | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | Increases | | D | ecreases | J١ | une 30, 2009 |
|---|----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|---|----------|----|--------------|
| Montgomery County Enterprise Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 11,584,468 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 11,584,468 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | | 172,164 | | 225,724 | | - | | 397,888 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | | 11,756,632 | | 225,724 | | - | | 11,982,356 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets being depreciated | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 26,994,492 | | 5,356 | | - | | 26,999,848 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 1,625,438 | | 54,989 | | - | | 1,680,427 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | | 28,619,930 | | 60,345 | | | _ | 28,680,275 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | (12,459,892) | | (1,297,528) | | - | | (13,757,420) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | (1,232,630) | | (66,408) | | - | | (1,299,038) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | (13,692,522) | | (1,363,936) | | | | (15,056,458) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | | 14,927,408 | | (1,303,591) | | | | 13,623,817 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets, net | \$ | 26,684,040 | \$ | (1,077,867) | \$ | | \$ | 25,606,173 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prince George's County Enterprise Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 7,779,131 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 7,779,131 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 72,270,589 | | - | | - | | 72,270,589 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 4,783,290 | | 288,316 | | (23,630) | | 5,047,976 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | | 77,053,879 | | 288,316 | | (23,630) | | 77,318,565 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | (23,322,936) | | (2,044,588) | | _ | | (25, 367, 524) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | | (3,307,994) | | (224,396) | | 23,630 | | (3,508,760) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | (26,630,930) | | (2,268,984) | | 23,630 | | (28,876,284) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | | 50,422,949 | | (1,980,668) | | | | 48,442,281 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets, net | \$ | 58,202,080 | \$ | (1,980,668) | \$ | | \$ | 56,221,412 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Business-type activities | \$ | 84,886,120 | \$ | (3,058,535) | \$ | _ | \$ | 81,827,585 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Commission as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|--|------------------|
| General Government | \$ 297,904 |
| County Planning and Zoning | 614,086 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | 13,340,807 |
| Recreation Programs | 2,100,056 |
| Total depreciation expense - governmental activities | \$ 16,352,853 |
| | |
| Total depreciation expense - business-type activities: | |
| Recreational and Cultural Facilities | \$ 3,632,920 |

<u>Construction Commitments</u> - The Commission is committed to \$28,954,611 for construction contracts for work to be performed in subsequent years.

(C) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The Commission had no interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2009.

The Commission had the following interfund transfers during fiscal year 2009:

| | | ntgomery County Capital | Pr | ince George's County Capital | Non-major overnmental | Proprietary | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Interfund Transfers: | General | Projects | | Projects | Funds | Funds | Total |
| Transfers In | | - | | | | | |
| General Fund - Administration Account | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 1,823,000 | \$ - | \$ 1,823,000 |
| General Fund - Park Account | - | - | | 59,554,000 | 17,741,222 | 619,000 | 77,914,222 |
| General Fund - Recreation Account | - | - | | - | - | 8,980,900 | 8,980,900 |
| Special Revenue Fund | - | - | | 1,628,809 | - | - | 1,628,809 |
| Debt Service Fund | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Capital Projects | 3,332,353 | - | | - | 38,212 | - | 3,370,565 |
| Total Transfers In | \$ 3,332,353 | \$ - | \$ | 61,182,809 | \$ 19,602,434 | \$ 9,599,900 | \$ 93,717,496 |
| Transfers Out | | | | | | | |
| General Fund - Park Account | \$ - | \$ 289,009 | \$ | 3,043,344 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,332,353 |
| Debt Service Fund | 17,741,222 | 38,212 | | - | - | - | 17,779,434 |
| Capital Projects | 59,554,000 | - | | - | 1,628,809 | - | 61,182,809 |
| Special Revenue Fund | 1,823,000 | - | | - | - | - | 1,823,000 |
| Enterprise Fund | 9,599,900 | - | | - | - | - | 9,599,900 |
| Internal Service Fund | - | - | | - | - | - | |
| Total Transfers Out | \$ 88,718,122 | \$ 327,221 | \$ | 3,043,344 | \$ 1,628,809 | \$ - | \$ 93,717,496 |

A majority of the transfers was to provide funding for the Debt Service Fund for Park Acquisition and Development Bonds (\$17,741,222) and current funding for Capital Projects (\$61,182,809).

Proprietary fund transfers are made up of the following:

| | Mo | ntgomery | Prin | nce George's | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|--------------|----|-------------|
| | County | | | County | | Total |
| | Enterprise | | Enterprise | | F | Proprietary |
| Interfund Transfers: | | Fund | | Fund | | Funds |
| Transfers In | | | | _ | | _ |
| General Fund - Park Account | \$ | 619,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 619,000 |
| General Fund - Recreation Account | | | | 8,980,900 | | 8,980,900 |
| Total Transfers In | \$ | 619,000 | \$ | 8,980,900 | \$ | 9,599,900 |

The Commission's policy is to account for the construction of Prince George's County Enterprise Fund assets in the Capital Projects Fund until completed. Once completed, the assets are transferred from Governmental Activities Capital Assets and capitalized in the Prince George's County Enterprise Fund.

In addition to the above transfers, tax revenues of \$1,860,781 not needed to pay current debt service were contributed by the Advanced Land Acquisition Debt Service Funds to the Advanced Land Acquisition Accounts in the Private Purpose Trust Funds.

(D) Operating Leases

The Commission is committed under several operating leases for office space and office equipment expiring at various dates through 2013. Each agreement provides for termination in the event of nonappropriation of funds.

Future minimum commitments under operating leases at June 30, 2009 are as follows (\$000's):

| | | Opera | ting Leases | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------------|----|---------|
| | | | | F | Prince |
| | | Mon | tgomery | Ge | eorge's |
| Year Ending June 30 | Total | C | County | | County |
| 2010 | \$ 3,053 | \$ | 985 | \$ | 2,068 |
| 2011 | 3,014 | | 923 | | 2,091 |
| 2012 | 2,457 | | 628 | | 1,829 |
| 2013 | 671 | | - | | 671 |
| Total minimum lease payments | \$ 9,195 | \$ | 2,536 | \$ | 6,659 |

In fiscal year 2009, expenditures in the General Fund included \$1,584,890 relating to the rental of office space and \$1,512,412 relating to rental and other charges for rented equipment.

(E) Long-Term Obligations

<u>Notes and Loans Payable</u> - Notes payable and loans are only reported at the Government-wide level. Payments required to maturity on notes payable at June 30, 2009 are as follows (\$000's):

| | | | Montgom 6 | ery Co | unty | Pri | nce Georg | ge's C | ounty | |
|----------------|----------|----|-----------|--------|-------|--------------|-----------|----------|-------|--|
| Year Ending | | | Govern | menta | I | Governmental | | | | |
| <u>June 30</u> | Total | Р | rincipal | Inte | erest | Pı | incipal | Interest | | |
| 2010 | \$ 1,772 | \$ | 1,269 | \$ | 58 | \$ | 401 | \$ | 44 | |
| 2011 | 1,003 | | 663 | | 26 | | 285 | | 29 | |
| 2012 | 646 | | 368 | | 5 | | 258 | | 15 | |
| 2013 | 113 | | - | | - | | 110 | | 3 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total payments | \$ 3,534 | \$ | 2,300 | \$ | 89 | \$ | 1,054 | \$ | 91 | |

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - The Commission is authorized to issue general obligation bonds for the acquisition of park land and the development of parks and recreational facilities, designated as Park Acquisition and Development Bonds ("Park Bonds"); to provide resources for advance land acquisition for highways, schools and other public purposes, designated as Advance Land Acquisition Bonds ("Advance Land Bonds"); and to refund both Park and Advance Land Bonds. The general obligation bonds are issued on the full faith and credit of the Commission and the county for which the bonds are issued.

Mandatory taxes of 3.6 cents per \$100 of real property assessed valuation (9 cents for personal property) in Montgomery County and at least 4 cents per \$100 of real property assessed valuation (10 cents for personal property) in Prince George's County are required by Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland to be levied in the Metropolitan District in the respective counties for the payment of Park Bond debt service. In 2009, debt service payments approximated 0.26 cents per \$100 of real property and 0.65 cents per \$100 of personal property for Montgomery County and 1.63 cents for real property and 4.05 cents for personal property for Prince George's County. The remainder of the proceeds of the mandatory taxes was used for operating and maintaining the park system of the respective counties.

The Advance Land Bonds are payable from limited annual ad valorem property taxes which are levied by the respective county on all property assessed for the purpose of county taxation.

The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, for each of the subsequent five years and in five-year increments thereafter is as follows (000's):

Montgomery County General Obligation Bonds

| | | | | | (| Governmen | talAc | tivities | | | | |
|-------------|----|----------|----|---------|----|-----------|-------|----------|-----|-------|-----|--------|
| | | Total | | Total | | Total | | Total | T | otal | | Γotal |
| Fiscal | | Park | | Park | | Park | | ALA | A | ALA | - | ALA |
| Year | Р | rincipal | li | nterest | Ρá | aym ents | Р | rincipal | Int | erest | Pay | yments |
| 2010 | \$ | 2,610 | \$ | 1,061 | \$ | 3,671 | \$ | 530 | \$ | 118 | \$ | 648 |
| 2011 | | 2,970 | | 991 | | 3,961 | | 535 | | 95 | | 630 |
| 2012 | | 2,515 | | 904 | | 3,419 | | 240 | | 79 | | 319 |
| 2013 | | 2,620 | | 824 | | 3,444 | | 240 | | 71 | | 311 |
| 2014 | | 2,345 | | 747 | | 3,092 | | 235 | | 61 | | 296 |
| 2015-2019 | | 10,065 | | 2,698 | | 12,763 | | 710 | | 205 | | 915 |
| 2020 - 2024 | | 6,495 | | 1,125 | | 7,620 | | 600 | | 86 | | 686 |
| 2025 - 2029 | | 2,670 | | 229 | | 2,899 | | 120 | | 3 | | 123 |
| Totals | \$ | 32,290 | \$ | 8,579 | \$ | 40,869 | \$ | 3,210 | \$ | 718 | \$ | 3,928 |

| Fiscal Year | F | Total Park Principal | Total Park nterest | P | Total Park aym en ts | A | otal ALA ncipal | Α | otal LA erest | A | otal ALA ments | General Obligation Bonds |
|----------------|----|----------------------------|--------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------------|----|---------------------|----|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2010 | \$ | 10,270 | \$ 3,305 | \$ | 13,575 | \$ | 295 | \$ | 22 | \$ | 317 | \$ 13,892 |
| 2011 | | 10,166 | 2,955 | | 13,121 | | 290 | | 8 | | 298 | 13,419 |
| 2012 | | 9,042 | 2,631 | | 11,673 | | | | | | - | 11,673 |
| 2013 | | 9,290 | 2,313 | | 11,603 | | - | | - | | - | 11,603 |
| 2014 | | 7,812 | 2,010 | | 9,822 | | | | | | | 9,822 |
| 2015 - 2019 | | 27,621 | 5,658 | | 33,279 | | - | | - | | - | 33,279 |
| 2020 - 2024 | | 9,695 | 1,424 | | 11,119 | | - | | - | | - | 11,119 |
| 2025 - 2029 | | 1,605 | 137 | | 1,742 | | - | | - | | - | 1,742 |
| Totals | \$ | 85,501 | \$ 20,433 | \$ | 105,934 | \$ | 585 | \$ | 30 | \$ | 615 | \$ 106,549 |

<u>Outstanding General Obligation Bonds</u> - General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009, consist of the following individual issues (000's):

| Series | at Date of Sale | Dated | Date | Payment | Issue | June 30, 2009 |
|---|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| Montgomery County | | | | | | |
| Park Acquisition and Development Bonds | | | | | | |
| Series Y-2 | 5.0232 % | 11/01/00 | 11/01/10 | \$ 230 | \$ 5,700 | \$ 460 |
| Series CC-2 (Note 1) | 3.7819 | 12/01/02 | 12/01/22 | 875 | 12,155 | 7,430 |
| Series FF-2 | 3.8457 | 11/15/04 | 12/01/24 | 160 | 4,000 | 3,360 |
| Series HH-2 Current refunding | 3.1807 | 07/15/05 | 07/01/14 | 810 | 5,445 | 3,055 |
| Series I I-2 | 3.9651 | 03/15/07 | 04/01/27 | 185 | 4,700 | 4,330 |
| Series LL-2 Advance and Current Refunding | 2.4059 | 05/21/09 | 11/01/20 | 140 | 8,405 | 8,405 |
| Series MM-2 | 3.4803 | 05/21/09 | 11/01/28 | 210 | 5,250 | 5,250 |
| | | | • | 2,610 | 45,655 | 32,290 |
| Advance Land Acquisition Bonds | | | • | | | |
| Bonds of 1995 Advance Refunding | 4.7707 | 12/01/95 | 07/01/10 | 300 | 3,345 | 590 |
| ALA Refunding Bonds of 2002, Series DD-2 | 3.4748 | 12/01/02 | 12/01/14 | 150 | 1,550 | 940 |
| ALA Bonds of 2004 Series | 3.8457 | 11/15/04 | 12/01/24 | 80 | 2,000 | 1,680 |
| | | | • | 530 | 6,895 | 3,210 |
| Total Montgomery County General | | | • | | · | |
| Obligation Bonds | | | • | \$ 3,140 | \$ 52,550 | \$ 35,500 |
| Prince George's County | | | | | | |
| Park Acquisition and Development Bonds | | | | | | |
| Series W-2 | 6.4000 | 06/25/98 | 07/01/12 | \$ 615 | \$ 7,325 | \$ 1,995 |
| Series Z-2 | 4.5481 | 07/15/01 | 05/01/21 | 750 | 18,700 | 13,650 |
| Series BB-2 Advance Refunding | 3.3944 | 12/01/02 | 07/01/14 | 1,765 | 21,110 | 9,310 |
| Series EE-2 (Note 1) | 3.2824 | 03/15/04 | 01/15/24 | 2,810 | 37,525 | 29.930 |
| Series GG-2 Currrent Refunding | 3.1053 | 07/15/05 | 07/01/12 | 2,340 | 13,685 | 6,735 |
| Series JJ-2 | 4.3180 | 05/15/07 | 05/01/27 | 355 | 8,900 | 8,190 |
| Series KK-2 Current Refunding | 3.2004 | 04/10/08 | 05/01/18 | 1,635 | 17,300 | 15,691 |
| · · | | | | 10,270 | 124,545 | 85,501 |
| Advance Land Acquisition Bonds | | | • | -, - | | |
| Bonds of 1995 Advance Refunding | 4.8991 | 12/01/95 | 07/01/10 | 295 | 3,300 | 585 |
| Total Prince George's County | | | • | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds | | | : | \$ 10,565 | \$ 127,845 | \$ 86,086 |

Notes: (1) The CC-2 and EE-2 Bonds include Advance Refunding and Park Acquisition and Development Project Bonds;

Revenue Bonds and Revenue Notes Payable - The Commission is authorized to issue revenue bonds and notes to finance the cost of revenue producing facilities and to refund outstanding bonds. The revenue bonds and notes are not general obligations of the Commission or county for which they are issued and are payable solely from revenues generated from revenue producing facilities. The Commission's revenue bonds and revenue notes payable, which totaled \$4,426,633 (net of a deferred amount of \$96,188) at June 30, 2009, are accounted for in the Montgomery County Enterprise Fund. Debt service expenditures for the revenue bonds and notes totaled \$1,329,112 for the fiscal year. There were no revenue bonds or revenue notes payable for Prince George's County.

The outstanding proprietary fund debt as of June 30, 2009, and the related debt service requirements for Montgomery County are as follows (000's):

| | Bus | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------|--------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Reve | Revenue Bonds and Notes | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal | Total | Total | Total | | | | | | | |
| Year | Principal | Interest | Payments | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 1,130 | 177 | 1,307 | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 1,153 | 130 | 1,283 | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 1,176 | 83 | 1,259 | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 842 | 35 | 877 | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 222 | 6 | 228 | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 4,523 | \$ 431 | \$ 4,954 | | | | | | | |

The Commission is in compliance with all significant restrictive covenants related to revenue bonds and notes.

<u>Outstanding Revenue Bonds and Revenue Notes Payable</u> - Revenue bonds, net of a \$96,188 deferred amount on the Little Bennett Golf Facilities Refunding Bond, and revenue notes payable at June 30, 2009, consist of the following individual issues (000's):

| Series | Effective Interest Rate at Date of Sal | - | Dated | Final Maturity Date | S | /2010 erial yment | (| Original Issue | | standing at 30, 2009 |
|---|--|---|----------------------|---------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------|----|----------------------------|
| Montgomery County | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Revenue Bonds and Notes Little Bennett Golf Course (net of deferred amount) | 3.3705 | % | 12/09/03 | 11/01/12 | \$ | 360 | \$ | 3,154 | \$ | 1,418 |
| Wheaton Ice Rink Cabin John Ice Rink | 3.3706 5.1600 | | 12/09/03 04/24/99 | 05/01/12 11/01/13 | | 326 444 | | 2,799 6,000 | | 1,009 2,000 |
| | | | | | \$ | 1,130 | \$ | 11,953 | \$ | 4,427 |

New Debt Issue - On May 21, 2009, the Commission issued \$8,405,000 of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Refunding Bonds, Series LL-2 and \$5,250,000 of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development General Obligation Project Bonds, Series MM-2. The refunding bonds provided the resources to retire on June 8, 2009 \$4,550,000 of Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Project Bonds, Series U-2 (current refunding) and to defease the \$3,700,000 callable portion of the Montgomery County Park Acquisition and Development Project Bonds, Series Y-2 (advance refunding). The reacquisition price in excess of the net carrying value of the old debt is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded bonds, which equals the life of the new debt issued. Semiannual payments of interest and annual principal payments are due until November 1, 2020 at a net interest cost of 2.4059% and November 1, 2028, at a net interest cost of 3.4803% respectively.

Information related to the refunding bond issue follows.

| | Montg Cou | omery unty | |
|--|------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Bond issue title | U-2 | | Y-2 |
| Amount of refunding bonds issued | \$ 4,545,000 | \$ | 3,860,000 |
| Amount of bonds defeased | - | | 3,700,000 |
| Acquisition price in excess of carrying | | | |
| value of old debt | 129,350 | | 289,397 |
| Remaining life of old bonds | 9 years | | 11 years |
| Total reduction in debt service payments | 385,639 | | 330,583 |
| Economic gain | 415,165 | | 309,704 |

<u>Defeased Debt</u> - In the current fiscal year, the Commission defeased the callable portion of a certain series of general obligation bonds by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The refunded bonds and their amortization date is detailed as follows:

| | Redemption | Montgomery |
|------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Series | Date | County |
| Series Y-2 | November 1, 2010 | \$ 3,700,000 |

<u>Changes in Long-term Liabilities</u> – Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2009, were as follows:

| Governmental activities: | | Beginning Balance | | Additions | | Reductions | | Ending Balance | | mount Due One Year |
|---|----|----------------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|-------------------|----|-----------------------|
| Montgomery County | | Dalailoc | | Additions | - | Reductions | | Dala icc | | Ole leal |
| General Obligation Park Bonds Payable | \$ | 29,465,000 | \$ | 13,655,000 | \$ | 10,830,000 | \$ | 32,290,000 | \$ | 2,610,000 |
| General Obligation ALA Bonds Payable Deferred charges, net of premiums, on | Ψ | 3,745,000 | Ψ | - | Ψ | 535,000 | Ψ | 3,210,000 | Ψ | 530,000 |
| General Obligation Bonds | | (439,941) | | (88,849) | | (36,022) | | (492,768) | | - |
| Notes Payable - Governmental | | 3,294,822 | | - | | 1,164,455 | | 2,130,367 | | 1,212,631 |
| Loan Payable to Montgomery County | | 227,200 | | - | | 56,800 | | 170,400 | | 56,800 |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | | 7,690,081 | | 5,402,971 | | 5,041,775 | | 8,051,277 | | 5,041,775 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations | | 4,216,687 | | 4,441,033 | _ | | | 8,657,720 | | |
| Long-term Liabilities | | 48, 198,849 | | 23,410,155 | | 17,592,008 | | 54,016,996 | | 9,451,206 |
| Prince George's County | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Obligation Park Bonds Payable | | 95,735,000 | | - | | 10,234,049 | | 85,500,951 | | 10,269,797 |
| General Obligation ALA Bonds Payable Deferred charges, net of premiums, on | | 885,000 | | - | | 300,000 | | 585,000 | | 295,000 |
| General Obligation Bonds | | (1,361,218) | | - | | (198,275) | | (1,162,943) | | - |
| Notes Payable - Governmental | | 1,438,370 | | - | | 384,258 | | 1,054,112 | | 400,932 |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | | 9,354,419 | | 6,441,964 | | 5,207,868 | | 10,588,515 | | 5,207,868 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations | | 5,160,271 | | 5,662,874 | | - | | 10,823,145 | | |
| Long-term Liabilities | | 111,211,842 | | 12,104,838 | | 15,927,900 | | 107,388,780 | | 16,173,597 |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | \$ | 159,410,691 | \$ | 35,514,993 | \$ | 33,519,908 | \$ | 161,405,776 | \$ | 25,624,803 |
| Business type activities: | | Beginning Balance | | Additions | | Reductions | | Ending Balance | | mount Due One Year |
| Montgomery County | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable | \$ | 5,630,044 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,107,223 | \$ | 4,522,821 | \$ | 1,129,561 |
| Unamortized Discount on Revenue Bonds | | | | | | | | | | |
| and Notes | | (128,251) | | - | | (32,063) | | (96, 188) | | (32,063) |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | | 257,867 | | 115,850 | | 97,315 | | 276,402 | | 97,315 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations | | 92,317 | | 92,218 | | - | | 184,535 | | |
| Long-term Liabilities | | 5,851,977 | | 208,068 | _ | 1,172,475 | | 4,887,570 | | 1,194,813 |
| Prince George's County | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | | 754,154 | | 268,533 | | 224,343 | | 798, 344 | | 224,343 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations | | 351,589 | | 368,843 | | - | | 720,432 | | |
| Long-term Liabilities | | 1,105,743 | | 637,376 | | 224,343 | | 1,518,776 | | 224,343 |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | \$ | 6,957,720 | \$ | 845,444 | \$ | 1,396,818 | \$ | 6,406,346 | \$ | 1,419,156 |

Long-term obligations are shown in the Statement of Net Assets as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | Business Type Activities | Total |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Compensated Absences: | <u> </u> | | |
| Due within One Year | \$ 10,249,643 | \$ 321,658 | \$ 10,571,301 |
| Due in more than One Year | 8,390,149 | 753,088 | 9,143,237 |
| Bonds and Notes Payable: | | | |
| Due within One Year | 15,375,160 | 1,129,561 | 16,504,721 |
| Due in more than One Year | 107,909,959 | 3,297,072 | 111,207,031 |
| Net Other Post employment Benefit Obligations | | | |
| Due in more than One Year | 19,480,865 | 904,967 | 20,385,832 |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | \$ 161,405,776 | \$ 6,406,346 | \$ 167,812,122 |

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of governmental activities. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

(5) - OTHER INFORMATION

(A) Risk Management

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission protects against unforeseen losses through self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages. Self-insurance and some commercial insurance policies are administered through the Montgomery County Self-Insurance Fund (the "Program"), of which the Commission is a participant. The "Program" is beneficial for the purpose of economic pooling of risks and resources, and providing claims administration. Selfinsured coverage is available for workers' compensation (Maryland state mandatory limits), comprehensive general liability (Maryland Tort caps apply), police professional, public official liability, and property and fire damage (up to \$250,000). Commercial insurance policies are retained for boiler and machinery damage, and data processing system breakdown, property and fire damage above \$250,000 excess liability and commercial crime coverage. The Commission is responsible for reimbursing the Program, the full amount of all self-insured claims with the exception of property loss claims which are limited to \$250,000 reimbursement after which point, group commercial insurance policies provide protection. Outside the Program coverages, the Commission also carries Public Official bond coverage. airport liability coverage, airport museum coverages, and other coverages for specialized needs. The Commission did not pay any claims settlements in excess of \$250,000 for fiscal years 2007, 2008 and 2009. No insurance coverages were reduced in fiscal year 2009.

The Commission's employees and retirees have various options in their selection of health insurance benefits. The Commission self-insures the following medical plans: a health maintenance organization (HMO), an exclusive provider organization (EPO), a point of service (POS), out-of-area POS (retirees only) and Medicare compliment plan (retirees only), as well as the prescription drug plan. All other group health insurance plans are fully insured including a dental plan and a vision plan with three coverage options. The Commission expenses (net of employee, Medicare Part D and retiree contributions) were \$23,906,767 for all group health benefits in fiscal year 2009. The basis for estimating incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims at year-end is an annual analysis performed by the plans' administrators.

Premiums are paid into the Risk Management Internal Service Fund by the General Fund and Enterprise Funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the Program. Claims paid during fiscal year 2009 totaled \$3,934,453. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for IBNR claims which is determined annually based on an actuarial valuation. In addition, individual claim liabilities are established for each case based on the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

| | | | Risk |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----|-------------|
| | <u>Medical</u> | M | lanagement |
| Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2007 | \$ 1,588,271 | \$ | 9,420,777 |
| Incurred Claims, Fiscal Year 2008 | 15,416,063 | | 3,441,882 |
| Claims Paid, Fiscal Year 2008 | (14,862,750) | | (3,103,190) |
| Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2008 | 2,141,584 | | 9,759,469 |
| Incurred Claims, Fiscal Year 2009 | 14,705,490 | | 4,349,122 |
| Claims Paid, Fiscal Year 2009 | (14,848,379) | | (3,934,453) |
| Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2009 | \$ 1,998,695 | \$ | 10,174,138 |
| | | | |

The medical column excludes expenses that are fully insured.

Unpaid claims reconcile to the amounts shown in the Statement of Net Assets as follows:

| | | | Risk | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----|------------|------------------|
| | Medical | M | lanagement | Total |
| Due within One Year | \$ 1,998,695 | \$ | 2,554,837 | \$ 4,553,532 |
| Due in more than One Year | - | | 7,619,301 | 7,619,301 |
| Total | \$ 1,998,695 | \$ | 10,174,138 | \$ 12,172,833 |

(B) Related Party Transactions

The Commission was involved in the following related party transactions during fiscal year 2009:

<u>Payments and Obligations to Prince George's County</u> - The Commission paid or is obligated to pay Prince George's County for the following:

| 1,872,300 |
|---------------|
| 436,700 |
| 588,624 |
| 340,500 |
| 102, 100 |
| 136,800 |
| 2,300,000 |
| 1,620,000 |
| 1,000,000 |
| 250,000 |
| 2,500,000 |
| 50,000 |
| 65,000 |
| \$ 12,180,512 |
| |

Of this amount, \$10,278,312 is in Accounts Payable at June 30, 2009.

(C) Contingencies

<u>Grant Program</u> – The Commission, as grantee or subgrantee, participates in several Federal and State grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. The Commission believes it has complied, in all material respects, with applicable grant requirements and the amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies, if any, would be immaterial.

<u>Litigation</u> – The Commission is a defendant in various legal actions that fall into three major categories – those arising from the Commission's planning and zoning powers, those arising from incidents occurring on the Commission property and those arising from personnel actions. The Commission's management and its General Counsel estimate that the resolution of claims resulting from all litigation against the Commission not covered by insurance will not materially affect the financial position or operations of the Commission.

(D) Employees' Retirement System and Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Commission contributes to The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan. Benefit provisions and obligations to contribute to the plans and all other requirements are established by a Trust Agreement between the Commission and the Board of Trustees of the System which has been periodically amended since the System was established July 1, 1972. Accounting and financial reporting for the system is performed by non-Commission employees who are employed directly by the System. The System's financial records are not maintained on a separate county basis. The assets of the System are invested with the objective of ensuring sufficient funds will be available for meeting benefit payments. As the System's investment asset pool provides collectively for benefit payments of all four plans, the System is considered a single "pension plan" for purposes of financial reporting in accordance with GAAP. Publicly available Financial Statements that include management's discussion and analysis, financial statements and required supplementary information for the System can be obtained at the administrative offices of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission Employees' Retirement System, 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

Active plan members in Plan A are required to contribute 6% of their base pay. Plan B members contribute 3% of their base pay up to the maximum Social Security Wage Base and 6% in excess of the maximum Social Security Wage Base for the calendar year. Plan C members contribute 8% of their base pay and Plan D members contribute 7% of their base pay.

<u>Actuarial Methods for Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> - The actuarial value of assets calculates gains or losses on the basis of the actuarially assumed interest rate and recognizes one-fifth of the cumulative gains or losses not yet recognized. This year's asset value is based on the July 1, 2008 actuarial valuation.

The Entry Age Normal Cost method is used, with level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities as of July 1, 2005 over a closed amortization period ending July 1, 2016. Subsequent changes in unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are amortized in equal payments over 15 years.

The actuarial accrued liability was estimated as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2008. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% a year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4% a year plus variable merit increases, (c) cost of living increases in benefits after retirement based on the Plan's provision for annual increases of 100% of the first 3% of change in the CPI-Urban Index for major U.S. cities plus half of the change in excess of 3%, but no more than 5% in total. The assumed post-retirement cost of living adjustment is 3%.

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial date, July 1, 2008, is as follows (\$000's):

| Actuarial Valuation of Plan Assets | \$ 633,700 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Actuarial Accrued Liability | 662,225 |
| Funded Ratio | 95.7% |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability | 28,525 |
| Annual Covered Payroll | 132,241 |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability | |
| as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 21.6% |

The net assets available for benefits at June 30, 2009 totaled \$451,265,999.

The Commission's contributions to the System are made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements.

The Commission's annual pension cost (APC) and net pension obligation (NPO) to the System for fiscal years, 2007, 2008 and 2009 are presented below (\$000):

| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| Annual Pension Cost (APC) | \$ 9,825 | \$ 10,561 | \$ 14,933 |
| Percentage of APC Contributed | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Net Pension Obligation (NPO) | - | - | - |

The Commission contributes 100% of the adjusted annual required contribution and has no NPO at yearend.

Deferred Compensation Plans

The Commission offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. One plan, available to all career Commission employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees or beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Commission also offers a separate deferred compensation plan to its officers and to the staff of the Employees' Retirement System. These plans are not included in the financial statements.

(E) Other Postemployment Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> - In addition to the pension benefits provided by the System, the Commission provides postretirement health care benefits, in accordance with Commission approval, to all full-time and part-time career employees, directors appointed by Montgomery County and Prince George's County Planning Boards, Merit System Board Members, Commissioners, appointed officials and Employees' Retirement System employees who retire under a Commission Retirement Plan or the State of Maryland Retirement Plan at the end of their Commission or System service, and who have been insured under any Commission-sponsored group medical plan during the three years immediately preceding the date of retirement or ability to prove similar coverage in another plan immediately prior to retirement. Currently 720 retirees and survivors are participating in the Commission's medical plans. The Commission contributes 85 percent of the amount of medical, prescription drug, and dental insurance rates and 80 percent of the low coverage option for all three coverage options of vision benefit rates. The System contributes the same percentages for its full-time and part-time employees and retiree Benefits levels are established annually by resolution of the Commission.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - On July 1, 1999, the Commission established a 115 Trust account (the "Trust") for the purpose of pre-funding a portion of retiree insurance costs in the future. The Commission executed a Discretionary Investment Management Agreement with a Financial Advisor (Custodial Trustee) of the account. Per the Post-Retirement Insurance Benefits Program Trust Agreement I - Contributions, the Commission may elect to contribute additional amounts as deemed necessary to meet its benefit costs.

Prior to fiscal year 2008, the Trust account had not been funded based on actuarial information. The fund was used in certain prior fiscal years to pay the net cost of postretirement health care benefits, net of the retiree contributions. A minimal balance was retained in the fund to maintain the legal status of the trust.

In fiscal year 2008, the Commission began phasing in over an 8 year period actuarially based funding of Other Postemployment Benefits in connection with the implementation of the accounting requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The Commission's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (Expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters established in current GASB accounting standards. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Commission's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the calculation of the year end net OPEB obligation (dollar amounts in thousands).

| Annual required contribution (expense) | \$ 21,306 |
|--|-----------|
| Contribution made | 10,741 |
| Increase in Net OPEB contribution | 10,565 |
| Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year | 9,821 |
| Net OPEB obligation, end of year | \$ 20,386 |

The Commission's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation (NPO) to the System for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 is presented below (\$000):

| | <u>2008</u> | <u> 2009</u> |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Annual Required Contribution (ARC) | \$ 19,402 | \$ 21,306 |
| Percentage of ARC Contributed | 49% | 50% |
| Net OPEB Obligation | 9,821 | 20,386 |

<u>Actuarial Valuation</u> - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Commission and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Commission and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarially accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

<u>Actuarial Methods for Retiree Health Care Benefits Plan</u> - The actuarial value of assets is the fair value of the investments. This year's asset value is based on the July 1, 2008 actuarial valuation.

The Projected Unit Credit Cost method is used, with level percentage of pay amortization of the unfunded actuarial liabilities over an open 30 year amortization period.

The actuarial accrued liability was estimated as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2008. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are as follows:

<u>Rate of Return</u> – The assumed rate of return on the investment of present and future assets is a "select and ultimate" interest rate starting at 4.25% and grading to 7.5% over an eight year period, and thereafter at 7.5% a year compounded annually.

<u>Salary Increases</u> - Salary increases of 4.00% a year are projected for calculating the level percentage of pay.

<u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> – The expected rate of increase for healthcare costs in 2009 was estimated at 9.5% for prescription drugs and medical costs, and 5.5% for dental and vision. Declining rates of increase were used, with 2019 and later rates at 4.5% for all costs.

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial date, July 1, 2008, is as follows (\$000's):

| Actuarial Valuation of Plan Assets | \$ 2,817 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Actuarial Accrued Liability | 257,492 |
| Funded Ratio | 1.09% |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability | 254,675 |
| Annual Covered Payroll | 131,074 |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability | |
| as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 194.3% |

The 115 Trust is reported by the Commission as a pension trust fund, the Other Post Employment Benefits Fund.

The Trust's financial records are not maintained on a separate county basis.

(F) Pension Trust Funds

Combining schedules of the pension trust funds follow:

Combining Schedules of Net Assets Pension Trust Funds June 30, 2009

| | | Employees' Retirement Fund | | Other Post mployment Benefits Fund | F | Total Pension Trust Funds |
|--|----|----------------------------------|----|---|----|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | i dild | | i diid | | i unus |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ | _ | \$ | 602,103 | \$ | 602,103 |
| Cash | Ψ | 27,957 | Ψ | 17,530 | Ψ | 45,487 |
| Fixed Income Securities | | 126,922,128 | | - | | 126,922,128 |
| International Fixed Income Securities | | 26,625,065 | | _ | | 26,625,065 |
| Corporate Stock | | 210,216,353 | | _ | | 210,216,353 |
| International Corporate Stock | | 57,811,003 | | _ | | 57,811,003 |
| Real Estate | | 22,147,479 | | _ | | 22,147,479 |
| Short Term Investments | | 16,282,919 | | _ | | 16,282,919 |
| Mutual Funds | | - | | 7,457,761 | | 7,457,761 |
| Collateral for Securities Lending Transactions | | 21,963,391 | | - | | 21,963,391 |
| Accounts Receivable | | 1,401,972 | | _ | | 1,401,972 |
| Other | | 14,783 | | _ | | 14,783 |
| Total Assets | | 483,413,050 | | 8,077,394 | | 491,490,444 |
| | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Investment Payable | | 9,037,432 | | - | | 9,037,432 |
| Accounts Payable | | 572,335 | | 4,872 | | 577,207 |
| Claims Payable | | - | | 597,231 | | 597,231 |
| Obligation for Collateral Received | | | | | | |
| under Securities Lending Transactions | | 22,537,284 | | | | 22,537,284 |
| Total Liabilities | | 32,147,051 | | 602,103 | | 32,749,154 |
| | | | | | | |
| NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Assets Held in Trust for: | | | | | | |
| Pension Benefits | | 451,265,999 | | - | | 451,265,999 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | | - | _ | 7,475,291 | | 7,475,291 |
| Total Net Assets | \$ | 451,265,999 | \$ | 7,475,291 | \$ | 458,741,290 |

Combining Schedules of Changes in Net Assets Pension Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | Employees' Retirement Fund | Other Post Employment Benefits Fund | Totals |
|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| ADDITIONS: | | 1 4114 | - Totalo |
| Contributions: | | | |
| Employer | \$ 14,933,50 | 06 \$ 11,608,636 | \$ 26,542,142 |
| Plan Members | 4,892,5 | | 4,892,570 |
| Plan Members for Current Benefits | , , | - 845,226 | 845,226 |
| Total Contributions | 19,826,0 | | 32,279,938 |
| Federal Grants - Medicare | | - 333,101 | 333,101 |
| Investment Earnings: | | | |
| Interest | 6,407,1 | | 6,414,863 |
| Dividends | 51,29 | 99 235,647 | 286,946 |
| Net increase (decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments | | | (125,394,138) |
| Total Investment Earnings (loss) | (117,972,0 | | (118,692,329) |
| Less Investment Advisory and Management Fees | (1,577,9 | | (1,597,109) |
| Net Income (loss) from Investing Activities | (119,550,0 | 00) (739,438) | (120,289,438) |
| Securities Lending Activity | | | |
| Securities Lending Income | 355,0 | 78 - | 355,078 |
| Securities Lending Fees | (249,9 | | (249,946) |
| Net Income from Securities Lending Activity | 105,1 | 32 - | 105,132 |
| Total Net Investment Loss | (119,444,8 | 68) (739,438) | (120,184,306) |
| Total Additions and Investment Losses | (99,618,79 | 92) 12,047,525 | (87,571,267) |
| DEDUCTIONS: | | | |
| Benefits | 25,670,7 | 7,389,223 | 33,059,925 |
| Refunds of Contributions | 249,58 | | 249,583 |
| Administrative expenses | 1,358,69 | | 1,358,695 |
| Total Deductions | 27,278,98 | 7,389,223 | 34,668,203 |
| Change in Net Assets | (126,897,7 | 72) 4,658,302 | (122,239,470) |
| Net Assets - Beginning | 578,163,7 | | 580,980,760 |
| Net Assets - Ending | \$ 451,265,99 | 99 \$ 7,475,291 | \$ 458,741,290 |
| | | | |

(6) - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The Commission had adopted a fiscally prudent policy in 1985 to fund the compensated absences liability in an Internal Service Fund. However, current accounting standards do not permit the pre-funding of compensated absences accrued by employees paid with resources of the Governmental Funds. Therefore, the Commission had a prior period adjustment to the Internal Service Funds in FY 2009. The adjustment is presented below.

Internal Service Funds:

| Beginning Net Assets Internal Service Funds | \$ 34,093,648 |
|--|------------------|
| Elimination of Liability | 17,082,246 |
| Adjusted Beginning Net Assets Internal Service Funds, restated | \$ 51,175,894 |

(7) - COUNTY FINANCIAL DATA

The following financial data pertains to both Montgomery and Prince George's Counties.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY Summary of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts June 30, 2009

| | General Fund Accounts | | | Capital | | Other Governmental | | Total Governmental | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|--------|------------|------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|-----------|------|-------------|
| | | Administration | | Park | | Total | | Projects | | Funds | | Funds |
| ASSETS | | | | | _ | | _ | | - | | • | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ | 7,355,707 | \$ | 15,191,532 | \$ | 22,547,239 | \$ | 212,442 | \$ | 2,052,414 | \$ | 24,812,095 |
| Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for uncollectibles) | | 602,957 | | 1,639,316 | | 2,242,273 | | | | 76,318 | | 2,318,591 |
| Receivables - Other | | 114,458 | | 18,986 | | 133,444 | | - | | 13,728 | | 147,172 |
| Due from County Government | | 211,581 | | 33,691 | | 245,272 | | 3,192,695 | | 303,060 | | 3,741,027 |
| Due from Other Governments | | - | | 44,343 | | 44,343 | | 1,397,378 | | - | | 1,441,721 |
| Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds | | - | | - | | - | | 2,933,418 | | - | | 2,933,418 |
| Other | | 12,389 | | - | _ | 12,389 | _ | | | - | | 12,389 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 8,297,092 | . \$. | 16,927,868 | \$ = | 25,224,960 | *= | 7,735,933 | . \$ | 2,445,520 | . \$ | 35,406,413 |
| LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 554,219 | \$ | 1,656,261 | \$ | 2,210,480 | \$ | 2,815,682 | \$ | 64,987 | \$ | 5,091,149 |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 1,087,203 | | 2,695,582 | | 3,782,785 | | - | | 41,886 | | 3,824,671 |
| Retainage Payable | | - | | - | | - | | 879,292 | | - | | 879,292 |
| Due to County Government | | 60 | | - | | 60 | | - | | 35 | | 95 |
| Deposits and Deferred Revenue | | 385,101 | | 1,189,611 | _ | 1,574,712 | _ | 875,000 | | 126,467 | | 2,576,179 |
| Total Liabilities | | 2,026,583 | - | 5,541,454 | _ | 7,568,037 | _ | 4,569,974 | | 233,375 | | 12,371,386 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | • | | | | |
| Reserved for Encumbrances | | 3,137,475 | | 3,837,443 | | 6,974,918 | | 13,074,814 | | 426,036 | | 20,475,768 |
| Reserved for Debt Service | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 29,118 | | 29,118 |
| Unreserved, Designated for Contingencies | | 833,300 | | 2,383,300 | | 3,216,600 | | | | - | | 3,216,600 |
| Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years | | 1,068,200 | | 4,574,300 | | 5,642,500 | | - | | - | | 5,642,500 |
| Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | | 1,231,534 | | 591,371 | | 1,822,905 | | - | | - | | 1,822,905 |
| Special Revenue Fund | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,756,991 | | 1,756,991 |
| Capital Projects | | | _ | - | _ | - | | (9,908,855) | | | | (9,908,855) |
| Total Fund Balances | | 6,270,509 | _ | 11,386,414 | _ | 17,656,923 | _ | 3,165,959 | | 2,212,145 | | 23,035,027 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ | 8,297,092 | \$_ | 16,927,868 | \$ | 25,224,960 | \$_ | 7,735,933 | \$ | 2,445,520 | \$ | 35,406,413 |

MONTGOMERY COUNTY Summary of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | | eneral Fund Acco | | Capital | Other Governmental | Total Governmental |
|--|----------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|---|---|
| | Administration | Park | Total | Projects | Funds | Funds |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 27,503,864 | \$ 76,815,841 | \$ 104,319,705 | \$ - | \$ 1,700,802 | \$ 106,020,507 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | , , | • | , | , , , , , |
| Federal | - | 33,062 | 33,062 | 488,219 | | 521,281 |
| State | - | 207,499 | 207,499 | 895,889 | - | 1,103,388 |
| County | 868,103 | 25,000 | 893,103 | 10,640,732 | 541,715 | 12,075,550 |
| Local | - | 29,905 | 29,905 | - | 33,977 | 63,882 |
| Charges for Services | 401,328 | 895,479 | 1,296,807 | - | 1,690,463 | 2,987,270 |
| Rentals and Concessions | - | 1,426,893 | 1,426,893 | - | 34,618 | 1,461,511 |
| Interest | 201,425 | 407,513 | 608,938 | 289,009 | 65,103 | 963,050 |
| Sale of Land | - | - | - | 355,028 | - | 355,028 |
| Contributions | - | - | - | 37,500 | 100,395 | 137,895 |
| Miscellaneous | 23,156 | 145,549 | 168,705 | 5,820 | 206,409 | 380,934 |
| Total Revenues | 28,997,876 | 79,986,741 | 108,984,617 | 12,712,197 | 4,373,482 | 126,070,296 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General Government | 8,338,955 | - | 8,338,955 | - | - | 8,338,955 |
| Planning and Zoning | 17,394,696 | - | 17,394,696 | - | 3,693,007 | 21,087,703 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | | 76,921,127 | 76,921,127 | - | 293,465 | 77,214,592 |
| Contributions | - | | | | 1,001,558 | 1,001,558 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | , , | , |
| Principal | 28,400 | 28,400 | 56,800 | - | 3,115,000 | 3,171,800 |
| Interest | | · • | | _ | 1,349,890 | 1,349,890 |
| Other Debt Service Costs | • | - | - | - | 152,877 | 152,877 |
| Capital Outlay: | | | | | , | , |
| Park Acquisition | | - | - | 2,206,268 | | 2,206,268 |
| Park Development | | - | - | 17,863,760 | - | 17,863,760 |
| Total Expenditures | 25,762,051 | 76,949,527 | 102,711,578 | 20,070,028 | 9,605,797 | 132,387,403 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | 3,235,825 | 3,037,214 | 6,273,039 | (7,357,831) | (5,232,315) | (6,317,107) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds Issued | - | - | - | 5,250,000 | - | 5,250,000 |
| Refunding Bonds Issued | - | - | - | - | 8,405,000 | 8,405,000 |
| Premiums on Bonds Issued | - | - | - | 38,212 | 343,405 | 381,617 |
| Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account | | - | - | · - | (8,650,856) | (8,650,856) |
| Transfers In | • | 289,009 | 289,009 | - | 5,615,862 | 5,904,871 |
| Transfer Out | (1,773,000) | (4,423,650) | (6,196,650) | (327,221) | - | (6,523,871) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (1,773,000) | (4,134,641) | (5,907,641) | 4,960,991 | 5,713,411 | 4,766,761 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 1,462,825 | (1,097,427) | 365,398 | (2,396,840) | 481,096 | (1,550,346) |
| Fund Balances - Beginning | 4,807,684 | 12,483,841 | 17,291,525 | 5,562,799 | 1,731,049 | 24,585,373 |
| Fund Balances - Ending | \$ 6,270,509 | \$_11,386,414 | \$ 17,656,923 | \$ 3,165,959 | \$ 2,212,145 | \$ 23,035,027 |

MONTGOMERY COUNTY ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND

Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | _ | Budgete | eted Amounts | | | | | Variance with Final Budget - Positive |
|---|-----|-------------|--------------|-------------|------|---|------|---|
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | _ | | • | | _ | | | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 27,460,600 | \$ | 27,460,600 | \$ | 27,503,864 | \$ | 43,264 |
| Intergovernmental - | | | | | | | | |
| State | | 150,000 | | 150,000 | | - | | (150,000) |
| County | | 737,500 | | 737,500 | | 868,103 | | 130,603 |
| Charges for Services | | 400,000 | | 400,000 | | 401,328 | | 1,328 |
| Interest | | 250,000 | | 250,000 | | 201,425 | | (48,575) |
| Miscellaneous | _ | - | _ | - | _ | 23,156 | | 23,156 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 28,998,100 | | 28,998,100 | _ | 28,997,876 | | (224) |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances: | | | | | | | | |
| Commissioners' Office | | 1,605,200 | | 1,207,000 | | 988,287 | | 218,713 |
| Central Administrative Services - | | ,, | | , - , | | , | | , |
| Department of Human Resources and Management | | 2,680,500 | | 2,680,500 | | 2,586,042 | | 94,458 |
| Department of Finance | | 3,236,400 | | 3,236,400 | | 3,127,365 | | 109,035 |
| Legal Department | | 1,072,400 | | 1,072,400 | | 1,066,048 | | 6,352 |
| Support Services | | 512,300 | | 512,300 | | 513,188 | | (888) |
| Merit System Board | | 55,200 | | 55,200 | | 51,527 | | 3,673 |
| Total Central Administrative Services | _ | 7,556,800 | - | 7,556,800 | _ | 7,344,170 | | 212,630 |
| Planning Department - | | | | | | | | |
| Park and Planning Director's Office | | 518,700 | | 616,600 | | 578,087 | | 38,513 |
| Management Services | | 841,400 | | 2,459,800 | | 2,306,175 | | 153,625 |
| Strategic Planning | | 240,800 | | - | | -,, | | - |
| Urban Design | | - | | 1,458,200 | | 1,358,594 | | 99.606 |
| Transportation Planning | | - | | 1,894,200 | | 1,866,452 | | 27,748 |
| Community-Based Planning | | 3,551,800 | | 2,351,600 | | 2,263,300 | | 88,300 |
| County-wide Planning | | 4,432,100 | | 2,393,600 | | 2,310,847 | | 82,753 |
| Development Review | | 1,628,000 | | 943,000 | | 945,022 | | (2,022) |
| Research and Technology | | 4,829,600 | | 4,481,400 | | 4,309,150 | | 172,250 |
| Support Services | | 2,110,100 | | 1,952,300 | | 2,095,639 | | (143,339) |
| Grants | | 150,000 | | 150,000 | | - | | 150,000 |
| Total Planning Department | _ | 18,302,500 | - | 18,700,700 | _ | 18,033,266 | | 667,434 |
| Non-Departmental | | - | | - | | (124,338) | | 124,338 |
| Total Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | 27,464,500 | - | 27,464,500 | _ | 26,241,385 | | 1,223,115 |
| Excess of Revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | 1,533,600 | _ | 1,533,600 | _ | 2,756,491 | _ | 1,222,891 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In (Out) - | | | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Fund - Dev. Review | | (1,773,000) | | (1,773,000) | | (1,773,000) | | _ |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | (1,773,000) | - | (1,773,000) | _ | (1,773,000) | - | - |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | \$_ | (239,400) | \$ _ | (239,400) | | 983,491 | \$ _ | 1,222,891 |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning | | | | | | 2,149,543 | | |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending | | | | | \$ - | 3,133,034 | | |
| | | | | | · = | -,, | | |

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PARK ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND

Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | - | Budget | ed A | mounts | | | | Variance with Final Budget - Positive |
|--|-----|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|---|
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | - | | | | ' | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 76,628,600 | \$ | 76,628,600 | \$ | 76,815,841 | \$ | 187,241 |
| Intergovernmental - | | | | | | | | |
| Federal | | - | | 33,062 | | 33,062 | | - |
| State | | 425,000 | | 357,052 | | 207,499 | | (149,553) |
| Other | | - | | 29,905 | | 29,905 | | - |
| County | | - | | - | | 25,000 | | 25,000 |
| Charges for Services | | 1,019,600 | | 1,019,600 | | 895,479 | | (124,121) |
| Rentals and Concessions | | 1,749,600 | | 1,749,600 | | 1,426,893 | | (322,707) |
| Interest | | 520,000 | | 520,000 | | 407,513 | | (112,487) |
| Miscellaneous | _ | 33,500 | | 38,481 | | 145,549 | | 107,068 |
| Total Revenues | - | 80,376,300 | | 80,376,300 | | 79,986,741 | | (389,559) |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances: | | | | | | | | |
| Director of Montgomery Parks | | 2,706,100 | | 2,706,100 | | 2,749,983 | | (43,883) |
| Management Services | | 886,700 | | 886,700 | | 902,343 | | (15,643) |
| Facilities Management | | 1,750,200 | | 1,750,200 | | 1,547,319 | | 202,881 |
| Park Planning and Stewardship | | 3,734,200 | | 3,734,200 | | 3,340,937 | | 393,263 |
| Research and Technology | | 1,945,000 | | 1,945,000 | | 1,667,153 | | 277,847 |
| Park Development | | 3,771,600 | | 3,771,600 | | 3,265,843 | | 505,757 |
| Park Police | | 12,084,200 | | 12,084,200 | | 11,833,281 | | 250,919 |
| Natural Resources | | 6,179,300 | | 6,179,300 | | 5,866,903 | | 312,397 |
| Central Maintenance | | 11,244,900 | | 11,244,900 | | 10,989,955 | | 254,945 |
| Northern Region | | 8,974,600 | | 8,974,600 | | 8,725,496 | | 249,104 |
| Southern Region | | 13,157,200 | | 13,157,200 | | 13,016,940 | | 140,260 |
| Support Services | | 12,675,700 | | 12,675,700 | | 13,943,270 | | (1,267,570) |
| Grants | | 425,000 | | 425,000 | | 275,448 | | 149,552 |
| Property Management | | 1,137,400 | | 1,137,400 | | 906,037 | | 231,363 |
| Non-Departmental | | - | | - | | (25,199) | | 25,199 |
| Total Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | 80,672,100 | | 80,672,100 | | 79,005,709 | | 1,666,391 |
| Excess of Revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances | | (295,800) | _ | (295,800) | _ | 981,032 | | 1,276,832 |
| Other Financias Courses (Users) | | | | | | | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In/Out- | | | | | | | | |
| | | 100.000 | | 100.000 | | 000 000 | | 450,000 |
| Capital Projects Funds | | 130,000 | | 130,000 | | 289,009 | | 159,009 |
| Debt Service Fund | | (4,005,800) | | (4,005,800) | | (3,804,650) | | 201,150 |
| Enterprise Fund | - | (619,000) | - | (619,000) | - | (619,000) | - | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | - | (4,494,800) | - | (4,494,800) | - | (4,134,641) | - | 360,159 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | \$_ | (4,790,600) | \$ _ | (4,790,600) | | (3,153,609) | \$ _ | 1,636,991 |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning | | | | | | 10,702,580 | | |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending | | | | | \$ _ | 7,548,971 | | |
| | | | | | - | | | |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Summary of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts June 30, 2009

| | General Fund Accounts | | | | | | | Capital | | Other Governmental | Totai Governmentai | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|-----|-------------|----|------------|------|-------------|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------|-------------|
| | - | Administration | | Park | | Recreation | | Total | | Projects | | Funds | | Funds |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables - Taxes (net of allowance | \$ | 35,376,387 | \$ | 72,120,673 | \$ | 44,525,372 | \$ | 152,022,432 | \$ | 122,876,564 | \$ | 4,347,093 | \$ | 279,246,089 |
| for uncollectibles) | | 731,033 | | 2,507,056 | | 1,339,759 | | 4,577,848 | | - | | 29,261 | | 4,607,109 |
| Receivables - Other | | 11,950 | | 11,114 | | 13,540 | | 36,604 | | 1,775,016 | | - | | 1,811,620 |
| Due from County Government | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 171,855 | | 171,855 |
| Due from Other Governments | | 113,239 | | 22,130 | | 144,177 | | 279,546 | | 3,804,179 | | - | | 4,083,725 |
| Restricted Cash - Unspent Debt Proceeds | | | | - | | - | | - | | 10,076,561 | | - | | 10,076,561 |
| Other | _ | 10,191 | | | | | | 10,191 | | <u>-</u> | | | | 10,191 |
| Total Assets | \$_ | 36,242,800 | \$ | 74,660,973 | \$ | 46,022,848 | \$_ | 156,926,621 | \$ | 138,532,320 | \$_ | 4,548,209 | \$ _ | 300,007,150 |
| LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 9,846,853 | \$ | 4,221,923 | \$ | 5,444,454 | \$ | 19,513,230 | \$ | 1,729,680 | \$ | 394,751 | \$ | 21,637,661 |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 827,001 | | 2,721,509 | | 3,030,688 | | 6,579,198 | | - | | 95,682 | | 6,674,880 |
| Retainage Payable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 749,908 | | - | | 749,908 |
| Deposits and Deferred Revenue | | 277,221 | | 1,158,331 | | 3,500,154 | _ | 4,935,706 | | - | | 39,000 | _ | 4,974,706 |
| Total Liabilities | - | 10,951,075 | | 8,101,763 | | 11,975,296 | - | 31,028,134 | - | 2,479,588 | _ | 529,433 | - | 34,037,155 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved for Encumbrances | | 10,871,655 | | 9,917,207 | | 3,642,635 | | 24,431,497 | | 15,879,797 | | 421,467 | | 40,732,761 |
| Reserved for Debt Service | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 14,261 | | 14,261 |
| Unreserved, Designated for Contingencies | | 2,475,500 | | 8,133,200 | | 3,473,300 | | 14,082,000 | | - | | - | | 14,082,000 |
| Unreserved, Designated for Subsequent Years | | 2,160,900 | | 10,845,200 | | 2,227,100 | | 15,233,200 | | - | | - | | 15,233,200 |
| Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | | 9,783,670 | | 37,663,603 | | 24,704,517 | | 72,151,790 | | • | | - | | 72,151,790 |
| Special Revenue Fund | | - | | - | | • | | - | | - | | 3,583,048 | | 3,583,048 |
| Capital Projects | _ | <u>.</u> | | | | | _ | | _ | 120,172,935 | _ | | _ | 120,172,935 |
| Total Fund Balances | _ | 25,291,725 | | 66,559,210 | | 34,047,552 | _ | 125,898,487 | _ | 136,052,732 | _ | 4,018,776 | _ | 265,969,995 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ _ | 36,242,800 | \$. | 74,660,973 | \$ | 46,022,848 | \$ _ | 156,926,621 | \$_ | 138,532,320 | . \$ _ | 4,548,209 | \$ _ | 300,007,150 |

Note 7F

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Summary of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds and Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | | | General Fund Accounts | | | Capital | Other Governmental | | | Total Governmental | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----|-------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|
| | _ | Administration | _ | Park | _ | Recreation | _ | Total | _ | Projects | | Funds | _ | Funds |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 42,091,842 | \$ | 149,481,184 | \$ | 55,164,393 | \$ | 246,737,419 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,208,337 | \$ | 247.945.756 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | | -, - , | | | | | | |
| Federal | | | | 45,997 | | 146,699 | | 192,696 | | 30.306 | | - | | 223,002 |
| State | | | | 21,737 | | 343,924 | | 365,661 | | 2,710,611 | | - | | 3,076,272 |
| County | | 160,278 | | 3.000 | | | | 163,278 | | _,, | | 173,702 | | 336.980 |
| Local | | - | | 11,349 | | _ | | 11,349 | | _ | | | | 11,349 |
| Charges for Services | | 1,012,211 | | 373,815 | | 6,221,020 | | 7.607,046 | | | | 977.903 | | 8.584.949 |
| Rentals and Concessions | | .,, | | 2,019,287 | | 714,727 | | 2,734,014 | | _ | | 4.821.693 | | 7.555.707 |
| Interest | | 891,080 | | 1,382,777 | | 1,109,012 | | 3,382,869 | | 3,043,344 | | 175,833 | | 6.602.046 |
| Contributions | | - | | 1,002,777 | | 1,100,012 | | 0,002,000 | | 2,025,016 | | 372,768 | | 2,397,784 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,164 | | 266,172 | | 73,466 | | 340,802 | | 402 | | 53,352 | | 394,556 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 44,156,575 | _ | 153,605,318 | _ | 63,773,241 | _ | 261,535,134 | _ | 7,809,679 | - | 7,783,588 | - | 277,128,401 |
| | - | 44,130,373 | _ | 133,003,318 | - | 00,770,241 | - | 201,555,154 | - | 7,809,679 | - | 7,763,366 | - | 277,120,401 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 10,016,143 | | - | | - | | 10,016,143 | | • | | - | | 10,016,143 |
| Planning and Zoning | | 36,052,040 | | - | | - | | 36,052,040 | | - | | - | | 36,052,040 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | | - | | 85,254,655 | | - | | 85,254,655 | | - | | 334,485 | | 85,589,140 |
| Recreation | | - | | - | | 58,239,277 | | 58,239,277 | | - | | 6,770,679 | | 65,009,956 |
| Contributions | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 859,223 | | 859,223 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 10,534,049 | | 10,534,049 |
| Interest | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 3,715,795 | | 3,715,795 |
| Other Debt Service Costs | | - | | - | | - | | - | | | | 25,958 | | 25,958 |
| Capital Outlay: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Park Acquisition | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 6,801,138 | | - | | 6,801,138 |
| Park Development | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 11,097,576 | | - | | 11,097,576 |
| Total Expenditures | | 46,068,183 | | 85,254,655 | _ | 58,239,277 | | 189,562,115 | _ | 17,898,714 | _ | 22,240,189 | | 229,701,018 |
| Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over | _ | | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | | |
| Expenditures | _ | (1,911,608) | _ | 68,350,663 | _ | 5,533,964 | _ | 71,973,019 | _ | (10,089,035) | _ | (14,456,601) | _ | 47,427,383 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | - | | 3,043,344 | | - | | 3,043,344 | | 61,182,809 | | 13,986,572 | | 78,212,725 |
| Transfer Out | _ | (50,000) | _ | (73,490,572) | _ | (8,980,900) | _ | (82,521,472) | | (3,043,344) | _ | (1,628,809) | | (87,193,625) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | (50,000) | _ | (70,447,228) | _ | (8,980,900) | _ | (79,478,128) | = | 58,139,465 | _ | 12,357,763 | Ξ | (8,980,900) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | | (1,961,608) | | (2,096,565) | | (3,446,936) | | (7,505,109) | | 48,050,430 | | (2,098,838) | | 38,446,483 |
| Fund Balances - Beginning | _ | 27,253,333 | _ | 68,655,775 | _ | 37,494,488 | _ | 133,403,596 | _ | 88,002,302 | _ | 6,117,614 | _ | 227,523,512 |
| Fund Balances - Ending | \$_ | 25,291,725 | \$ | 66,559,210 | \$_ | 34,047,552 | \$_ | 125,898,487 | \$_ | 136,052,732 | \$_ | 4,018,776 | \$_ | 265,969,995 |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND

Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | | Variance with Final Budget - |
|--|------------------|--------------|-----|---|------|-------------|------|------------------------------|
| | _ | Original | | Final | | Actual | | Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | _ | | _ | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 39,793,000 | \$ | 39,793,000 | \$ | 42,091,842 | \$ | 2,298,842 |
| Intergovernmental - | | | | | | | | |
| County | | 210,000 | | 174,276 | | 160,278 | | (13,998) |
| Charges for Services | | 1,628,000 | | 1,628,000 | | 1,012,211 | | (615,789) |
| Interest | | 690,000 | | 690,000 | | 891,080 | | 201,080 |
| Miscellaneous | _ | - | | <u> </u> | _ | 1,164 | | 1,164 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 42,321,000 | | 42,285,276 | - | 44,156,575 | | 1,871,299 |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances: | | | | | | | | |
| Commissioners' Office | | 2,866,800 | | 2,866,800 | | 2,544,533 | | 322,267 |
| Central Administrative Services - | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Human Resources and Management | | 2,680,500 | | 2,680,500 | | 2,586,042 | | 94,458 |
| Department of Finance | | 3,236,400 | | 3,236,400 | | 3,127,365 | | 109,035 |
| Legal Department | | 1,126,000 | | 1,126,000 | | 1,125,312 | | 688 |
| Support Services | | 512,300 | | 512,300 | | 513,188 | | (888) |
| Merit System Board | | 55,200 | | 55,200 | | 51,528 | | 3,672 |
| Total Central Administrative Services | _ | 7,610,400 | | 7,610,400 | _ | 7,403,435 | | 206,965 |
| Planning Department - | | | | | | | | |
| Director's Office | | 2,569,600 | | 3,069,600 | | 4.332,292 | | (1,262,692) |
| Development Review | | 8,298,900 | | 8,298,900 | | 6,627,095 | | 1,671,805 |
| Community Planning North | | 5,502,300 | | 5,502,300 | | 4,000,252 | | 1,502,048 |
| Community Planning South | | 4,938,200 | | 4,938,200 | | 3,629,658 | | 1,308,542 |
| Information Management | | 7,745,500 | | 7,745,500 | | 7,698,394 | | 47,106 |
| Countywide Planning | | 8,671,300 | | 8,671,300 | | 7,279,892 | | 1,391,408 |
| Information Center | | 6,222,500 | | 6,222,500 | | 3,501,253 | | 2,721,247 |
| Support Services | | 2,052,100 | | 2,052,100 | | 1,594,866 | | 457,234 |
| Grants | | 130,000 | | 94,276 | | 94,276 | | , <u>.</u> |
| Total Planning Department | _ | 46,130,400 | | 46,594,676 | _ | 38,757,978 | - | 7,836,698 |
| Non-Departmental | | | | _ | | (360,876) | | 360,876 |
| Total Expenditures/Encumbrances | | 56,607,600 | - | 57,071,876 | _ | 48,345,070 | - | 8,726,806 |
| | _ | | - | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | _ | ,, | • | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | (14,286,600) | - | (14,786,600) | _ | (4,188,495) | - | 10,598,105 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In (Out) - | | | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Fund | | (50,000) | | (50,000) | | (50,000) | | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | (50,000) | - | (50,000) | _ | (50,000) | - | - |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | \$_ | (14,336,600) | \$_ | (14,836,600) | | (4,238,495) | \$ _ | 10,598,105 |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning | | | | | | 18,658,565 | | |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending | | | | | \$ - | 14,420,070 | | |
| Tana Salance Badget Badio, Enang | | | | | Ψ = | 17,720,070 | | |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

PARK ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND

Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | | Variance with Final Budget |
|---|------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|------------|--------------|------|----------------------------|
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | | Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | _ | | - | | - | | - | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 140,022,000 | \$ | 140,022,000 | \$ | 149,481,184 | \$ | 9,459,184 |
| Intergovernmental - | | | | | | | | |
| Federal | | - | | 23,532 | | 45,997 | | 22,465 |
| State | | - | | 16,089 | | 21,737 | | 5,648 |
| Local | | - | | 11,349 | | 11,349 | | - |
| County | | - | | 3,000 | | 3,000 | | - |
| Charges for Services | | 336,600 | | 336,600 | | 373,815 | | 37,215 |
| Rentals and Concessions | | 2,066,200 | | 2,066,200 | | 2,019,287 | | (46,913) |
| Interest | | 1,530,000 | | 1,530,000 | | 1,382,777 | | (147,223) |
| Miscellaneous | _ | 314,400 | _ | 314,400 | | 266,172 | _ | (48,228) |
| Total Revenues | _ | 144,269,200 | - | 144,323,170 | . <u>-</u> | 153,605,318 | - | 9,282,148 |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances: | | | | | | | | |
| Director's Office | | 3,570,300 | | 2,894,400 | | 2,820,132 | | 74,268 |
| Park Police | | 15,209,500 | | 14,538,800 | | 14,295,665 | | 243,135 |
| Support Services | | 11,860,300 | | 12,915,300 | | 12,857,387 | | 57,913 |
| Park Planning and Development | | 5,773,300 | | 6,248,900 | | 6,041,469 | | 207,431 |
| Information Technology and Communication | | 1,834,600 | | 2,116,700 | | 2,093,984 | | 22,716 |
| Facility Operations - | | | | | | ,, | | , |
| Administration | | 430,400 | | 417,200 | | 389,594 | | 27,606 |
| Maintenance and Development | | 25,719,700 | | 27,710,400 | | 28,371,513 | | (661,113) |
| Natural and Historical Resources | | 2,742,100 | | 2,553,200 | | 2,618,085 | | (64,885) |
| Arts and Cultural Heritage | | 1,786,300 | | 1,714,100 | | 1,723,358 | | (9,258) |
| Park Permits and Aquatics Maintenance | | 554,600 | | 393,800 | | 427,482 | | (33,682) |
| Total Facility Operations | _ | 31,233,100 | - | 32,788,700 | _ | 33,530,032 | - | (741,332) |
| Area Operations - | | | | | | | | |
| Northern Area | | 6,059,800 | | 5,813,600 | | 5,785,434 | | 28,166 |
| Central Area | | 5,807,300 | | 5,656,700 | | 5,439,921 | | 216,779 |
| Southern Area | | 5,248,300 | | 5,234,800 | | 5,106,423 | | 128,377 |
| Total Area Operations | _ | 17,115,400 | - | 16,705,100 | - | 16,331,778 | - | 373,322 |
| Grants | | _ | | 53,970 | | 53,970 | | _ |
| Non-Departmental | | 3,963,900 | | 2,802,500 | | 2,569,674 | | 232,826 |
| Total Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | 90,560,400 | - | 91,064,370 | - | 90,594,091 | - | 470,279 |
| Fuere of Develope and | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Excess of Revenues over Expenditures/Encumbrances | | 53,708,800 | | 53,258,800 | | 63,011,227 | | 9,752,427 |
| · | _ | 00,700,000 | - | 00,200,000 | _ | 00,011,227 | - | 0,702,427 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In (Out) - | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Projects Funds - Interest | | 1,140,000 | | 1,140,000 | | 3,043,344 | | 1,903,344 |
| Debt Service - Park Fund | | (14,223,900) | | (14,223,900) | | (13,936,572) | | 287,328 |
| Capital Projects Funds - Development | | (59,554,000) | | (59,554,000) | | (59,554,000) | | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | (72,637,900) | _ | (72,637,900) | _ | (70,447,228) | _ | 2,190,672 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources | | | | | | | | |
| over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | \$_ | (18,929,100) | \$_ | (19,379,100) | | (7,436,001) | \$ _ | 11,943,099 |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Beginning | | | | | | 64,078,004 | | |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending | | | | | \$ _ | 56,642,003 | | |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | | - | | | |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY RECREATION ACCOUNT- GENERAL FUND

Summary of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | _ | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | Variance with Final Budget |
|--|-----|------------------|--------|-------------|------|-------------|------|----------------------------|
| | _ | Original | | Final | _ | Actual | | Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | • | F4 000 000 | • | F4 000 000 | • | 55 404 000 | • | 0.000.000 |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 51,896,000 | \$ | 51,896,000 | \$ | 55,164,393 | \$ | 3,268,393 |
| Intergovernmental - Federal | | | | 146,699 | | 146,699 | | |
| State | | - | | 343,922 | | 343,922 | | - |
| Charges for Services | | 6,268,900 | | 6,268,900 | | 6,221,020 | | (47,880) |
| Rentals and Concessions | | 630,700 | | 630,700 | | 714,726 | | 84,026 |
| Interest | | 1,404,000 | | 1,404,000 | | 1,109,012 | | (294,988) |
| Miscellaneous | | 92,600 | | 92,600 | | 73,466 | | (19,134) |
| Total Revenues | _ | 60,292,200 | - - | 60,782,821 | _ | 63,773,238 | | 2,990,417 |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances: | | | | | | | | |
| Director's Office | | 1,401,300 | | 1,241,300 | | 1,023,644 | | 217,656 |
| Deputy Director | | 260,000 | | 260,000 | | 255,726 | | 4,274 |
| Support Services | | 6,274,000 | | 7,198,400 | | 6,357,002 | | 841,398 |
| Information Technology Communications | | 2,698,300 | | 3,673,300 | | 3,809,953 | | (136,653) |
| Total Director's Office | | 10,633,600 | _ | 12,373,000 | - | 11,446,325 | • | 926,675 |
| Facility Operations: | | | | | | | | |
| Sports/Athletic/Outreach Program | | 5,083,000 | | 4,998,000 | | 4,942,939 | | 55,061 |
| Natural and Historical Resources | | 4,385,600 | | 4,284,600 | | 4,462,348 | | (177,748) |
| Arts and Cultural Heritage | | 3,655,100 | | 3,655,100 | | 3,467,188 | | 187,912 |
| Grants | | - | | 490,621 | | 491,168 | | (547) |
| Total Facility Operations | | 13,123,700 | _ | 13,428,321 | _ | 13,363,643 | - | 64,678 |
| Area Operations: | | | | | | | | |
| Deputy Director | | 534,900 | | 534,900 | | 494,342 | | 40,558 |
| Northern Area | | 7,990,200 | | 7,862,800 | | 8,430,252 | | (567,452) |
| Central Area | | 7,007,200 | | 6,907,200 | | 6,891,944 | | 15,256 |
| Southern Area | | 7,950,500 | | 7,450,500 | | 7,291,304 | | 159,196 |
| Child Care and Special Projects | _ | 5,434,500 | _ | 5,461,900 | _ | 5,453,625 | _ | 8,275 |
| Total Area Operations | | 28,917,300 | | 28,217,300 | | 28,561,467 | | (344,167) |
| Non-Departmental | | 4,692,700 | _ | 4,839,300 | | 4,503,690 | _ | 335,610 |
| Total Operating Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | 57,367,300 | _ | 58,857,921 | _ | 57,875,125 | - | 982,796 |
| Excess of Revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures/Encumbrances | _ | 2,924,900 | _ | 1,924,900 | _ | 5,898,113 | - | 3,973,213 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In (Out) - | | | | | | | | |
| Enterprise | | (8,980,900) | | (8,980,900) | | (8,980,900) | _ | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | (8,980,900) | _ | (8,980,900) | | (8,980,900) | - | - |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources | | | | | | | | |
| over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | \$_ | (6,056,000) | \$ _ | (7,056,000) | | (3,082,787) | \$ _ | 3,973,213 |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Begninning | | | | | | 33,487,704 | | |
| Fund Balance - Budget Basis, Ending | | | | | \$ _ | 30,404,917 | | |

Required Supplementary Information for Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)

<u>Schedule of Funding Progress for Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the System)</u> - The actuarial accrued liability at the valuation date shown on the Schedule of Funding Progress is a measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the System on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers.

Funding activity for the last three years is summarized as follows:

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (000'S)

| | July 1, 2006 | July 1, 2007 | July 1, 2008 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Actuarial Valuation of Plan Assets | \$ 552,432 | \$ 600,285 | \$ 633,700 |
| Actuarial Accrued Liability | 544,748 | 615,589 | 662,225 |
| Funded Ratio | 101.4% | 97.5% | 95.7% |
| Actuarial Value of Assets in Excess of (less than) Actuarial | | | |
| Accrued Liability | 7,684 | (15,304) | (28,525) |
| Annual Covered Payroll | 109,579 | 122,825 | 132,241 |
| Actuarial Value of Assets in Excess of (less than) Actuarial | | | |
| Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 7.0% | -12.5% | -21.6% |

Analysis of the dollar amounts of plan net assets, actuarial accrued liability and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing plan net assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of the system's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the system. Trends in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or excess of) and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the system's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller the unfunded percentage, the stronger the system.

Publicly available Financial Statements for the Employees' Retirement System can be obtained at 6611 Kenilworth Avenue, Suite 100, Riverdale, Maryland 20737.

Required Supplementary Information for Other Postemployment Benefits (Unaudited)

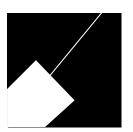
Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan) - The actuarial accrued liability at the valuation date shown on the Schedule of Funding Progress is a measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the System on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers.

The Commission adopted the accounting requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 prospectively in fiscal year 2008, and began a formal program of funding these benefits in that fiscal year. Therefore the full three years of information required is not available, and the impact of that funding is not reflected in the actuarial information presented below. However, information from two actuarial valuations is available, summarized as follows:

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (000'S)

| | July 1, 200 | <u>)6</u> | July 1, 2007 | July 1, 2008 |
|---|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Actuarial Valuation of Plan Assets | \$ 13 | 2 \$ | 144 | \$ 2,817 |
| Actuarial Accrued Liability | 208,00 | 5 | 232,535 | 257,492 |
| Funded Ratio | 0.06 | % | 0.06% | 1.09% |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability | 207,87 | 3 | 232,391 | 254,675 |
| Annual Covered Payroll | 109,57 | 9 | 122,825 | 131,074 |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered | | | | |
| Payroll | 189.7 | % | 189.2% | 194.3% |

Analysis of the dollar amounts of plan net assets, actuarial accrued liability and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing plan net assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of the system's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the system. Trends in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or excess of) and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the system's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller the unfunded percentage, the stronger the system.



PART IIB

FINANCIAL SECTION

Combining Statements and Schedules



The Brainard Warner House, built in 1894, is the former home of the founder of the original town of Kensington.

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds account for certain revenues which are dedicated by the Commission to certain purposes other than debt service, and are used in general operations comprised of park operation and maintenance, recreation (Prince George's County only), and planning administration.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs. The Commission maintains Park Debt Service and Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service Funds for each County.

Schedule 1

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

Schedule 2

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| • | | | MONTGOM | MONTGOMERY COUNTY | | | | | PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY | E'S COUNTY | | | |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| | Speci | Special Revenue Funds | <u></u> | | Advance | | S | Special Revenue Funds | ş | | Advance | | Total |
| ' | Planning | Parks | Total Special Revenue | Park Debt Service | Acquisition Debt Service | Total | Planning | Parks and Recreation | Total Special Revenue | Park Debt Service | Acquisition Debt Service | Total | Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes \$ | • | • | 69 | • | 1,700,802 \$ | 1,700,802 | \$ - | \$9 | \$9 | \$ | - \$ 1,208,337 \$ | 1,208,337 \$ | 2 |
| Intergovernmental - County | 275,780 | 265,935 | 541,715 | | • | 541,715 | • | 173,702 | 173,702 | • | | 173,702 | 715,417 |
| Intergovernmental - Other | 27,280 | 6,697 | 33,977 | • | • | 33,977 | • | • | • | • | | | 33,977 |
| Charges for Services | 1,669,667 | 20,796 | 1,690,463 | • | | 1,690,463 | • | 977,903 | 977,903 | • | | 977,903 | 2,668,366 |
| Recreation Activities | | 34,618 | 34,618 | • | • | 34,618 | • | 4,821,693 | 4,821,693 | • | | 4,821,693 | 4,856,311 |
| Interest | 51,788 | 13,315 | 65,103 | | • | 65,103 | 3,229 | 172,604 | 175,833 | • | • | 175,833 | 240,936 |
| Contributions | 82,738 | 12,657 | 100,395 | • | • | 100,395 | • | 372,768 | 372,768 | • | | 372,768 | 473,163 |
| Miscellaneous Total Bosonica | 150,315 | 56,094 | 206,409 | • | . 000 002 7 | 206,409 | | 53,352 | 53,352 | | | 53,352 | 259,761 |
| lotal nevelines | 896,292,2 | 410,112 | 2,6/2,680 | - | 7,700,802 | 4,3/3,482 | 3,229 | 6,572,022 | 6,575,251 | - | 1,208,337 | 7,783,588 | 12,157,070 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | ; | | | | | | | : | : |
| Interest | | | , | 2,580,000 | 535,000 | 3,115,000 | • | • | | 10,234,049 | 300,000 | 10,534,049 | 13,649,049 |
| Other Date Coming Contract | | | | 1,209,283 | 140,007 | 1,349,890 | | • | | 3,6/8,314 | 37,481 | 3,/15,/95 | 5,005,085 |
| Offiel Debt Service Costs | | • | | 151,128 | 1,749 | 152,877 | • | • | | 24,209 | 1,749 | 25,958 | 178,835 |
| Contributions | • | • | • | | 1,001,558 | 1,001,558 | | • | • | • | 859,223 | 859,223 | 1,860,781 |
| Planning and Zoning | 3,693,007 | | 3,693,007 | | • | 3,693,007 | • | • | • | • | | • | 3,693,007 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | | 293,465 | 293,465 | | • | 293,465 | • | 334,485 | 334,485 | • | • | 334,485 | 627,950 |
| Hecreation | | | | | , | | | 6,770,679 | 6,770,679 | | • | 6,770,679 | 6,770,679 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,693,007 | 293,465 | 3,986,472 | 3,940,411 | 1,678,914 | 9,605,797 | | 7,105,164 | 7,105,164 | 13,936,572 | 1,198,453 | 22,240,189 | 31,845,986 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (1,430,439) | 116,647 | (1,313,792) | (3,940,411) | 21,888 | (5,232,315) | 3,229 | (533,142) | (529,913) | (13,936,572) | 9,884 | (14,456,601) | (19,688,916) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Description of Bonds Issued | • | | • | 8,405,000 | • | 8,405,000 | • | • | • | • | , | | 8,405,000 |
| Display Officer of Definition of the Control of the | | • | | 343,405 | | 343,405 | • | • | • | • | | • | 343,405 |
| Transfero la | , 000 011 | • | , , | (8,650,856) | | (8,650,856) | | • | | | | | (8,650,856) |
| Transfers Out | 000,877,1 | | 1,773,000 | 3,842,862 | • | 5,615,862 | 20,000 | (4 620 900) | 50,000 | 13,936,572 | , | 13,986,572 | 19,602,434 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 1,773,000 | | 1,773,000 | 3,940,411 | | 5,713,411 | 50,000 | (1,628,809) | (1,578,809) | 13,936,572 | . . | 12,357,763 | 18,071,174 |
| Net change in find balances | 340 561 | 116 647 | 900 300 | | 040 | 900 100 | 000 | (0.464.064) | (0 400 200) | | 700 | (000 000 07 | (0,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5 |
| Fund Balances - beginning | 1,391,916 | 331,903 | 1,723,819 | | 7,230 | 1,731,049 | 33,229 86,632 | 6,026,605 | 6,113,237 | | 9,864 4,377 | 6,117,614 | 7,848,663 |

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual - Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | Variance Positive | (Negative) | \$ (202,298) | 22,603 | (902,907) | (111,167) | (199,932) | (20,148) | (1,413,849) | | • | 470,676 | 82,547 | 553,223 | (860,626) | | , | 114,591 | \$ (746,035) | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| e's County | | Actual | \$ 173,702 | 977,903 | 4,821,693 | 175,833 | 372,768 | 53,352 | 6,575,251 | | • | 378,824 | 6,744,753 | 7,123,577 | (548,326) | | 20,000 | (1,578,809) | (2,127,135) | 5,710,183 | \$ 3,583,048 |
| Prince George's County | Amounts | Final | \$ 376,000 | 955,300 | 5,724,600 | 287,000 | 572,700 | 73,500 | 7,989,100 | | • | 849,500 | 6,827,300 | 7,676,800 | 312,300 | | 50,000 | (1,693,400) | \$ (1,381,100) | | |
| | Budgeted Amounts | Original | 376,000 | 955,300 | 5,724,600 | 287,000 | 572,700 | 73,500 | 7,989,100 | | • | 849,500 | 6,827,300 | 7,676,800 | 312,300 | | 50,000 | (1,693,400) | (1,381,100) | | |
| | Variance Positive | (Negative) | 229,892 \$ | (363,437) | 21,618 | 64,603 | 35,395 | 24,609 | 12,680 | | 585,991 | 61,716 | • | 647,707 | 786,099 | | ı | | \$ 282 | | |
| Montgomery County | | Actual | \$ 575,692 \$ | 1,690,463 | 34,618 | 65,103 | 100,395 | 206,409 | 2,672,680 | | 3,754,309 | 216,984 | • | 3,971,293 | (1,298,613) | | 1,773,000 | 1,773,000 | 474,387 \$ | 1,282,603 | \$ 1,756,990 |
| Montgom | Budgeted Amounts | Final | \$ 345,800 | 2,053,900 | 13,000 | 200 | 65,000 | 181,800 | 2,660,000 | | 4,340,300 | 278,700 | | 4,619,000 | (1,959,000) | | 1,773,000 | 1,773,000 | \$ (186,000) | | |
| | Budgete | Original | \$ 345,800 | 2,053,900 | 13,000 | 200 | 65,000 | 181,800 | 2,660,000 | | 4,340,300 | 278,700 | | 4,619,000 | (1,959,000) | | 1,773,000 | 1,773,000 | 19 \$ (186,000) | | |
| | | Ravenies: | Intergovernmental | Charges for Services | Recreation Activities | Interest | Contributions | Miscellaneous | Total Revenues | Expenditures/Encumbrances: Current - | County Planning and Zoning | Park Operations and Maintenance | Hecreation | Total Expenditures/Encumbrances | Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures/Encumbrances | Other Financing Sources (Uses): | Operating Transfers In Transfers Out | Total Other Financing (Uses) | Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures/Encumbrances and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budget Basis | Fund Balances - Budget Basis, July 1 | Fund Balances - Budget Basis, June 30 |

The funds budgets are approved by the respective County Council only for the total of both funds



Tucker Road Ice Rink in Fort Washington is a very "cool" facility for all ages.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for recreational and cultural facilities that are operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the Commission's intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public will be recovered primarily through user charges.

Schedule 4

Schedule of Net Assets Enterprise Funds June 30, 2009 and 2008

| | | | | | Recreational and | Cultural Facilities | | | | |
|--|---------------|----------|--------------|------|------------------|---------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------------|
| | Мол | taomen | / County | | Prince Georg | ne's County | | | Totals | ; |
| | June 30, | | June 30, | - | June 30, | June 30, | | June 30, | | June 30, |
| | 2009 | | 2008 | _ | 2009 | 2008 | | 2009 | _ | 2008 |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$ 1,497,62 | 9 \$ | 1,581,618 | \$ | 2,838,466 \$ | 2,933,116 | \$ | 4,336,095 | \$ | 4,514,734 |
| Accounts Receivable | 6,92 | | 6.928 | Ψ | Σ,000,100 ψ | 84,550 | Ψ | 6,928 | Ψ | 91,478 |
| Due from County Government | 180,00 | | 180,000 | | _ | | | 180,000 | | 180,000 |
| Due from Other Government | , | - | 102,906 | | 9,231 | | | 9,231 | | 102,906 |
| Inventories | 152,48 | 7 | 186,240 | | 827,778 | 828,210 | | 980,265 | | 1,014,450 |
| Total Current Assets | 1,837,04 | | 2,057,692 | - | 3,675,475 | 3,845,876 | | 5,512,519 | | 5,903,568 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Due from County Government | 360,00 | 0 | 540,000 | | - | | | 360,000 | | 540,000 |
| Capital Assets: | 000,00 | • | 0.0,000 | | | | | 000,000 | | 0.0,000 |
| Land | 11,584,46 | 8 | 11,584,468 | | 7,779,131 | 7,779,131 | | 19,363,599 | | 19,363,599 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 26,999,84 | | 26,994,492 | | 72,270,589 | 72,270,589 | | 99,270,437 | | 99,265,081 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 1,680,42 | | 1,625,438 | | 5,047,976 | 4,783,290 | | 6,728,403 | | 6,408,728 |
| Construction in Progress | 397,88 | | 172,164 | | | | | 397,888 | | 172,164 |
| g | 40,662,63 | | 40,376,562 | - | 85,097,696 | 84,833,010 | - | 125,760,327 | - | 125,209,572 |
| Less - Accumulated Depreciation | (15,056,45 | | (13,692,522) | | (28,876,284) | (26,630,930) | | (43,932,742) | | (40,323,452) |
| Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation) | 25,606,17 | | 26,684,040 | - | 56,221,412 | 58,202,080 | - | 81,827,585 | - | 84,886,120 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 25,966,17 | 3 | 27,224,040 | - | 56,221,412 | 58,202,080 | - | 82,187,585 | - | 85,426,120 |
| Total Assets | 27,803,21 | 7 | 29,281,732 | _ | 59,896,887 | 62,047,956 | - | 87,700,104 | _ | 91,329,688 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 102,018 | 3 | 336,271 | | 478,203 | 604,589 | | 580,221 | | 940,860 |
| Accrued Salaries and Benefits | 65,01 | 7 | 47,966 | | 214,508 | 175,780 | | 279,525 | | 223,746 |
| Compensated Absences | 97,31 | 5 | 83,717 | | 224,343 | 188,908 | | 321,658 | | 272,625 |
| Interest Payable | 31,370 |) | 38,915 | | - | - | | 31,370 | | 38,915 |
| Revenue Collected in Advance | 812,787 | 7 | 905,214 | | 333,293 | 115,199 | | 1,146,080 | | 1,020,413 |
| Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable | 685,117 | | 662,779 | | - | - | | 685,117 | | 662,779 |
| Current Portion of Revenue Notes Payable Current Portion of Notes Payable | 444,444 | 4 | 444,444 | | - | - | | 444,444 | | 444,444 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 2,238,068 | 3 . | 2,519,306 | - | 1,250,347 | 1,084,476 | - | 3,488,415 | _ | 3,603,782 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Bonds Payable | 1,741,512 | , | 2,394,566 | | | | | 1,741,512 | | 2,394,566 |
| Revenue Notes Payable | 1,555,560 | | 2,000,004 | | _ | | | 1,555,560 | | 2,000,004 |
| Compensated Absences | 179,087 | | 174,150 | | 574,001 | 565,246 | | 753,088 | | 739,396 |
| Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations | 184,535 | | 92,317 | | 720,432 | 351,589 | | 904,967 | | 443,906 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 3,660,694 | | 4,661,037 | - | 1,294,433 | 916,835 | | 4,955,127 | _ | 5,577,872 |
| Total Liabilities | 5,898,762 | | 7,180,343 | _ | 2,544,780 | 2,001,311 | _ | 8,443,542 | _ | 9,181,654 |
| NET ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | 21,179,540 |) | 21,182,247 | | 56,221,412 | 58,202,080 | | 77,400,952 | | 79,384,327 |
| Unrestricted | 724,915 | <u> </u> | 919,142 | | 1,130,695 | 1,844,565 | _ | 1,855,610 | | 2,763,707 |
| Total Net Assets | \$ 21,904,455 | \$ | 22,101,389 | \$ _ | 57,352,107 \$ | 60,046,645 | \$ _ | 79,256,562 | \$ _ | 82,148,034 |

Schedule 5

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Enterprise Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Recreational and Cultural Facilities

| | Montgo | mer | y County | Prince Ge | org | e's County | | - | Γota | ls |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-------------|------------------|------|--------------|------|--------------|------|--------------|
| | Year En | ded | June 30, | Year En | ded | June 30, | • | Year En | ded | June 30, |
| | 2009 | | 2008 | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 82,249 | \$ | 102,906 | \$ 9,688 | \$ | 48,730 | \$ | 91,937 | \$ | 151,636 |
| Sales | 651,471 | | 631,448 | 2,409,559 | | 2,553,637 | | 3,061,030 | | 3,185,085 |
| Charges for Services | 5,456,653 | | 4,786,150 | 4,576,459 | | 4,645,836 | | 10,033,112 | | 9,431,986 |
| Rentals and Concessions | 2,327,935 | | 2,326,898 | 2,755,534 | | 2,983,022 | | 5,083,469 | | 5,309,920 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 8,518,308 | | 7,847,402 | 9,751,240 | | 10,231,225 | | 18,269,548 | | 18,078,627 |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of Goods Sold | 356,967 | | 323,603 | 1,615,475 | | 1,737,089 | | 1,972,442 | | 2,060,692 |
| Personal Services | 3,091,710 | | 2,854,190 | 11,220,659 | | 10,692,610 | | 14,312,369 | | 13,546,800 |
| Supplies and Materials | 503,561 | | 503,608 | 1,615,713 | | 1,636,301 | | 2,119,274 | | 2,139,909 |
| Communications | 36,124 | | 43,276 | 345,584 | | 345,435 | | 381,708 | | 388,711 |
| Utilities | 1,204,525 | | 1,171,194 | 1,981,766 | | 1,780,917 | | 3,186,291 | | 2,952,111 |
| Maintenance | 498,606 | | 517,290 | 860,290 | | 1,059,898 | | 1,358,896 | | 1,577,188 |
| Contractual Services | 557,949 | | 660,097 | 606,466 | | 707,985 | | 1,164,415 | | 1,368,082 |
| Other Services and Charges | 232,402 | | 352,783 | 658,519 | | 649,789 | | 890,921 | | 1,002,572 |
| Administrative Services | 1,291,790 | | 1,320,493 | 341,700 | | 321,900 | | 1,633,490 | | 1,642,393 |
| Depreciation | 1,363,936 | | 1,363,737 | 2,268,984 | | 2,265,809 | | 3,632,920 | | 3,629,546 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 9,137,570 | | 9,110,271 | 21,515,156 | | 21,197,733 | | 30,652,726 | | 30,308,004 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (619,262) | | (1,262,869) | (11,763,916) | | (10,966,508) | | (12,383,178) | | (12,229,377) |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Earnings | 49,735 | | 101,154 | 88,478 | | 193,701 | | 138,213 | | 294,855 |
| Interest Expense, net of Amortization | (246,407) | | (291,511) | - | | - | | (246,407) | | (291,511) |
| Loss on Disposal of Asset | - | | (27,208) | - | | - | | - | | (27,208) |
| Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) | (196,672) | | (217,565) | 88,478 | | 193,701 | - | (108,194) | | (23,864) |
| Loss before Transfers | (815,934) | | (1,480,434) | (11,675,438) | | (10,772,807) | | (12,491,372) | | (12,253,241) |
| Transfers In | 619,000 | | 619,000 | 8,980,900 | | 8,445,100 | | 9,599,900 | | 9,064,100 |
| Total Contributions and Transfers | 619,000 | | 619,000 | 8,980,900 | | 8,445,100 | | 9,599,900 | | 9,064,100 |
| Change in Net Assets | (196,934) | • | (861,434) | (2,694,538) | • | (2,327,707) | • | (2,891,472) | • | (3,189,141) |
| Total Net Assets - Beginning | 22,101,389 | _ | 22,962,823 | 60,046,645 | _ | 62,374,352 | | 82,148,034 | _ | 85,337,175 |
| Total Net Assets - Ending | \$ 21,904,455 | \$ | 22,101,389 | \$ 57,352,107 | \$] | 60,046,645 | \$ [| 79,256,562 | \$ | 82,148,034 |

Schedule 6

Schedule of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Recreational and Cultural Facilities

| | Montgome | rv Countv | Prince Georg | e's Countv | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| • | Year Ended | | Year Ended | | Year Ended | June 30, |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | | |
| Receipts from Customers and Users \$ | 8,528,788 \$ | 8,009,815 \$ | 10,044,653 \$ | 5 10,185,976 \$ | 18,573,441 \$ | 18,195,791 |
| Payments to Suppliers | (3,165,480) | (2,889,872) | (7,809,767) | (7,840,812) | (10,975,247) | (10,730,684) |
| Payments to Employees | (2,963,906) | (2,920,126) | (10,768,898) | (10,357,519) | (13,732,804) | (13,277,645) |
| Payments for Interfund Services Used | (432,700) | (489,800) | - | - | (432,700) | (489,800) |
| Payments for Administrative Charges | (1,291,790) | (1,320,493) | (341,700) | (321,900) | (1,633,490) | (1,642,393) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | 674,912 | 389,524 | (8,875,712) | (8,334,255) | (8,200,800) | (7,944,731) |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Transfers In from Other Funds | 619,000 | 619,000 | 8,980,900 | 8,445,100 | 9,599,900 | 9,064,100 |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets | (286,069) | (341,601) | (288,316) | (162,985) | (574,385) | (504,586) |
| Principal Paid on Bonds and Notes Payable | (1,107,223) | (1,112,836) | - | - | (1,107,223) | (1,112,836) |
| Interest Paid | (214,344) | (259,448) | - | - | (214,344) | (259,448) |
| Payment Received on Long Term Note | 180,000 | 180,000 | - | - | 180,000 | 180,000 |
| Net Cash Used by Capital and Related | | | | | | |
| Financing Activities | (1,427,636) | (1,533,885) | (288,316) | (162,985) | (1,715,952) | (1,696,870) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Interest on Investments | 49,735 | 101,154 | 88,478 | 193,701 | 138,213 | 294,855 |
| | | | • | | | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (83,989) | (424,207) | (94,650) | 141,561 | (178,639) | (282,646) |
| | | | | | | |
| Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, July 1 | 1,581,618 | 2,005,825 | 2,933,116 | 2,791,555 | 4,514,734 | 4,797,380 |
| | | | | | | - |
| Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, June 30 \$ | 1,497,629 \$ | 1,581,618 \$ | 2,838,466 \$ | 2,933,116 \$ | 4,336,095 \$ | 4,514,734 |
| December of Operation Income (I can) to Nat Ocab | | | | | | |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash | | | | | | |
| Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | (040 000) | (4.000.000) | (44.700.040) (6 | (40,000,500) | (40,000,470) | (40,000,077) |
| Operating Income (Loss) \$ | (619,262) \$ | (1,262,869) \$ | (11,763,916) \$ | (10,966,508) | (12,383,178) \$ | (12,229,377) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | | | | | |
| , , , . | 4 262 026 | 1 262 727 | 2 260 004 | 2 265 900 | 2 622 020 | 2 620 546 |
| Depreciation Effect of Changes in Assets and Liabilities in: | 1,363,936 | 1,363,737 | 2,268,984 | 2,265,809 | 3,632,920 | 3,629,546 |
| Accounts Receivable | | 43 | 84,550 | (47.206) | 94 550 | (47.162) |
| Due from Other Government | 102,906 | (87,949) | (9,231) | (47,206) 146,596 | 84,550 93,675 | (47,163) 58,647 |
| | 33.753 | , , , | (9,231) | , | | (169,373) |
| Inventories, at Cost | , | 1,270 | | (170,643) | 34,185 | , , , |
| Accounts Payable | (234,253) | 207,927 | (126,386) | 247,245 | (360,639) | 455,172 |
| Accrued Salaries and Benefits | 17,051 | (119,503) | 38,728 | (98,101) | 55,779 | (217,604) |
| Compensated Absences | 18,535 | (48,179) | 44,190 | 81,603 | 62,725 | 33,424 |
| Interest Payable | (7,545) | (7,589) | - | 254 500 | (7,545) | (7,589) |
| Net Other Post Employment Obligations | 92,218 | 92,317 | 368,843 | 351,589 | 461,061 | 443,906 |
| Revenue Collected in Advance | (92,427) | 250,319 | 218,094 | (144,639) | 125,667 | 105,680 |
| Total Adjustments | 1,294,174 | 1,652,393 | 2,888,204 | 2,632,253 | 4,182,378 | 4,284,646 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ | 674,912 \$ | 389,524 \$ | (8,875,712) | (8,334,255) \$ | (8,200,800) \$ | (7,944,731) |



The Matthew Henson Trail kiosk provides information and a bit of a history lesson to the users of the new 4.2 mile, 8-foot-wide hard surface trail.

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the consolidated financing of certain goods or services provided to other Commission funds on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Capital Equipment Funds

The Montgomery County Capital Equipment Fund is used to account for the acquisition of equipment through the use of tax exempt financing and the leasing of the equipment to other Commission funds.

Executive Building Fund

The Executive Building Fund is used to account for the cost of operating the Executive Office Building in Prince George's County and was used to account for the renovation costs of that building which was acquired in February of 1992.

Employee Benefits Funds

The Employee Benefits Funds are used to account for the costs related to employees' life and health insurance coverage, and the flexible spending program.

Risk Management Fund

The Risk Management Funds are used to account for the activity related to general liability, property damage, and workers compensation.

Commission Wide Initiatives Fund

The Commission Wide Initiatives Fund is used to account for the acquisition of equipment through the use of tax exempt financing for certain projects which benefit the entire Commission.

Schedule 7

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Schedule 8

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | MOP | MONTGOMERY COUNTY | <u></u> | | PRINCE GEOR | PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY | | | TOTALS | S |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Capital Equipment | Employee Benefits | Risk Management | Capital Equipment | Executive Building | Employee Benefits | Risk Management | Commission Wide Initiatives | June 30, 2009 | June 30, 2008 |
| Uperating Kevenues: Charges for Services Claim Recoveries | \$ 3,677,320 \$ | 10,621,354 \$ | 3,415,001 \$ 226,288 | 400,000 \$ | \$ 62,000 | 10,623,005 \$ | 3,030,000 \$ | 1,694,502 \$ | 34,423,182 \$ 930,930 | 49,445,957 767.426 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 3,677,320 | 10,621,354 | 3,641,289 | 400,000 | 962,000 | 10,623,005 | 3,734,642 | 1,694,502 | 35,354,112 | 50,213,383 |
| Operating Expenses: Personal Services | ı | 3,370,657 | 513,399 | ı | 233,525 | (29,763) | 513,399 | , | 4,601,217 | 16,201,088 |
| Supplies and Materials Contractual Services - | 11,008 | • | 6,657 | 257,369 | 26,426 | | 6,668 | 51,943 | 360,071 | 140,005 |
| Other Contractual Services | , | 29 617 | 559 279 | , | , | 15.024 | 728 294 | , | 1.332.214 | 1 062 761 |
| Claims Incurred | | 7.716.474 | 1.943,107 | | | 7.716,473 | 2.406.015 | | 19,782,069 | 19,511,926 |
| Insurance | • | 3,318,098 | 104,186 | • | • | 3,318,099 | 165,543 | 1 | 6,905,926 | 5,991,917 |
| Other Services and Charges | 49,168 | 51,000 | 249,101 | 186,462 | 324,962 | 51,000 | 196,220 | 520,269 | 1,628,182 | 1,279,458 |
| Depreciation | 1,599,519 | | 11,000 | 81,748 | 106,954 | 1 | 20,461 | 77,034 | 1,896,716 | 1,818,219 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 1,659,695 | 14,485,846 | 3,386,729 | 525,579 | 691,867 | 11,070,833 | 4,036,600 | 649,246 | 36,506,395 | 46,005,374 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 2,017,625 | (3,864,492) | 254,560 | (125,579) | 270,133 | (447,828) | (301,958) | 1,045,256 | (1,152,283) | 4,208,009 |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): | 16 734 | 371 626 | 260 603 | 88 423 | 22 666 | 377 300 | 370.438 | 70 190 | 1 586 980 | 2 605 096 |
| Interest Expense | (85,920) | | | (11,266) | (40,202) | - | 100 | (4,537) | (141,925) | (200,865) |
| Loss on Disposal of Asset Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | (69,186) | 371,626 | 269,603 | 77,157 | (17,536) | 377,300 | 370,438 | 65,653 | 1,445,055 | 2,301,762 |
| Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers | 1,948,439 | (3,492,866) | 524,163 | (48,422) | 252,597 | (70,528) | 68,480 | 1,110,909 | 292,772 | 6,509,771 |
| Contributions and Transfers In (Out): Transfers In | 2,744,234 | 254,000 | 431,950 | 5,156,174 | 567,395 | 254,000 | 1,638,264 | 1 | 11,046,017 | 250,000 |
| ransters (Cut) Net Operating Transfers | 2,744,234 | (3,534,113) | 431,950 | 5,156,174 | 562,395 | (7,003,904) | 1,638,264 | | (110,040,11) | 250,000 |
| Change in Net Assets | 4,692,673 | (7,026,979) | 956,113 | 5,107,752 | 819,992 | (7,074,432) | 1,706,744 | 1,110,909 | 292,772 | 6,759,771 |
| Total Net Assets, July 1 Total Net Assets, June 30 Prior Period Adjustment (see Note 6) Ending Net Assets June 30, 2008, as restated | \$ 10,542,956 \$ | 14,976,517 7,949,538 \$ | 4,079,343 5,035,456 | 562,572 5,670,324 \$ | 1,549,161 2,369,153 \$ | 15,023,971 7,949,539 | 8,086,679 \$ | 3,865,021 \$ | 51,175,894 | 27,333,877 34,093,648 17,082,246 51,175,894 |

Combining Statement of Cash Flows - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | ı | MOM | MONTGOMERY COUNTY | YTV | | PRINCE GEOF | PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY | | | |
|--|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | Capital Equipment | Employee Benefits | Risk Manadement | Capital Equipment/ | Executive | Employee Benefits | Risk Manadement | Commission Wide Initiatives | TOTAL |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | 1 | 1 | | 0 | | 1 | | | | |
| Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers | ↔ | 3,477,921 \$ (125,765) | 10,559,041 (11,170,446) | \$ 3,494,644 \$ (2,256,146) | 3 128,426 \$ (236,782) | 962,000 \$ (335,580) | 10,560,693 (11,109,370) | \$ 3,587,997 \$ (3,395,425) | , 1,669,821 \$ (553,933) | ., (3 |
| Payments to Employees Payments for Interfund Services Used | | - (36,700) | (3,397,608) (51,000) | (503,100) | (3.600) | (232,293) | (51.000) | (503,233) (145,200) | | (4,636,234) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | | 3,315,456 | (4,060,013) | 536,398 | (111,956) | 392,827 | (599,677) | (455,861) | 1,115,888 | 133,062 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers In From Other Funds | l | 2,744,234 | (3,534,113) | 431,950 | 5,156,174 | 567,395 | (7,003,904) | 1,638,264 | ٠ | • |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | i Si | | | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of Capital Assets | | (3,996,675) | • | • | (16,608) | (8,157) | • | • | (352,789) | (4,374,229) |
| Frincipal raid on Notes Payable Interest Paid on Notes Payable | ı | (1,123,914) (85,920) | | • • | (143,442) | (180,000) (40,202) | | . , | (101,356) (4,537) | (1,548,712) (141,925) |
| Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities | 1 | (5,206,509) | • | | (171,316) | (228,359) | • | | (458,682) | (6,064,866) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on Investments | | 16,734 | 371,626 | 269,603 | 88,423 | 22,666 | 377,300 | 370,438 | 70,190 | 1,586,980 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | ıts | 869,915 | (7,222,500) | 1,237,951 | 4,961,325 | 754,529 | (7,226,281) | 1,552,841 | 727,396 | (4,344,824) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 | ₩ | 3,100,745 | 16,120,235 | 8,378,404 | 478,082 5,439,407 | 628,205 | 16,124,017 | 12,252,659 | 2,504,491 | 59,586,838 |
| | | H. | 1 | В | | | ı | 11 | 10010 | |
| Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Less) by Operating Activities | ↔ | 2,017,625 | \$ (3,864,492) | \$ 254,560 | (125,579) | 270,133 | \$ (447,828) | \$ (301,958) | \$ 1,045,256 \$ | (1,152,283) |
| Depreciation | | 1,599,519 | • | 11,000 | 81,748 | 106,954 | • | 20,461 | 77,034 | 1,896,716 |
| Effect of Changes in Assets and Liabilities in: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Receivable Due from County Government | | | (12,313) | (146.645) | | | (12,312) | (146 645) | | (24,625) |
| Prepaid Expenses | | (199,399) | • | (2) 2(2) | (271,574) | ٠ | | (212,21) | (24,681) | (495,654) |
| Accounts Payable | | (74,125) | (34,812) | 22,810 | 204,643 | 8,647 | 11,670 | (7,646) | 19,037 | 150,224 |
| Claims Payable | | • | (71,445) | 414,641 | | ' (| (71,444) | 28 | | 271,780 |
| Accided Salaries and Benefits Compensated Absences | | | (166,02) | 2,331 | | 1,266 | (29,763) | 2,197 | • | (50,920) |
| Interest Payable | | (9,296) | • | , | (1,194) | (4.761) | • | 506' | (758) | (16,009) |
| Other Accrued Liabilities | | ` , | (20,000) | • | | | (20,000) | • | (1) | (100,000) |
| Due to Other Funds | | (18,868) | • | • | • | | • | • | | (18,868) |
| Net Other Post Employment Obligations Due to County Government | | • | • | 29,785 | • | 10,622 | 1 | 29,786 | • | 70,193 |
| Total Adjustments | 1 | 1.297.831 | (195.521) | 281.838 | 13.623 | 122 694 | (151 849) | (153 903) | 70.632 | 1 285 345 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | ₩. | 11 | \$ (4,060,013) | \$ 536,398 | \$ (111,956) | 392,827 | \$ (599,677) | \$ (455,861) | \$ 1,115,888 | 133,062 |



Air Fair 100 at College Park Airport attracted thousands to the site where they were treated to high-flying trick planes and numerous aviation displays and vendors.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Commission in a trustee capacity or as an agent for employees, individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Funds are used to account for activities related to benefits for retired employees. This includes all activities of the Employees' Retirement System including accumulation of resources for, and payment of, retirement annuities and/or other benefits and the administrative costs of operating the system. This also includes all activities related to the Commission's portion of medical costs of retirees.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for funds whose principal and interest must be expended in accordance with their designated purposes.

Agency Funds

The Agency Funds are used to account for funds where the Commission is merely acting in an agent capacity for another organization.

Combining Statements of Net Assets Fiduciary Fund Types June 30, 2009

Schedule 10

| Colored Peak Total Princes Total Princes Pri | | PE | PENSION TRUST FUNDS | SC | 4 | PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS | | | AGENCY FUNDS | SONDS | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| in Probled Cash and Investments s | | Employees' Retirement Fund | Other Post Employment Benefits Fund | Total Pension Trust Funds | Montgomery County | Prince George's County | Total Private Purpose Trust Funds | State Retirement | Montgomery | Prince George's | Total Agency Funds |
| cobed Cash and Investments 2 612,103 5 612,103 5 7,223,373 5 7,239,529 5 2,397,943 5 2,307 1 2,320 5 2,300 3 2,300 3 | ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1262Curities 1263Curities 1263 | Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | • | 602,103 | | 20,174,156 | | 27,397,529 | 2,397,943 | 276,721 | | 2,676,984 |
| 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | Cash | 27,957 | 17,530 | 45,487 | • | • | ı | • | • | • | |
| Sinck Color Colo | Fixed Income Securities | 126,922,128 | • | 126,922,128 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Sinck Sinch Sinck Sinch Sinc | International Fixed Income Securities | 26,625,065 | ı | 26,625,065 | • | • | Ī | • | • | • | • |
| b investments stock (27,811,003 1, 243,147) 1, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, | Corporate Stock | 210,216,353 | • | 210,216,353 | • | į | • | • | • | , | • |
| Investments 22,147,479 | International Corporate Stock | 57,811,003 | • | 57,811,003 | • | į | • | • | • | • | • |
| 15,282,919 1,2 | Real Estate Investments | 22,147,479 | • | 22,147,479 | • | • | • | | | ı | • |
| definition of Securities Lending 21,563,381 7,561 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,457,761 7,475,804 7,401,972 7,401, | Short Term Investments | 16,282,919 | • | 16,282,919 | ı | Ē | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | • |
| or Securities Lending secevable 1,401,972 1,401,973 1,401,972 1,401,972 1,401,973 1,40 | Mutual Funds | • | 7,457,761 | 7,457,761 | 1 | • | • | | ٠ | į | • |
| ticones | Collateral for Securities Lending | | | | | | | | | | |
| Receivable 1,401,972 1,401,972 2,505,331 2,602 2,602 364,112 - | Transactions | 21,963,391 | , | 21,963,391 | • | | • | • | • | • | • |
| 14,783 14,783 1,4,783 1,4,783 1,7,837,342 50,342,673 1,7,837,342 50,342,673 1,7,927 1,7,92,804 1,7,927 1,7,927 1,7,92,804 1,7,927 1,7,92 | Accounts Receivable | 1,401,972 | • | 1,401,972 | • | 2,602 | 2,602 | ı | 364,112 | Ĭ | 364,112 |
| seets 14,783 1,4,783 1,4,783 1,4,783 1,4,783 2,5,63,317 7,7,42,804 2,397,943 6,40,833 2,307 nts Payable 9,037,432 8,077,234 9,037,432 9,037,432 1,700 1,700 1,700 Payable 572,335 4,872 577,207 9,037,432 1,700 1,700 1,700 Ayable 572,335 4,872 577,207 1,720 1,720 1,700 1,700 Ayable 572,335 4,872 577,204 1,720 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,700 Ayable 597,231 597,231 597,231 4,633 2,397,943 1,700 1,700 Ayable 1,000 | Land Held for Other Governments | • | • | • | 32,505,331 | 17,837,342 | 50,342,673 | • | • | • | • |
| ssets 483,413,050 8,077,394 491,490,444 52,679,487 25,063,317 77,742,804 2,397,943 640,833 2,397,943 2,307,943 2,397,943 2,327 Payable 572,335 4,872 577,207 - | Other | 14,783 | • | 14,783 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| rits Payable 9,037,432 - 9,037,432 - | Total Assets | 483,413,050 | 8,077,394 | 491,490,444 | 52,679,487 | 25,063,317 | 77,742,804 | 2,397,943 | 640,833 | 2,320 | 3,041,096 |
| ts Payable 9,037,432 - 9,037,432 - </td <td>LIABILITIES</td> <td></td> | LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable 577,335 4,872 577,207 - 4,633 4,633 2,397,943 - 1,700 Pable for Collateral Received 597,231 597,231 - </td <td>Investments Payable</td> <td>9,037,432</td> <td>•</td> <td>9,037,432</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> | Investments Payable | 9,037,432 | • | 9,037,432 | • | • | • | • | , | | • |
| yable 1 597,231 597,231 597,231 597,231 597,231 | Accounts Payable | 572,335 | 4,872 | 577,207 | • | 4,633 | 4,633 | 2,397,943 | , | 1,700 | 2,399,643 |
| for Collateral Received 22,537,284 22,537,284 22,537,284 22,537,284 22,537,284 22,537,284 22,537,284 23,749,154 Dilities 22,537,284 23,749,154 Dilities 23,749,154 24,633 2,397,943 2, | Claims Payable | • | 597,231 | 597,231 | • | • | • | • | 1 | • | • |
| courtities Lending Transactions 22,537,284 - 22,537,284 - <th< td=""><td>Obligation for Collateral Received</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | Obligation for Collateral Received | | | | | | | | | | |
| bilities 32,147,051 602,103 32,749,154 — 4,633 2,397,943 640,833 620 In Trust for: for Transfer emefits - - 4,633 17,837,342 50,342,673 - <t< td=""><td>under Securities Lending Transactions</td><td>22,537,284</td><td></td><td>22,537,284</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td></t<> | under Securities Lending Transactions | 22,537,284 | | 22,537,284 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| bilities 32,147,051 602,103 32,749,154 - 4,633 2,397,943 640,833 2,320 2,320 lin Trust for: for Transfer enefits 451,265,999 - 451,265,999 - 7,475,291 7,475,291 7,475,291 8,458,741,290 8,52,679,487 8, 25,058,684 8, 77,738,171 8, - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 | Deposits | • | • | • | • | • | • | | 640,833 | 620 | 641,453 |
| in Trust for: for Transfer tor Transfer temployment Benefits a 451,265,999 b 7,475,291 c 7,475,291 d 458,741,290 c 7,21,342 c 7,342,673 c 60,342,673 c 7,21,342 c 7,342,673 c 7,221,342 c 7,395,498 c 7,221,342 c 7,395,498 c 7,221,342 c 7,221,342 c 7,395,498 c 7,738,171 | Total Liabilities | 32,147,051 | 602,103 | 32,749,154 | | 4,633 | 4,633 | 2,397,943 | 640,833 | 2,320 | 3,041,096 |
| # 17,837,342 50,342,673 50,342,67 | NET ASSETS Assets Held in Trust for: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 451,265,999 - 451,265,999 - - 451,265,999 - - 7,475,291 - - 20,174,166 7,221,342 27,395,498 s 451,265,999 s 7,475,291 s 458,741,290 s 52,679,487 s 25,058,684 s 77,738,171 | Land Held for Transfer | • | Ī | • | 32,505,331 | 17,837,342 | 50,342,673 | • | • | | |
| ** 451,265,999 *** 7,475,291 *** 458,741,290 *** 52,679,487 *** 25,058,684 *** 77,738,171 | Pension Benefits | 451,265,999 | • | 451,265,999 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| s 451,265,999 s 7,475,291 s 458,741,290 s 52,679,487 s 25,058,684 s 77,738,171 | Other Postemployment Benefits | • | 7,475,291 | 7,475,291 | • | ı | 1 | • | • | • | • |
| \$ 451,265,999 \$ 7,475,291 \$ 458,741,290 \$ 52,679,487 \$ 25,058,684 \$ 77,738,171 | Other Purposes | • | • | • | 20,174,156 | 7,221,342 | 27,395,498 | • | • | • | • |
| | Total Net Assets | \$ 451,265,999 | \$ 7,475,291 \$ | 458,741,290 | 52,679,487 | | \$ 77,738,171 | | · | | |

Schedule 11

Combining Statements of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| | PEN | PENSION TRUST FUNDS | Si | 4 | PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| | Employees' | Other Post Employment | | | Prince | |
| | Retirement Fund | Benefits Fund | Totals | Montgomery County | George's County | Totals |
| ADDITIONS: Contributions: | | | | | | |
| Employer Plan Members | \$ 14,933,506 \$ | \$ 11,608,636 \$ | 26,542,142 4 892 570 | \$ · | • | |
| Plan Members for Current Benefits Private Denetine | | 845,226 | 845,226 | , 657 | , 60,0 | . 00 |
| Total Contributions | 19,826,076 | 12,453,862 | 32,279,938 | 7,422 | 44,210 | 51,632 |
| Contributions from Commission Debt Service Funds Federal Grants - Medicare | | 333,101 | 333,101 | 1,001,558 | 859,223 | 1,860,781 |
| Investment Earnings: Interest | 6,407,173 | 7,690 | 6,414,863 | 579,391 | 173,207 | 752,598 |
| Dividends Net increase (decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments | 51,299 (124,430,522) | 235,647 (963,616) | 286,946 (125,394,138) | | | |
| Total Investment Earnings Less Investment Advisory and Management Fees | (117,972,050) | (720,279) | (118,692,329) | 579,391 | 173,207 | 752,598 |
| Net Income (Loss) from Investing Activities | (119,550,000) | (739,438) | (120,289,438) | 579,391 | 173,207 | 752,598 |
| Securities Lending Activity Securities Lending Income | 355,078 | • | 355,078 | • | ī | • |
| Securities Lending Fees Net Income from Securities Lending Activity | 105,132 | , | (249,946) 105,132 | | | |
| Total Net Investment Income (Loss) | (119,444,868) | (739,438) | (120,184,306) | 579,391 | 173,207 | 752,598 |
| Total Additions and Investment Income (Loss) | (99,618,792) | 12,047,525 | (87,571,267) | 1,588,371 | 1,076,640 | 2,665,011 |
| DEDUCTIONS: | 000 000 10 | 000 | 10000 | | | |
| Perions Refunds of Contributions | 249,583 | , 389,423 | 33,059,925 249,583 | • • | | |
| Administrative expenses Other | 1,358,695 | | 1,358,695 | 1.547 | - 062 09 | 62 337 |
| Total Deductions Chance in Net Assets | 27,278,980 | 7,389,223 | 34,668,203 | 1,547 | 1 015 850 | 62,337 |
| Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending | \$ 451,265,999 | 2,816,989 | 580,980,760 | 51,092,663 52,679,487 | 24,042,834 | 75,135,497 |
| | | | 20011111201 | l | | 22.16.1 |

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

Schedule 12

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

| MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FUND | July 1, 2008 | Additions | Deductions | June 30, 2009 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Total Current Assets | \$ 2,500,971 \$ 2,500,971 | \$ 210,717 | \$ 313,745 \$ 313,745 | \$ 2,397,943 \$ 2,397,943 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Current Liabilities | \$ 2,500,971 | \$ 210,717 | \$ 313,745 \$ 313,745 | \$ 2,397,943 |
| MONTGOMERY COUNTY FUND ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Total Current Assets | \$ 639,499 - 639,499 | \$ 1,110,236 614,112 \$ 1,724,348 | \$ 1,473,014 250,000 \$ 1,723,014 | \$ 276,721 364,112 \$ 640,833 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits Total Current Liabilities | \$ 9,690 629,809 \$ 639,499 | \$ 705,478 829,526 \$ 1,535,004 | \$ 715,168 818,502 \$ 1,533,670 | \$ 640,833 \$ 640,833 |
| PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY FUND ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Total Current Assets | . . | \$ 2,320 | · · | \$ 2,320 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits Total Current Liabilities | · ' ' | \$ 1,700 2,320 \$ 4,020 | \$ 1,700 \$ | \$ 1,700 620 \$ 2,320 |
| TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Total Current Assets | \$ 3,140,470 | \$ 1,323,273 614,112 \$ 1,937,385 | \$ 1,786,759 250,000 \$ 2,036,759 | \$ 2,676,984 364,112 \$ 3,041,096 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits Total Current Liabilities | \$ 2,510,661 629,809 \$ 3,140,470 | \$ 917,895 831,846 1,749,741 | \$ 1,028,913 820,202 \$ 1,849,115 | \$ 2,399,643 641,453 \$ 3,041,096 |

• Part III •

STATISTICAL SECTION



Children of all ages enjoy skateboarding at Olney Recreational Park.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission's (Commission) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Commission's overall financial health.

| <u>Contents</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Commission's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | 122 |
| Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Commission's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. | 127 |
| Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Commission's current levels of outstanding debt and the Commission's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | 131 |
| Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Commission's financial activities take place. | 136 |
| Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission provides and the activities it performs. | 139 |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

TABLE T-1

Net Assets by Category (1) Entity-wide Basis Last Eight Fiscal Years (2)

283,902,978 854,234,709 282,047,368 77,400,952 1,855,610 570,331,731 492,930,779 774,978,147 79,256,562 2009 S 255,892,786 3 792,044,782 536,151,996 \$ 456,767,669 253,129,079 79,384,327 2,763,707 709,896,748 82,148,034 2008 205,704,067 \$ 703,300,585 201,822,613 \$ 416,140,797 617,963,410 81,455,721 3,881,454 85,337,175 497,596,518 2007 162,063,430 629,838,985 543,419,370 84,318,532 2,101,083 467,775,555 383,457,023 159,962,347 86,419,615 2006 s 129,015,333 582,906,573 370,469,274 126,681,153 83,421,966 2,334,180 85,756,146 453,891,240 497,150,427 Fiscal Year 2005 s 94,192,462 544,678,718 282,595,478 \$ 305,800,251 \$ 364,642,396 91,953,723 456,596,119 85,843,860 2,238,739 450,486,256 88,082,599 2004 88,103,706 474,891,301 \$ £ 1,910,929 391,993,028 589,848 80,397,496 386,197,747 589,848 82,898,273 86,192,777 2003 s 452,010,493 583,266 3,772,189 82,792,312 82,267,248 364,862,726 583,266 365,387,790 86,622,703 86,564,501 2002 s Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Subtotal Business-type Actictivities Net Assets Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Assets Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Debt Service Total Government Net Assets Business-type Activities: Governmental Activities: Primary Government: Unrestricted Unrestricted Unrestricted

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ Accounting standards require that net assets be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net assets are considered restricted only when an external party places a restriction on how the resources may be used.

⁽²⁾ The entity-wide net assets figures are only available for eight years.

TABLE T-2

Change in Net Assets Entity-wide Basis Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) Fiscal Year

| 2009 | 18,875,258 60,370,641 181,359,243 68,011,470 5,211,728 333,828,340 | 30,899,133 | 4,677,020 26,817,082 13,533,938 45,028,040 | 18,269,548 63,297,588 | (301,429,885) | 353,881,699 9,738,113 363,619,812 | 65,081,399 (2,891,472 <u>)</u> 62,189,927 |
|------|---|--|---|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| 2008 | 17,397,550 \$ 48,649,825 165,753,521 52,688,859 5,902,190 290,391,945 | 30,626,723 321,018,668 | 4,737,677 46,784,958 12,452,371 63,975,006 | 18,078,627 82,053,633 | (238,965,035) | 318,350,277 9,358,955 327,709,232 | 91,933,338 (3,189,141) 88,744,197 \$ |
| 2007 | 15,062,982 \$ 39,150,300 145,957,331 46,907,997 5,693,542 252,772,152 | 28,861,349 281,633,501 | 6,452,620 29,883,255 12,445,128 48,781,003 | 19,705,376 68,486,379 | (213,147,122) | 278,535,189 8,073,533 286,608,722 | 74,544,040 (1,082,440) 73,461,600 \$ |
| 2006 | \$ 14,110,350 \$ 35,931,600 140,378,771 43,058,594 6,045,652 239,524,967 | 32,957,080 272,482,047 | 5,555,883 23,763,315 12,746,285 42,065,483 | 26,440,370 68,505,853 | (203,976,194) | 243,728,427 7,180,179 250,908,606 | 46,268,943 663,469 8 46,932,412 \$ |
| 2005 | \$ 13,365,605 \$ 31,089,512 | 31,635,252 242,083,923 | 4,537,266 23,389,117 11,921,917 39,818,300 | 23,321,731 63,140,031 | (178,943,892) | 211,184,679 5,987,068 217,171,747 | 40,554,308 (2,326,453) \$ 38,227,855 |
| 2004 | \$ 12,497,931 \$ 29,792,531 112,777,571 39,174,875 5483,168 199,726,076 | 30,033,511 229,759,587 | 4,392,957 20,104,060 11,550,937 36,047,954 | 25,901,631 61,949,585 | (167,810,002) | 196,451,625 9,316,206 205,767,831 | 32,773,503 5,184,326 \$ 37,957,829 |
| 2003 | \$ 12,678,079 29,119,749 104,484,551 38,057,899 6,994,245 191,334,523 | 28,243,046 219,577,569 | 3,058,135 26,321,407 9,410,542 38,790,084 | 19,757,618 58,547,702 | (161,029,867) | 179,149,677 4,760,998 183,910,675 | 26,605,238 (3,724,430) \$ 22,880,808 |
| 2002 | \$ 11,614,891 29,739,984 102,355,291 37,992,630 8,460,869 190,163,665 | 28,203,070 218,366,735 | 2,771,580 31,666,712 10,330,965 44,769,257 | 22,420,258 67,189,515 | (151,177,220) | 166,516,795 8,383,624 174,900,419 | 21,122,387 2,600,812 \$ 23,723,199 |
| 1 | Expenses Governmental Activities: General Government County Planning and Zoning Park Operations and Maintenance Recreation Programs Interest on Long-term Debt Subtotal Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities: Recreational and Cultural Facilities Total Government Expenses | Program Revenues Governmental Activities: County Planning and Zoning Park Operations and Maintenance Recreation Programs Subtotal Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities: Recreational and Cultural Facilities Total Government Program Revenues | Net Government Expenses | General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total Primary Government | Change in Net Assets Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total Primary Government |

⁽¹⁾ The entity-wide change in net assets figures are only available for eight years.

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

TABLE T-3

Government Wide Revenues Entity-wide Basis Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

| | 2002 | | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| Program Revenues Governmental Activities: County Planning and Zoning Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Total County Planning and Zoning | \$ 2,004,103 767,477 2,771,580 | 103 \$ 477 580 | 2,206,015 \$ 852,120 3,058,135 | 3,743,951 \$ 649,006 4,392,957 | 3,523,763 \$ 1,013,503 4,537,266 | 4,535,128 \$ 1,020,755 5,555,883 | 5,703,337 \$ 749,283 6,452,620 | 3,612,794 \$ 1,124,883 4,737,677 | 3,257,841 1,419,179 4,677,020 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total Park Operations and Maintenance | 5,029,035 570,005 26,067,672 31,666,712 | ,029,035 570,005 067,672 666,712 | 4,689,195 762,869 20,869,343 26,321,407 | 5,294,071 705,213 14,104,776 20,104,060 | 6,544,420 645,795 16,168,902 23,359,117 | 5,498,642 1,106,898 17,157,775 23,763,315 | 5,553,868 1,122,332 23,207,055 29,883,255 | 5,473,310 1,272,686 40,038,962 46,784,958 | 5,381,156 891,923 20,544,003 26,817,082 |
| Recreation Programs Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Total Recreation Programs Total Governmental Activities | 9,989,550 341,415 10,330,965 44,769,257 | 989,550 341,415 330,965 769,257 | 9,083,148 327,394 9,410,542 38,790,084 | 11,239,721 311,216 11,550,937 36,047,954 | 11,641,554 280,363 11,921,917 39,818,300 | 12,294,579 451,706 12,746,285 42,065,483 | 12,052,358 392,770 12,445,128 48,781,003 | 11,916,298 536,073 12,452,371 63,975,006 | 12,725,930 808,008 13,533,938 45,028,040 |
| Business-type Activities: Recreational and Cultural Facilities Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total Recreational and Cultural Facilities | 22,420,258 - - - 22,420,258 | 258 | 19,757,618 | 22,046,268 26,000 3,829,363 25,901,631 | 23,321,731 | 22,969,521 3,470,849 26,440,370 | 19,286,008 146,596 272,772 19,705,376 | 17,926,991 151,636 - | 18,177,611 91,937 18,269,548 |
| Total Government Program Revenues | \$ 67,189,515 | 515 \$ | 58,547,702 \$ | 61,949,585 \$ | 63,140,031 \$ | \$ 68,505,853 \$ | 68,486,379 \$ | 82,053,633 \$ | 63,297,588 |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities Property Taxes Unrestricted Investment Earnings Gain/Loss on Disposal of Land Transfers Total Governmental Activities | \$ 174,735,630 3,073,142 (3,170,165) (8,121,812) 166,516,795 | 630 \$ 142 (165) (812) | 181,859,997 \$ 1,931,787 (4,920) (4,637,187) (179,149,677) | 204,217,877 \$ 1,418,407 35,676 (9,220,335) 196,451,625 | 213,178,802 \$ 3,908,309 - (5,902,432) 211,184,679 | 5, 241,784,351 \$ 8,870,876 - (6,926,800) 243,728,427 | 272,927,451 \$ 13,361,838 - (7,754,100) 278,535,189 | 313,813,140 \$ 13,601,237 - (9,064,100) 318,350,277 | 9,152,076 9,152,076 (9,599,900) 353,881,699 |
| Business-type Activities Unrestricted Investment Earnings Transfers Total Business-type Activities | 80 80 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 84,636 5,902,432 5,987,068 | 253,379 6,926,800 7,180,179 | 1 1 | 294,855 9,064,100 9,358,955 | 1 1 |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 174,900,419 | \$ 419 | 183,910,675 \$ | 205,767,831 \$ | 217,171,747 \$ | \$ 250,908,606 \$ | 286,608,722 \$ | 327,709,232 \$ | 363,619,812 |

⁽¹⁾ The entity-wide change in net assets figures are only available for eight years.

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--|------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| General Fund | 0.7 | 9 | 9 | 2000 | 6000 | 0000 | 000 | 0000 | 0.00 | 000 |
| Keserved | \$ 13,400,458 | 13,406,458 \$ 10,146,574 \$ | 8,720,270 \$ | 9,828,310 | 4,808,128 | 11,340,789 \$ | 15,766,495 \$ | 19,064,712 \$ | \$ 627,810,12 | 31,406,415 |
| Uniteserved, reported in: Montromery Administration Account | 1 961 800 | 1 667 283 | 2 015 586 | 2 303 332 | 2 489 284 | 1 406 864 | 1 587 630 | 2 870 039 | 2 149 543 | 3 133 034 |
| | 000,00,0 | 0,1,1,0,0 | 2,0,0,0 | 2,000,007 | 102,000 | 100,000 | 000, 000, | 200,070,1 | 6,140,040 | 50,00 |
| Montgomery Park Account | 3,446,871 | 3,015,542 | 4,123,670 | 5,489,328 | 4,289,120 | 3,419,516 | 3,662,593 | 7,240,864 | 10,702,580 | 7,548,971 |
| Prince George's Administration Account | 2,741,183 | 3,431,162 | 4,439,016 | 5,779,000 | 7,655,832 | 10,120,856 | 12,568,819 | 15,888,797 | 18,658,565 | 14,420,070 |
| Prince George's Park Account | 27,609,215 | 22,886,857 | 20,175,540 | 17,581,235 | 28,032,500 | 36,850,247 | 50,284,754 | 54,213,314 | 64,078,004 | 56,642,003 |
| Prince George's Recreation Account | 8,457,382 | 9,108,023 | 9,619,463 | 8,674,676 | 8,463,689 | 10,997,196 | 16,987,850 | 23,875,520 | 33,487,704 | 30,404,917 |
| Total General Fund | 57,622,909 | 50,255,441 | 49,093,545 | 49,655,887 | 58,839,553 | 74,135,468 | 100,858,141 | 123,153,246 | 150,695,121 | 143,555,410 |
| All Other Govenmental Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved | 9,840,345 | 14,110,994 | 14,432,004 | 15,166,586 | 19,279,123 | 16,239,896 | 30,979,446 | 27,311,293 | 25,013,746 | 29,845,493 |
| Unreserved (deficit), reported in: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | • | | 6,546,298 | 5,888,267 | 6,466,722 | 7,088,718 | 8,358,389 | 9,421,909 | 6,992,786 | 5,340,039 |
| Capital Projects Funds | 12,596,487 | 3,478,091 | 17,427,284 | 21,121,422 | 19,573,788 | 27,292,889 | 15,279,284 | 40,535,220 | 69,407,232 | 110,264,080 |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | 22,436,832 | 17,589,085 | 38,405,586 | 42,176,275 | 45,319,633 | 50,621,503 | 54,617,119 | 77,268,422 | 101,413,764 | 145,449,612 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total All Governmental Funds | \$ 80,059,741 \$ 67,844,526 | \$ 67,844,526 \$ | 87,499,131 \$ | 87,499,131 \$ 91,832,162 \$ 104,159,186 \$ | | 124,756,971 \$ | 124,756,971 \$ 155,475,260 \$ | 200,421,668 \$ | 252,108,885 \$ | 289,005,022 |

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| I | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2002 | 2008 | 5008 |
|---|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 166,088,780 \$ | 169,028,884 \$ | 177,143,063 \$ | 182,180,854 \$ | 199,178,086 \$ | 216,047,629 \$ | 244,607,360 \$ | 273,443,221 \$ | 313,628,421 \$ | 353,966,263 |
| Intergovernmental | 20,455,474 | 22,523,429 | 18,561,030 | 14,291,595 | 14,282,243 | 13,475,196 | 13,728,507 | 20,395,468 | 38,609,800 | 17,411,704 |
| Charges for Services | 6,517,397 | 6,618,976 | 8,233,858 | 8,285,233 | 11,378,060 | 10,905,923 | 12,170,203 | 13,302,886 | 11,457,579 | 11,572,219 |
| Rentals and Concessions | 2,837,447 | 2,967,445 | 7,374,700 | 6,562,896 | 7,752,377 | 8,119,786 | 8,883,464 | 8,872,522 | 8,977,209 | 9,017,218 |
| Interest | 5,565,815 | 4,717,809 | 2,265,821 | 1,361,363 | 1,040,326 | 2,996,567 | 6,934,901 | 10,582,784 | 10,996,141 | 7,565,096 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,712,412 | 1,056,531 | 1,420,835 | 1,129,476 | 1,297,262 | 3,278,902 | 2,312,925 | 2,004,402 | 1,749,098 | 3,666,197 |
| Total Revenues | 203,177,325 | 206,913,074 | 214,999,307 | 213,811,417 | 234,928,354 | 254,824,003 | 288,637,360 | 328,601,283 | 385,418,248 | 403,198,697 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | 10,787,642 | 11,751,327 | 12,088,929 | 12,698,310 | 13,097,617 | 13,814,296 | 14,989,960 | 15,307,979 | 16,809,827 | 18,355,098 |
| Planning and Zoning | 26,771,563 | 28,860,846 | 29,707,273 | 29,387,574 | 30,921,513 | 32,024,402 | 35,660,252 | 39,453,463 | 47,993,136 | 57,139,743 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance | 86,674,082 | 95,079,886 | 95,550,144 | 99,466,159 | 103,998,826 | 109,838,327 | 118,469,005 | 131,788,561 | 148,113,743 | 162,803,732 |
| Recreation | 29,668,637 | 30,383,916 | 36,242,037 | 37,467,508 | 38,003,635 | 40,419,313 | 41,484,461 | 45,466,125 | 50,361,564 | 65,009,956 |
| Contributions | | , | • | 1 | • | 1 | , | 1,269,884 | 1,545,894 | 1,860,781 |
| Debt veryice Dringing | 7 745 000 | 7 925 000 | 0340,000 | 21 225 000 (1) | 10 755 000 | 11 200 000 | 44 820 000 | 44 630 000 | 12 121 000 | 12 705 940 |
| - Include | 000,010 | 7.020,000 | 0,040,000 | (1) 000,000,10 | 10,730,000 | 2,530,000 | 1,020,000 | 000,000,1 | 000,101,000 | 20,00,01 |
| Illerest | 016,141,0 | 7,794,037 | 0,070,447 | 0,000,00 | 9,940,014 | 2,0,210,0 | 0,000,049 | 0,521,520 | 0,004,090 | 0,000,000 |
| Other Debt Service Costs | 33,237 | 81,752 | 70,981 | 253,630 | 525,375 | 188,317 | 262,491 | 258,155 | 87,937 | 1/8,835 |
| Capital Projects | 33,486,574 | 37,422,899 | 25,615,322 | 16,387,523 | 33,551,617 | 23,212,160 | 22,269,358 | 39,382,789 | 40,868,140 | 37,968,742 |
| Total Expenditures | 203,308,045 | 219,200,283 | 216,691,133 | 233,934,637 | 236,799,097 | 236,599,387 | 250,942,376 | 289,878,484 | 324,416,931 | 362,088,421 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from General Obligation Bonds | • | 5,700,000 | 18,744,820 | 26,422,900 | 14,720,000 | 4,002,020 | • | 13,600,000 | 17,300,000 | 5,250,000 |
| Refunding Bonds Issued | • | • | , | 29,592,100 | 22,805,000 | 1 | 19,130,000 | , | (17,300,000) | 8,405,000 |
| Loan Issued | • | , | • | • | • | | • | 284,000 | • | • |
| Premiums on Bonds Issued | • | | | 281,807 | 1,926,886 | | 88,405 | 93,709 | • | 381,617 |
| Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Account | • | | • | (29,552,086) | (23,862,764) | | (19,018,300) | | • | (8,650,856) |
| Payment from Private Purpose Trust Funds | | | | 9,874 | 8,615 | | | | | |
| Contribution to Private Purpose Trust Funds | | | (286,585) | (493,058) | (609,148) | | | | | |
| Transfers In | 21,566,544 | 20,654,975 | 20,320,029 | 22,591,017 | 28,577,814 | 31,727,099 | 31,327,417 | 46,882,822 | 54,409,188 | 84,117,596 |
| Transfers Out | (27,873,205) | (26,282,981) | (25,448,702) | (24,396,303) | (29,368,636) | (33,355,950) | (38,504,217) | (54,636,922) | (63,723,288) | (93,717,496) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (6,306,661) | 71,994 | 13,329,562 | 24,456,251 | 14,197,767 | 2,373,169 | (6,976,695) | 6,223,609 | (9,314,100) | (4,214,139) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (6,437,381) | (12,215,215) | 11,637,736 | 4,333,031 | 12,327,024 | 20,597,785 | 30,718,289 | 44,946,408 | 51,687,217 | 36,896,137 |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 86,497,122 | 80,059,741 | 75,861,395 | 87,499,131 | 91,832,162 | 104,159,186 | 124,756,971 | 155,475,260 | 200,421,668 | 252,108,885 |
| | \$ 80,059,741 \$ | 67,844,526 \$ | 87,499,131 \$ | 91,832,162 \$ | 104,159,186 \$ | 124,756,971 \$ | 155,475,260 \$ | 200,421,668 \$ | 252,108,885 \$ | 289,005,022 |
| Debt Service as a Percentage of | | | | | | | | | | |
| Noncapital Expenditures | 9.52% | 8.76% | 9.22% | 17.65% | 8.30% | 8.09% | 7.62% | 6.77% | 6.56% | 2.90% |

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ Due to the pay-off of the X-2 bond issue in Prince George's County which was re-financed in FY 2003

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands)

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| Ratio of Total Assessed Value | To Total Estimated <u>Actual Value</u> | 41.32 40.59 92.48 88.71 91.35 93.54 95.63 96.48 | Ratio of Total Assessed Value To Total Estimated | Actual Value 44.43 % 44.05 99.45 96.16 95.58 94.70 89.31 87.86 88.95 86.08 |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| (3) | Estimated Actual Value | 78,786,706 83,099,737 88,430,387 97,660,210 102,055,017 109,242,081 122,425,244 135,583,270 149,181,196 | (3) Estimated | Actual Value 40,266,366 41,276,619 42,425,661 45,584,034 48,151,344 52,207,746 61,698,293 72,327,750 85,132,349 102,973,618 |
| Total (3) | Assessed Value | 32,553,857 33,726,861 81,776,293 86,635,192 93,226,807 102,184,337 114,360,878 129,659,726 146,276,983 | Total (3) | Value 17,891,769 \$ 18,182,904 42,190,779 43,832,133 46,022,799 49,41,014 55,100,674 63,544,195 75,728,883 88,636,874 |
| al (2) | Total Direct Tax Rate | \$ 2.502 \$ 2.495 2.498 2.474 2.242 2.241 | OUNTY al (2) Total Direct | \$ 2.459 \$ 2.458 \$ 2.458 \$ 2.458 \$ 2.450 \$ 2.444 \$ 2.449 \$ 2.327 \$ 2.327 \$ 2.294 \$ 2.29 |
| Personal Property (2) | Assessed/ Estimated Actual Value | 3,879,303 4,077,848 4,201,345 4,227,854 3,963,802 3,902,612 3,831,629 3,948,950 3,970,547 3,920,171 | PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Personal Property (2) Assessed/ Tot Estimated Dire | Sumated Direct Estimated Direct Ital Value Tax Rate Actual Value Tax Rate Actual Value Tax Rate 37,244,023 \$ 2,459 \$ 3,022,343 \$ 2,459 \$ 38,322,343 \$ 2,458 \$ 3,009,078 \$ 2,458 \$ 3,009,078 \$ 2,458 \$ 3,009,078 \$ 2,458 \$ 3,009,078 \$ 2,458 \$ 3,037,763 \$ 2,459 \$ 45,195,233 \$ 0,980 \$ 2,956,111 \$ 2,452 \$ 49,379,361 \$ 0,978 \$ 2,823,369 \$ 2,444 \$ 58,500,205 \$ 0,924 \$ 2,823,369 \$ 2,449 \$ 69,500,205 \$ 0,924 \$ 2,827,545 \$ 2,327 \$ 99,986,181 \$ 0,907 \$ 2,987,437 \$ 2,294 \$ 2 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at Previously the valuation was assessed at 40% of actual value. Siessed value and estimated value are the same. |
| | | ↔ | PRINC I | \$ State o was ar ted va |
| | Total Direct Tax Rate | \$ 2.514 2.513 1.005 1.004 1.005 0.994 0.952 0.902 0.902 | Total Direct | Tax Rate 2.459 2.458 0.981 0.980 0.9878 0.978 0.924 0.915 0.907 erty in the \$\frac{3}{2}\$ evaluation and estimal proper |
| Real Property (1) | Estimated Actual Value | 74,907,403 (79,021,889 84,229,042 93,432,356 98,091,215 105,339,469 118,593,615 131,634,320 145,210,649 164,038,892 | Real Property (1) Estimated | 101 |
| Real F | | ⇔ | Real F | \$ Year ual va erty, th |
| | Assessed Value | 28,674,554 29,649,013 77,574,948 82,407,338 89,263,005 98,281,725 110,529,249 125,710,776 142,306,436 | Assessed | \$ 14,869,426 \$ 15,173,826 39,091,456 40,794,370 43,066,688 46,612,629 52,277,305 60,716,650 72,840,584 85,649,437 100 percent of actual value. (2) For personal property, the as (3) Total includes real property, domestic shares. |
| | | ₩ | I | (1) Be (2) Fc dd (3) Tc dd (4) |
| | Fiscal Year | 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 | Fiscal | Year Year 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 20 |

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments. Source:

TABLE T-7

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

M-NCPPC TAXES

| Total | \$ 2.5140 2.5130 1.005/2.495 1.004/2.494 1.005/2.498 0.994/2.474 0.952/2.367 0.902/2.244 0.902/2.241 | Total | \$ 3.3440 3.3430 1.3346/3.3377 1.3341/3.3353 1.4177/3.5446 1.4177/3.5365 1.4177/3.5412 1.3955/3.4891 1.3859/3.5044 1.3776/3.4715 |
|---|--|--|---|
| County-wide Property Taxes Within County | \$ 2.2950 2.2900 0.914/2.269 0.917/2.275 0.924/2.294 0.914/2.273 0.868/2.156 0.824/2.048 0.829/2.059 | County-wide Property Taxes Within County | \$ 2.7340 2.7330 1.0906/2.7277 1.0901/2.7253 1.1384/2.8471 1.1357/2.8390 1.1381/2.8437 1.1165/2.7916 1.1069/2.8069 |
| Total | \$ 0.2190 0.2230 0.0910/0.2260 0.0870/0.2190 0.0810/0.2040 0.0800/0.2010 0.0840/0.2110 0.0780/0.1960 0.0730/0.1820 | Total | \$ 0.6100 0.2440/0.6100 0.2440/0.6100 0.2790/0.6975 0.2790/0.6975 0.2790/0.6975 0.2790/0.6975 0.2790/0.6975 |
| MONTGOMERY COUNTY Advance Land Acquisition | \$ 0.0030 0.0010/0.0020 0.0010/0.0030 0.0010/0.0030 0.0010/0.0030 0.0010/0.0030 0.0010/0.0030 0.0010/0.0030 | PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Advance Land creation Acquisition | \$ 0.0062 0.0013/0.0032 0.0013/0.0032 0.0013/0.0032 0.0013/0.0032 0.0013/0.0032 0.0013/0.0032 0.0013/0.0032 |
| MONTG | | PRINCE G | \$ 0.1381 0.0541/0.1353 0.0541/0.1353 0.0592/0.1480 0.0592/0.1480 0.0592/0.1480 0.0592/0.1480 |
| Park Operations | \$ 0.1540 0.1600 0.0660/0.1650 0.0630/0.1580 0.0590/0.1480 0.0610/0.1530 0.0570/0.1430 0.0530/0.1450 | Park Operations | \$ 0.3534 0.3534 0.1420/0.3550 0.1770/0.4425 0.1719/0.4298 0.1719/0.4298 0.1719/0.4298 0.1719/0.4298 |
| Administration | \$ 0.0620 0.0600 0.024/0.059 0.023/0.058 0.021/0.053 0.022/0.050 0.022/0.055 0.020/0.050 0.019/0.047 | Administration | \$ 0.1123 0.1153 0.0466/0.1165 0.0466/0.1165 0.0466/0.1165 0.0466/0.1165 0.0466/0.1165 0.0466/0.1165 |
| Fiscal Year | 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 | Fiscal Year | 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2008 |

Rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation. Note:

(1) Rates shown are for Real/Personal.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at 100 percent of actual value. Previously the valuation for real property was assessed at 40% of actual value. Tax rates were adjusted so that change was revenue neutral.

Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

Source:

TABLE T-8

Principal Taxpayers

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| | | 2 | 2009 | | 2000 (1) | | | | | | | |
|--|----|---------------------|------|---|---------------------|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Taxpayer | _ | Total Assessment | Rank | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation | Total Assessment | Rank | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation | | | | | |
| | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potomac Electric Power Company | \$ | 690,226,160 | 1 | 0.43 % \$ | \$ 1,009,659,880 | 1 | 3.10 % | | | | | |
| Verizon - Maryland | | 680,681,930 | 2 | 0.42 | 636,666,050 | 2 | 1.96 | | | | | |
| Montgomery Mall LLC | | 396,142,869 | 3 | 0.24 | 82,043,360 | 6 | 0.25 | | | | | |
| Washington Gas Light Company | | 230,268,250 | 4 | 0.14 | 171,956,400 | 3 | 0.53 | | | | | |
| 7501 Wisconsin Ave. LLC | | 226,841,666 | 5 | 0.14 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Camalier, Anne D et al, Trustee | | 220,531,312 | 6 | 0.14 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Federal Realty Investment Trust | | 213,390,806 | 7 | 0.13 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Democracy Associates | | 207,114,900 | 8 | 0.13 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Chevy Chase Land Co | | 201,846,132 | 9 | 0.12 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Wheaton Plaza Regional Shopping Center | | 188,065,412 | 10 | 0.12 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Lake Fores Associates | | _ | - | - | 50,115,600 | 9 | 0.15 | | | | | |
| International Business Machines | | - | - | - | 85,389,180 | 4 | 0.26 | | | | | |
| May Department Stores | | - | - | - | 83,324,130 | 5 | 0.26 | | | | | |
| Bryant F.Foulger, Trustee | | - | - | - | 57,116,210 | 7 | 0.17 | | | | | |
| Albert & R. Abramson, et. al. | | _ | - | - | 50,844,300 | 8 | 0.16 | | | | | |
| Asbury Methodist Home, Inc | | - | - | - | 45,774,450 | 10 | 0.14 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 3,255,109,437 | | 2.01 % | \$ 2,272,889,560 | | 6.98 % | | | | | |
| Total Assessable Base | \$ | 162,053,662,492 | | 100.00 % | \$ 32,553,856,811 | | 100.00 % | | | | | |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

| | | 2 | 2009 | | 20 | 00 (1) | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------------------|------|---|---------------------|--------|---|
| <u>Taxpayer</u> | _ | Total Assessment | Rank | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation | Total Assessment | Rank | Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation |
| Gaylord National, LLC | \$ | 670,855,100 | 1 | 0.76 % \$ | - | - | - % |
| Mirant Chalk Point LLC | | 494,667,042 | 2 | 0.56 | - | - | - |
| Potomac Electric Power Company | | 431,790,993 | 3 | 0.49 | 1,981,398,800 | 1 | 11.07 |
| Verizon Maryland | | 406,340,430 | 4 | 0.46 | - | - | - |
| Washington Gas Light Company | | 218,766,847 | 5 | 0.25 | 300,951,720 | 3 | 1.68 |
| Greenbelt Homes, Incorporated | | 195,151,290 | 6 | 0.22 | 110,126,160 | 8 | 0.62 |
| JKC Stadium (FedEx Field) | | 187,999,100 | 7 | 0.21 | 95,614,260 | 9 | 0.53 |
| Baltimore Gas and Electric Company | | - | - | - | 184,935,080 | 4 | 1.03 |
| Empirian Village of Maryland, LLC | | 187,362,588 | 8 | 0.21 | - | - | - |
| Silver Oaks Campus LLC | | 129,448,066 | 9 | 0.15 | - | | - |
| Samuel Zell TRS | | 125,229,198 | 10 | 0.14 | - | - | - |
| Safeway Stores, Inc. | | - | - | - | 121,934,260 | 5 | 0.68 |
| Summerfield Housing LTD Partnership | | - | - | - | 115,480,400 | 6 | 0.65 |
| Giant Foods, Inc. | | - | - | - | 113,332,040 | 7 | 0.63 |
| Bell Atlantic Maryland | | - | - | - | 748,002,160 | 2 | 4.18 |
| GB Mall Limited Partnership | _ | - | - | <u> </u> | 70,053,680 | 10 | 0.39 |
| Total | \$ | 3,047,610,654 | | 3.44 % \$ | 3,841,828,560 | | 21.46 % |
| Total Assessable Base | \$_ | 88,636,873,820 | | 100.00_% \$_ | 17,891,768,130 | | 100.00 % |

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at 100 percent of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessed at 40% of actual value.

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

TABLE T-9

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy | 99.1 % 101.1 100.3 100.5 100.2 99.8 99.5 99.5 | Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy | 99.4 % 99.3 % 99.8 99.4 99.7 99.6 99.6 99.6 99.5 100.3 |
|--|---|---|---|
| Total Collections | \$ 61,445,595 64,333,586 70,095,113 69,688,807 69,101,296 74,555,625 87,120,277 91,318,397 102,432,457 | Total Collections | \$ 102,791,717 104,293,774 107,711,692 111,288,971 132,385,843 140,940,085 155,484,478 177,710,261 209,234,072 246,157,180 |
| Collections in Subsequent Years | \$ 471,925 318,227 1,489,419 694,315 653,433 322,725 2,532,356 (28,936) (149,698) | Collections in Subsequent Years | \$ 578,712 748,846 933,786 771,714 3,651,572 318,400 392,566 571,135 1,065,977 |
| Percent of Levy Collected | 98.3 98.2 99.0 99.5 99.6 99.6 99.6 | PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY Percent of Levy Collected | 98.8 98.0 98.0 98.0 96.0 99.4 99.3 100.3 |
| Current Tax Collections | \$ 60,973,987 64,015,359 68,605,694 68,994,492 68,447,863 74,232,900 84,587,921 91,347,333 102,582,155 105,976,302 | Current Tax Collections | \$ 102,213,005 103,544,928 106,777,906 110,517,257 128,734,271 140,621,685 155,091,912 177,139,126 208,168,095 246,157,180 |
| Total Tax Levy | \$ 61,998,281 65,210,972 69,302,154 69,493,121 68,788,496 74,428,353 87,277,546 91,903,957 102,981,734 106,450,471 | Total Tax Levy | \$ 103,461,526 105,035,614 107,977,263 112,003,391 132,837,385 141,452,179 156,005,194 178,448,928 210,271,715 245,444,114 |
| Fiscal | 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 | Fiscal | 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 |

Source: Total Tax Levy - Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| | g | General | | | Revenue | | | Total | Percentage | | Outstanding | Acquisition | uo | | Percentage | 2 | Outstanding |
|------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------------|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| Year | Obii | Obligation Bonds | Notes Payable | اء | Bonds and Notes | Notes Payable | ق | Primary Government | Of Personal Income | 1 | Debt Per Capita | General Obligation Bonds | 3onds | Total Debt | Of Personal Income (2) | - al | Debt Per Capita (2) |
| 2000 | ↔ | 27,125 | \$ 2,149 | 49 | 13,255 | · \$ | ↔ | 42,529 | 0.10 % | ↔ | 48.40 | \$ | 5,255 \$ | 47,784 | 0.11 | \$ % | 54.38 |
| 2001 | | 30,920 | 4,792 | 32 | 12,388 | 273 | | 48,373 | 0.11 | | 54.07 | 4 | 4,925 | 53,298 | 0.12 | | 59.58 |
| 2002 | | 28,700 | 3,577 | 77 | 11,811 | 218 | | 44,306 | 0.09 | | 48.80 | 4, | 4,500 | 48,806 | 0.10 | | 53.76 |
| 2003 | | 32,125 | 4,976 | 9, | 10,852 | 290 | | 48,243 | 0.10 | | 52.66 | 4, | 4,225 | 52,468 | 0.11 | | 57.27 |
| 2004 | | 29,830 | 3,291 | 31 | 9,860 | 204 | | 43,185 | 0.08 | | 46.88 | 'n | 3,805 | 46,990 | 0.09 | | 51.01 |
| 2005 | | 31,760 | 5,256 | 26 | 8,825 | 114 | | 45,955 | 0.08 | | 49.55 | ີ້ດ້ | 5,390 | 51,345 | 0.09 | | 55.36 |
| 2006 | | 29,555 | 3,711 | 1 | 7,780 | 54 | | 41,100 | 0.07 | | 43.86 | 4, | 4,845 | 45,945 | 0.08 | | 49.03 |
| 2007 | | 32,025 | 5,259 | 29 | 6,715 | 27 | | 44,026 | 0.07 | | 46.49 | 4, | 4,290 | 48,316 | 0.08 | | 51.02 |
| 2008 | | 29,465 | 3,522 | 22 | 5,630 | , | | 38,617 | 90.0 | | 40.78 | , E | 3,745 | 42,362 | 0.07 | | 44.73 |
| 2009 | | 32,290 | 2,301 | 7 | 4,523 | 1 | | 39,114 | 90.0 | | 41.30 | က် က | 3,210 | 42,324 | 0.07 | | 44.69 |
| | GO | vernment | Governmental Activities | | Business-T) | Business-Type Activities | | ! | Ä | Ratios | | Advance Land | and- | | | Ratios | |
| | ď | General | | 1 | Payania | | | Total | Derrentage | | Outstanding | Accition | | • | Derrentage | 4 | Outstanding |
| | i i i i i | Obligation | Notes | | Bonds and | Notes | | Primary | Of Personal | | Debt Per | General | <u> </u> | Total | Of Personal | | Debt Per |
| Year | BC | Bonds | Payable | | Notes | Payable | Ō | Ħ | Income (2) | I | Capita (2) | Obligation Bonds | 3onds | Debt | Income (2) | ا۔ | Capita (2) |
| 2000 | 8 | 112.635 | \$ 1.893 | 33 | • | · У | es | 114.528 | 0.49 % | €9 | 142.68 | 8 | 3.370 \$ | 117,898 | 0.51 | % | 146.87 |
| 2001 | | 107,280 | 1,796 | 9(| • | • | | 109,076 | 0.45 | | 133.68 | က် | 3,135 | 112,211 | 0.46 | | 137.53 |
| 2002 | ,- | 119,620 | 1,765 | 35 | 1 | , | | 121,385 | 0.48 | | 146.99 | , 2, | 2,800 | 124,185 | 0.49 | | 150.38 |
| 2003 | ,- | 113,655 | 1,675 | 22 | • | • | | 115,330 | 0.44 | | 138.49 | 2, | 2,470 | 117,800 | 0.45 | | 141.46 |
| 204 | ,_ | 121,965 | 1,530 | 30 | • | • | | 123,495 | 0.44 | | 147.40 | 2, | 2,145 | 125,640 | 0.45 | | 149.96 |
| 305 | | 113,480 | 1,714 | 41 | 1 | • | | 115,194 | 0.39 | | 136.69 | Ţ. | 1,825 | 117,019 | 0.40 | | 138.85 |
| 900 | ,- | 105,030 | 1,496 | 96 | • | • | | 106,526 | 0.35 | | 126.62 | τ, | 1,505 | 108,031 | 0.36 | | 128.41 |
| 2007 | ,_ | 105,400 | 1,806 | 90 | • | • | | 107,206 | 0.38 | | 129.36 | 7, | 1,190 | 108,396 | n.a | | 130.79 |
| 308 | | 95,735 | 1,438 | 38 | • | • | | 97,173 | n.a | | n.a | | 885 | 98,058 | n.a | | n.a |
| 2009 | | 85,501 | 1,054 | ¼ | • | • | | 86,555 | n.a | | n.a | 3, | 585 | 87,140 | n.a | | n.a |

Notes: (1) 000's omitted.

(2) See Table 15 for personal income and population data. Data are not available for Prince George's County for FY 2008 and FY 2009.

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Montgomery and Prince George's County Governments

TABLE T-11

To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| | Net Bonded Debt Per | Capita | \$ 5.99 | 5.50 | 4.95 | 4.61 | 4.12 | 5.79 | 5.18 | 4.56 | 3.94 | 3.35 | - | Net Bonded | Debt Per | Capita | \$ 4.20 | 3.84 | 3.39 | 2.97 | 2.56 | 2.17 | 1.79 | 1.44 | n.a. | n.a. |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| uisition Bonds | Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to | sessed Value | 0.02 % | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | uisition Bonds | Ratio of Net | Bonded Debt to | sessed Value | 0.02 % | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Advance Land Acquisition Bonds | General Cended Debt Bo | | \$ 5,255 | 4,925 | 4,500 | 4,225 | 3,805 | 5,390 | 4,845 | 4,290 | 3,745 | 3,210 | nd Acq | General | Bonded Debt Bo | Outstanding (1) Assessed Value | \$ 3,370 | 3,135 | 2,800 | 2,470 | 2,145 | 1,825 | 1,505 | 1,190 | 882 | 585 |
| | Assessed | Value (1) | 32,553,857 | 33,726,861 | 81,776,292 | 86,635,192 | 93,226,807 | 102,184,337 | 114,360,878 | 129,659,726 | 146,276,983 | 162,053,662 | | | Assessed | Value (1) | 17,891,768 | 18,182,904 | 42,190,779 | 43,832,133 | 46,022,799 | 49,441,014 | 55,100,674 | 63,544,195 | 75,728,883 | 88,636,874 |
| | ļ | ļ | ↔ | | | | | | | | | | ı | | | ļ | €9 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Net Bonded Debt Per | Capita | 30.91 | 34.55 | 31.60 | 35.03 | 32.32 | 34.14 | 31.57 | 34.02 | 31.03 | 33.71 | - - | Net Bonded | Debt Per | Capita | 140.32 | 131.48 | 144.85 | 136.48 | 145.57 | 134.65 | 124.84 | 127.18 | n.a. | n.a. |
| Bonds | Z | | ↔ | | | | | | | | | | | Z | | | ↔ | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to | (1) Assessed Value | 0.10 % | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 | and Development Bonds | Ratio of Net | Bonded Debt to | (1) Assessed Value | % 89.0 | 0.64 | 0.31 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.10 |
| Park Acquisition and D | General Bonded Debt F | Outstanding (1) | 27,125 | 30,920 | 28,700 | 32,125 | 29,830 | 31,760 | 29,555 | 32,025 | 29,465 | 32,290 | Park Acquisition and D | | Bonded Debt E | Outstanding (1) <u>A</u> | 112,635 | 107,280 | 119,620 | 113,655 | 121,965 | 113,480 | 105,030 | 105,400 | 95,735 | 85,501 |
| ark Ac | | ۱۵۱ ۱ | 8 | | | | | | | | | | ark Ac | | ш | ر ا | ↔ | | | | | | | | | |
| ă | Assessed | Value (1) (2) | 28,408,647 | 29,324,926 | 71,060,080 | 75,030,387 | 80,589,255 | 88,294,369 | 99,136,692 | 112,335,704 | 126,613,148 | 140,254,264 | ď | | Assessed | Value (1) (2) | 16,634,701 | 16,873,735 | 39,068,577 | 40,706,364 | 42,782,719 | 45,981,392 | 55,083,907 | 59,177,385 | 70,615,992 | 82,671,572 |
| | | | 8 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | ↔ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Population | 877,495 | 894,878 | 908,233 | 917,160 | 923,094 | 930,286 | 936,070 | 941,491 | 949,591 | 957,760 | | | | Population | 802,712 | 815,927 | 825,815 | 832,761 | 837,837 | 842,764 | 841,315 | 828,770 | 820,852 | n. a. |
| | | اے | ō | Σ | (3) | 23 | 4 | 5 | စ္ | 21 | ø | စ | | | | إ | _ | _ | (3) | | | | | | | _ |
| | | Year | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 200 | 2002 | 200 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | | | | Year | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2002 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |

Notes:

^{(1) 000&#}x27;s omitted (2) Metropolitan District only

⁽³⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2002 all real property in the State of Maryland is assessed at 100% of actual value. Previously the valuation was assessed at 40% of actual value.

Governments. Population estimates are from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Branch except 2008 Montgomery County population estimated by the Montgomery County Office of Finance Source: Assessed Value is from Montgomery County and Prince George's County

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Table T-12

June 30, 2009

| Total Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt | 2.050.218.071 | 46,838,246 | 31,225,000 2.075.000 | 15,060,000 | 47,851,848 | | 704,467,333 | 47,039,258 | 19,182,999 | 2,963,957,755 | 124,940,830 | 3,088,898,585 |
|--|---|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| To Estin Sha Overlap | 2.050 | 46 | 31, | 15 | 47 | | 704 | 47 | 19 | 2,963 | 124 | |
| | ₩ | | | | | | | | | | | ↔ |
| Prince George's County Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt | ı | 1 | 1 1 | ī | ' | | 704,467,333 | 47,039,258 | 19,182,999 | 770,689,590 | 87,140,065 | 857,829,655 |
| I | € | | | | | | | | l | | ļ | ∨ |
| Montgomery County Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt | 2.050.218.071 | 46,838,246 | 31,225,000 2.075.000 | 15,060,000 | 47,851,848 | | ı | 1 | - | 2,193,268,165 | 37,800,765 | 2,231,068,930 |
| -1 | € | | | | | | | | ļ | | | ∨ |
| Estimated Percentage Applicable | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | | | |
| Debt Outstanding | 2.050.218.071 | 46,838,246 | 31,225,000 2.075,000 | 15,060,000 | 47,851,848 | | 704,467,333 | 47,039,258 | 19,182,999 | | | |
| I | €9 | | | | | | | spuod | | | | |
| | Overlapping Debt: Montgomery County: Montgomery County Government Direct Debt | MCPS - capital leases | MCC - capital leases Kingsview Village Center - bonds | West Germantown - bonds | Towns, Cities and Villages | Prince George's County: | Prince George's County Direct Debt | IDA of Prince George's County - lease revenue bo | Towns, Cities and Villages (2) | Total Overlapping Debt | M-NCPPC Direct Debt Outstanding (1) | Total Direct and Overlapping Debt |

⁽¹⁾ Direct Debt is comprised of Park bonds, ALA bonds, and the debt of Internal Service Funds. (2) Source of Debt Outstanding for Towns, Cities and Villages is actual 2008 data from Prince George's County. Note:

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments and The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Park Acquisition and Development Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years Park Acquisition and Development Bonds Guaranteed by Montgomery County

| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| Assessed Valuation - Metropolitan District Raal Property Personal Property Total Assessed Value | \$ | 29,324,926,000 | \$ 67,628,590,879 \$ 3,431,488,780 71,060,079,659 | \$ 71,653,677,756 \$ 3,376,709,429 | \$ 77,392,706,440 \$ 3,196,548,890 80,589,255,330 | \$ 85,115,950,105 \$ 3,178,419,240 88,294,369,345 | 96,008,277,404 \$ 3,128,415,230 99,136,692,634 | 109,087,997,868 \$ 3,247,705,861 112,335,703,729 | 123,349,223,504 \$ 3,263,924,271 126,613,147,775 | 137,037,338,727 3,216,925,627 140,254,264,354 |
| Annual Revenue from mandatory park tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation Real Property at 3.6 cents (9 cents for FY 2001 and prior) Personal Property at 9 cents | 25,567,782 | 26,392,433 | 24,346,293 3,088,340 27,434,633 | 25,795,324 3,039,038 28,834,362 | 27,861,374 2,876,894 30,738,268 | 30,641,742 2,860,577 33,502,319 | 34,562,980 2,815,574 37,378,554 | 39,271,679 2,922,935 42,194,614 | 44,405,720 2,937,532 47,343,252 | 49,333,442 2,895,233 52,228,675 |
| Revenue available from mandatory park tax over next thirty years - Legal Debt Limit | 767,033,460 | 791,772,990 | 823,038,990 | 865,030,860 | 922,148,040 | 1,005,069,570 | 1,121,356,620 | 1,265,838,420 | 1,420,297,560 | 1,566,860,250 |
| Debt Service Applicable to Limit | 37,381,000 | 43,203,000 | 39,469,000 | 43,472,000 | 39,836,487 | 42,224,115 | 38,393,681 | 41,883,976 | 38,059,329 | 40,869,590 |
| Legal Debt Margin | 729,652,460 | \$ 748,569,990 \$ | 783,569,990 \$ | 821,558,860 \$ | 882,311,553 \$ | 962,845,455 \$ | 1,082,962,939 \$ | 1,223,954,444 \$ | 1,382,238,231 \$ | 1,525,990,660 |
| Debt Service Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of the Limit | 4.87% | 5.46% | 4.80% | 5.03% | 4.32% | 4.20% | 3.42% | 3.31% | 2.68% | 2.61% |
| | | | Park A Guara | Park Acquisition and Development Bonds Guaranteed by Prince George's County | pment Bonds ge's County | | | | | |
| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| Assessed Valuation - Metropolitan District Raal Property Personal Property Total Assessed Value | \$ - 16,634,701,000 | . 16,873,735,000 | \$ 36,198,688,000 \$ 2,869,889,000 39,068,577,000 | \$ 37,840,312,000 \$ 2,866,052,000 40,706,364,000 | \$ 40,023,911,556 \$ 2,758,807,706 42,782,719,262 | \$ 43,332,058,449 \$ 2,649,333,133 45,981,391,582 | \$ 52,272,039,269 \$ 2,811,867,582 55,083,906,851 | 56,538,661,889 \$ 2,638,722,757 59,177,384,646 | 67,906,380,950 \$ 2,709,610,652 70,615,991,602 | 79,863,728,005 2,807,843,667 82,671,571,672 |
| Annual Revenue from mandatory park tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation Real Property at 4 cents (10 cents for FY 2001 and prior) Personal Property at 10 cents | 16,634,701 | 16,873,735 | 14,479,475 2,869,889 17,349,364 | 15,136,125 2,866,052 18,002,177 | 16,009,565 2,758,808 18,768,373 | 17,332,823 2,649,333 19,982,156 | 20,908,816 2,811,868 23,720,684 | 22,615,465 2,638,723 25,254,188 | 27,162,552 2,709,611 29,872,163 | 31,945,491 2,807,844 34,753,335 |
| Revenue available from mandatory park tax over next thirty years - Legal Debt Limit | 499,041,030 | 506,212,050 | 520,480,920 | 540,065,310 | 563,051,190 | 599,464,680 | 711,620,520 | 757,625,640 | 896,164,890 | 1,042,600,050 |
| Debt Service Applicable to Limit | 152,589,437 | 141,350,000 | 157,767,000 | 147,391,000 | 156,442,246 | 146,418,484 | 136,076,320 | 135,698,883 | 119,846,031 | 105,933,668 |
| Legal Debt Margin | 346,451,593 | \$ 364,862,050 \$ | 362,713,920 \$ | 392,674,310 \$ | 406,608,944 \$ | 453,046,196 \$ | 575,544,200 \$ | 621,926,757 \$ | 776,318,859 \$ | 936,666,382 |
| Debt Service Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of the Limit | 30.58% | 27.92% | 30.31% | 27.29% | 27.78% | 24.42% | 19.12% | 17.91% | 13.37% | 10.16% |

Note: Prior to fiscal year 2002, all property in the State of Maryland was assessed at 40 percent of actual value. Effective June 1, 2001, real property is assessed at 100 percent of actual value. Personal property confinues to be assessed at 40 percent. The breakdown between real and personal property assessed valuation is not available for 2000-2001.

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments and The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

TABLE T-14

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | | ennett | Golf Course | Reve | nue Bonds | (1) | | |
|-------------|----|-------------|----|------------|--------|---------------|-------|-------------|------|----------|----------|
| | | | | Less: | | Net | | 5.1. | | | |
| Voor | Da | Gross (2) | | Operating | | vailable | | rincipal | Serv | | Caucraga |
| <u>Year</u> | RE | evenues (2) | EX | penses (3) | Re | venue (4) | P | ncipai | | Interest | Coverage |
| 2000 | \$ | 1,654,516 | \$ | 1,531,064 | \$ | 123,452 | \$ | 245,000 | \$ | 273,875 | 0.24 |
| 2001 | * | 1,697,517 | • | 1,728,532 | * | (31,015) | * | 255,000 | * | 259,647 | (0.06) |
| 2002 | | 1,782,015 | | 1,910,369 | | (128,354) | | 270,000 | | 244,643 | (0.25) |
| 2003 | | 1,433,356 | | 1,636,476 | | (203,120) | | 285,000 | | 228,796 | (0.40) |
| 2004 | | 1,547,197 | | 1,501,372 | | 45,825 | | 300,000 | | 248,684 | 0.08 |
| 2005 | | 1,407,434 | | 1,571,068 | | (163,634) | | 314,634 | | 122,975 | (0.37) |
| 2006 | | 999,416 | | 1,303,515 | | (304,099) | | 315,137 | | 120,699 | (0.70) |
| 2007 | | 213,804 | | 3,194 | | 210,610 | | 325,757 | | 109,811 | 0.48 |
| 2008 | | 301,059 | | 159,104 | | 141,955 | | 336,735 | | 98,587 | 0.33 |
| 2009 | | 300,000 | | 70,385 | | 229,615 | | 348,083 | | 86,983 | 0.53 |
| | | | | | heator | n Ice Rink Re | evenu | e Bonds | | | _ |
| | | _ | _ | Less: | _ | Net | | | _ | _ | |
| ., | _ | Gross | | Operating | | vailable | | | Serv | | |
| <u>Year</u> | Re | evenues (2) | Ex | penses (3) | Re | venue (4) | P | rincipal | | Interest | Coverage |
| 2000 | \$ | 585,225 | \$ | 1,213,664 | \$ | (628,439) | \$ | 190,000 | \$ | 216,241 | (1.55) |
| 2001 | | 760,659 | | 868,404 | | (107,745) | | 200,000 | | 204,626 | (0.27) |
| 2002 | | 949,130 | | 986,319 | | (37,189) | | 215,000 | | 192,335 | (0.09) |
| 2003 | | 917,785 | | 995,430 | | (77,645) | | 230,000 | | 179,174 | (0.19) |
| 2004 | | 962,056 | | 1,036,132 | | (74,076) | | 315,662 | | 158,692 | (0.16) |
| 2005 | | 1,017,062 | | 1,112,823 | | (95,761) | | 275,622 | | 83,433 | (0.27) |
| 2006 | | 1,248,187 | | 1,375,948 | | (127,761) | | 284,910 | | 72,748 | (0.36) |
| 2007 | | 1,129,298 | | 1,329,107 | | (199,809) | | 294,512 | | 63,144 | (0.56) |
| 2008 | | 981,681 | | 1,262,416 | | (280,735) | | 304,437 | | 53,165 | (0.79) |
| 2009 | | 969,600 | | 1,360,638 | | (391,038) | | 314,696 | | 42,846 | (1.09) |
| | | | | Cabi | n Johr | lce Rink Re | evenu | e Notes (5) |) | | |
| | | | | Less: | | Net | | | | | |
| | | Gross | | Operating | | vailable | | | Serv | | |
| <u>Year</u> | Re | evenues (2) | Ex | penses (3) | Re | venue (4) | P | rincipal | | Interest | Coverage |
| 2000 | \$ | 1,637,362 | \$ | 1,579,133 | \$ | 58,229 | \$ | _ | \$ | 311,920 | 0.19 |
| 2001 | | 2,426,109 | | 2,170,016 | | 256,093 | | 444,444 | | 300,045 | 0.34 |
| 2002 | | 2,778,017 | | 2,506,214 | | 271,803 | | 444,444 | | 277,111 | 0.38 |
| 2003 | | 2,968,982 | | 2,529,806 | | 439,176 | | 444,444 | | 254,177 | 0.63 |
| 2004 | | 3,071,550 | | 2,495,269 | | 576,281 | | 444,444 | | 231,245 | 0.85 |
| 2005 | | 3,066,518 | | 2,608,814 | | 457,704 | | 444,444 | | 208,311 | 0.70 |
| 2006 | | 3,384,115 | | 3,066,518 | | 317,597 | | 444,444 | | 185,378 | 0.50 |
| 2007 | | 3,006,568 | | 2,604,061 | | 402,507 | | 444,444 | | 162,444 | 0.66 |
| 2008 | | 2,505,663 | | 2,204,101 | | 301,562 | | 444,444 | | 139,512 | 0.52 |
| 2009 | | 2,724,698 | | 2,399,913 | | 324,785 | | 444,444 | | 116,578 | 0.58 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes: (1) The Commission's Montgomery County golf courses lease to the Montgomery County Revenue Authority on a short-term basis on April 15, 2006 was converted to a long-term lease in October 2006.

- (2) Gross revenues include nonoperating interest income.
- (3) Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.
- (4) These are the revenues that are actually pledged to cover this debt. In practice, the Commission uses the available resources of the entire Montgomery County Enterprise Fund.
- (5) Revenue notes for the Cabin John Ice Rink were issued in fiscal year 2000.

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

TABLE T-15

137,745

137,763

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| <u>Year</u> | Population (1) | Total Personal Income 000's omitted (2,3) | Per Capita Income (4) | Labor Force (5) | Unemployment Rate (6) | Registered Pupils (7) |
|-------------|----------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 2000 | 877,495 | \$ 43,575,224 | \$ 49,659 | 489,050 | 2.6 % | 130,689 |
| 2001 | 894,878 | 45,537,627 | 50,887 | 490,213 | 3.1 | 134,180 |
| 2002 | 908,233 | 47,041,902 | 51,795 | 496,101 | 3.5 | 136,832 |
| 2003 | 917,160 | 48,533,753 | 52,917 | 496,223 | 3.3 | 138,891 |
| 2004 | 923,094 | 51,907,936 | 56,233 | 497,204 | 3.2 | 139,203 |
| 2005 | 930,286 | 55,806,685 | 59,989 | 505,692 | 3.1 | 139,337 |
| 2006 | 936,070 | 59,458,070 | 63,519 | 514,163 | 2.8 | 139,387 |
| 2007 | 941,491 | 63,573,952 | 67,525 | 512,719 | 2.7 | 137,798 |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

68,766

70,059

513,649

509,926

3.2

5.4

| Year | Population (8) | Total Personal Income 000's omitted (2) | Per Capita Income (2) | Labor Force (9) | Unemployment Rate (6) | Registered Pupils (10) |
|------|----------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2000 | 802,712 | \$ 23,195,413 | \$ 28,894 | 452,067 | 4.3 % | 131,059 |
| 2001 | 815,927 | 24,414,098 | 29,909 | 485,077 | 4.0 | 133,723 |
| 2002 | 825,815 | 25,445,330 | 30,783 | 471,602 | 5.1 | 135,039 |
| 2003 | 832,761 | 26,248,500 | 31,429 | 475,007 | 5.2 | 135,439 |
| 2004 | 837,837 | 28,162,399 | 33,461 | 440,424 | 4.5 | 137,285 |
| 2005 | 842,764 | 29,422,711 | 34,912 | 445,124 | 4.5 | 136,095 |
| 2006 | 841,315 | 30,137,985 | 36,108 | 454,601 | 4.1 | 133,325 |
| 2007 | 828,770 | 30,994,985 | 37,555 | 448,144 | 3.7 | 131,014 |
| 2008 | 820,852 | n. a. | n.a. | 450,970 | 4.5 | 129,752 |
| 2009 | n. a. | n.a. | n. a. | 443,244 | 6.9 | 127,977 |

Notes:

2008

2009

- (1) Source: Data for 2000-2008 from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, data for 2009 estimated by the Montgomery County Department of Finance
- (2) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce (Income data for 2008 and 2009 is not currently available)
- (3) Source: Data for 2008 2009 are estimates derived by the Montgomery County Department of Finance
- (4) Source: Per Capita Income is derived by dividing personal income by population

65,300,000

67,100,000

(5) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

949,591

957,760

- (6) Source: Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulations. Represents yearly average figures.
- (7) Source: Office of Management and Budget, Montgomery County
- (8) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Branch
- (9) Source: Maryland Department of Labor, Career and Workforce Information
- (10) Source: www.mdreportcard.org

TABLE T-16

Total Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| | | | | ш. | Fiscal Year | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commissioners Office | 14.41 | 14.41 | 14.41 | 14.41 | 14.22 | 14.19 | 16.70 | 16.70 | 16.40 | 9.90 |
| Department of Human Resources and Management | 22.75 | 24.75 | 24.25 | 24.05 | 24.35 | 23.75 | 23.75 | 23.75 | 24.50 | 26.75 |
| Department of Finance | 28.60 | 28.80 | 29.30 | 29.00 | 28.30 | 28.30 | 29.30 | 29.30 | 29.60 | 29.10 |
| Legal Department | 8.75 | 8.75 | 9.75 | 9.40 | 9.40 | 9.50 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 12.70 | 12.75 |
| Merit System Board | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 |
| General Government: | 74.76 | 76.96 | 77.96 | 77.11 | 76.52 | 75.99 | 81.00 | 81.00 | 83.45 | 78.75 |
| County Dispuise and Zoning: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Office of the Dispuise Dispuise | 3 00 | 2 50 | 2 50 | 230 | 2 50 | 2 50 | 2 50 | 3 30 | 3 77 | 3 83 |
| Management Control | 0.00 | 2,50 | 00.7 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2,4 | 0.0 | 2 0 | 20.02 |
| Malagellent delvices | 13.10 | 3.10 | 12.00 | 12.40 | 12.00 | 05.1- | 0.1 | 9.50 | 00.7 | 70.07 |
| Strategic Planning | 2.00 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.40 | 3.30 | 4.30 | . : |
| Community-Based Planning | 46.50 | 46.20 | 45.70 | 45.75 | 44.70 | 43.70 | 39.00 | 38.00 | 38.77 | 22.22 |
| County-Wide Planning | 37.90 | 38.20 | 41.40 | 42.35 | 41.70 | 40.20 | 40.10 | 41.00 | 48.57 | |
| Environmental Planning | • | , | • | • | , | , | , | • | | 23.67 |
| Transportation Planning | • | , | | | • | , | , | | | 17.89 |
| Urban Design | | | | | | | | | | 17.01 |
| Development Review | 25.20 | 24.30 | 24.80 | 24.40 | 24.80 | 24.60 | 28.50 | 35.60 | 35.00 | 32.32 |
| Research and Technology | 30.00 | 28.50 | 28.50 | 29.80 | 28.00 | 26.80 | 26.30 | 26.90 | 31.30 | 28.55 |
| Total County Planning and Zoning | 160.70 | 157.30 | 160.20 | 161.50 | 159.00 | 153.60 | 151.90 | 157.40 | 169.31 | 171.05 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Director of Darks | | | | 1 | 00 6 | 00 7 | 3 80 | 00 70 | 23.65 | 21.57 |
| Superintendent of Parks | 15.40 | 15.40 | 17.00 | 16.50 | 15.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 04:47 | 00.07 | 70:17 |
| Management Services | 5 ' | 2 ' | 2 - | 2 ' | 2 ' | 2 ' | 2 ' | ٠ | 7 22 | 7 13 |
| Management Services | • | ' | • | • | ' | ' | ' | • | 77.7 | a |
| | ' 0 | ' 0 | ' 0 | ' 0 | ' ' | 1 ' | ' 0 | ' ' | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Kesearch and Technology | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 10.00 | 0/./ | 8.90 | 01.01 | 11.50 | 10.74 |
| County-Wide Planning | 12.00 | 16.80 | 17.10 | 16.30 | 16.05 | 18.95 | 20.50 | 18.85 | 29.88 | 33.43 |
| Park Development | 29.27 | 27.90 | 27.80 | 26.50 | 27.50 | 27.00 | 27.70 | 26.50 | 28.50 | 28.43 |
| Park Police | 108.50 | 114.50 | 115.50 | 115.05 | 115.50 | 112.50 | 111.20 | 117.50 | 112.85 | 114.72 |
| Natural Resources | 66.27 | 20.60 | 69.05 | 69.25 | 67.65 | 65.05 | 67.30 | 65.65 | 62.65 | 63.84 |
| Central Maintenance | 105.40 | 110.90 | 109.90 | 107.25 | 102.30 | 98.30 | 106.80 | 101.30 | 102.77 | 104.76 |
| Northern Region | 115.50 | 116.15 | 117.40 | 123.25 | 118.00 | 113.90 | 118.00 | 115.10 | 114.71 | 116.25 |
| Southern Region | 198.00 | 198.95 | 194.20 | 197.30 | 190.30 | 175.00 | 181.50 | 174.22 | 179.11 | 180.51 |
| Property Management | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 2.10 | 3.10 | 3.10 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| Total Park Operations and Maintenance | 659.44 | 680.30 | 677.05 | 681.50 | 667.40 | 644.50 | 667.80 | 656.42 | 683.24 | 691.71 |
| Business-Type Activities Recreational and Cultural Facilities | 211.85 | 235.60 | 231.65 | 226.35 | 229.30 | 215.40 | 204.70 | 109.70 | 110.30 | 104.60 |
| Total Morkingare | 1 106 75 | 1 150 16 | 1 146 96 | 1 1/6 /6 | 1 130 00 | 1 000 40 | 1 105 10 | 1 004 52 | 1 046 30 | 1 046 11 |
| l otal workyears | 1,100.75 | 1,150.10 | 1,140.60 | 1,140.40 | 1,132.22 | 1,009.49 | 1,105.40 | 1,004.32 | 1,046.30 | 1,040.11 |

Source: The Park and Planning Commission Adopted Annual Budget, various years

TABLE T-16 continued

> Total Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

| | 0000 | 2000 | Fisc | Fiscal Year | 7000 | 3000 | 9000 | 2000 | 8000 | 0000 |
|--|------------------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Governmental Activities | 2000 | 1002 | 2002 | 2003 | 2002 | 2002 | 2000 | 7007 | 2000 | 8008 |
| General Government: | 76.25 | 78.45 | 77.45 | 76.60 | 75.70 | 75.70 | 77.20 | 79.35 | 82.65 | 86.90 |
| County Planning and Zoning: Director's Office | 24.20 | 13.00 | 15.50 | 00 41 | 00 41 | 13 00 | 15.00 | 14 00 | 14 00 | 16.00 |
| Development Review | 29.20 | 41.20 | 39.70 | 41.20 | 42.70 | 43.60 | 46.60 | 48.40 | 49.70 | 52.70 |
| Information Permit Review | 18.00 | • | , | , | , | • | , | , | • | , |
| Community Planning | 23.60 | 23.60 | 24.60 | 22.93 | 21.03 | 24.13 | 26.88 | 33.63 | 45.80 | 43.80 |
| Redevelopment Authority | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 13.90 | 14.00 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| Natural Resources | 12.60 | | | | | | | | | |
| Listan Design | 10.00 | | | | | | | | | |
| Information Management | 32.00 | 26.00 | 22.00 | 21.80 | 23.00 | 22.00 | 23.00 | 23.50 | 24.60 | 25.60 |
| County-Wide Planning | | 30.60 | 30.60 | 29.80 | 31.00 | 32.00 | 34.00 | 35.50 | 42.00 | 39.50 |
| Information Center | ' | 25.70 | 22.70 | 21.10 | 20.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 23.50 | 25.00 | 27.00 |
| Total County Planning and Zoning | 173.60 | 174.10 | 169.10 | 164.73 | 165.73 | 156.73 | 167.48 | 178.53 | 201.10 | 204.60 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Office of the Director | 33.00 | 33.00 | 33.20 | 34.70 | 40.70 | 39.70 | 39.70 | 39.70 | 25.10 | 27.50 |
| IT & Communications | | | | | | | | | 15.20 | 16.20 |
| Park Police | 121.00 | 121.00 | 123.40 | 123.40 | 124.20 | 124.20 | 129.80 | 130.80 | 137.60 | 143.50 |
| Park Planning and Development | 49.00 | 49.00 | 48.00 | 48.00 | 47.00 | 47.00 | 48.00 | 51.00 | 52.00 | 61.00 |
| Facility Operations | 239.00 | 239.00 | 233.00 | 232.50 | 234.50 | 235.50 | 243.50 | 243.50 | 250.50 | 271.60 |
| Area Operations | 214.00 | 218.00 | 202.00 | 202.10 | 204.10 | 204.10 | 219.60 | 219.60 | 228.10 | 240.10 |
| Total Park Operations and Maintenance | 656.00 | 00.099 | 639.60 | 640.70 | 650.50 | 650.50 | 09.089 | 684.60 | 708.50 | 759.90 |
| Recreation Programs: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Director's Office | 2.00 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 9.50 | 9.50 | 19.50 |
| Administration and Development | | , | • | | | | | | ' " | 2.00 |
| II & Communications | ' (| ' (| - 7 | ' ' | ' ! | ' ! | ' (| ' ' | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| Facility Operations | 212.50 439 E0 | 176.50 | 161.00 | 159.60 | 157.60 | 157.60 | 159.10 | 161.10 | 160.70 | 164.70 |
| Total Recreation Programs | 654.00 | 651.00 | 640.60 | 635.60 | 632.60 | 788.00 | 811.20 | 825.20 | 849.80 | 913.50 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-Type Activities Recreational and Cultural Facilities | 139.50 | 147.30 | 217.50 | 217.50 | 210.50 | 209.50 | 207.50 | 215.50 | 218.00 | 213.00 |
| Total Workyears | 1,699.35 | 1,710.85 | 1,744.25 | 1,735.13 | 1,735.03 | 1,880.43 | 1,943.98 | 1,983.18 | 2,060.05 | 2,177.90 |

Source: The Park and Planning Commission Adopted Annual Budget, various years

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: The Park and Planning Commission Proposed Annual Budget, various years n/a - not available.

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

TABLE T-17 continued

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | estimated 2009 |
|---|----------|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|
| | PRINCE G | INCE GEORGE'S COUNTY | NTY | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities County Planning and Zoning: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of New Applications for Preliminary Plans | n/a | 229 | 113 | 157 | 214 | 214 | 163 | 70 | 152 | 150 |
| Number of New Zoning Applications | n/a | 88 | 86 | 88 | 71 | 92 | 06 | 29 | 53 | 40 |
| Number of Help Desk Requests Completed | n/a | 1,251 | 1,309 | 1,986 | 2,240 | 2,030 | 2,770 | 2,450 | 2,900 | 3,200 |
| Number of GIS Requests Delivered | n/a | 153 | 175 | 212 | 212 | 240 | 206 | 200 | 211 | 228 |
| Number of Transportation Referrals Received | 265 | 295 | 414 | 338 | 369 | 303 | 318 | 346 | 282 | 218 |
| Number of Environmental Referrals Received | 377 | 1,023 | 1,174 | 1,441 | 1,791 | 1,783 | 2,355 | 1,923 | 1,323 | 1,400 |
| Number of Walk-in Customers Served | n/a | 5,707 | 7,106 | n/a | 7,165 | 7,100 | 10,149 | 7,000 | 7,269 | 6,800 |
| Number of Telephone Calls Responded to | n/a | 15,111 | 11,215 | n/a | 10,911 | 10,911 | 9,645 | 11,000 | 8,128 | 8,000 |
| Park Operations and Maintenance: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Nature Education Attendees | 23,800 | 20,024 | 44,968 | 39,193 | 91,320 | 152,817 | 152,346 | 167,372 | 160,799 | 165,500 |
| Number of Museum Visitors (College Park Airport) | | 32,113 | 42,000 | 53,000 | 76,331 | 77,246 | 88,019 | 65,772 | 60,331 | 68,000 |
| Number of Commission Facility Permits Issued | 000'9 | 5.300 | 5.300 | 5,400 | 4.676 | 5.494 | 4.363 | 4.521 | 4.600 | 4.700 |
| Number of Historic Property Rentals | 299 | 630 | 458 | 200 | 663 | 266 | 296 | 609 | 752 | 848 |
| Acres of Grass Mowed | 4,760 | 4,964 | 5,092 | 5,582 | 5,698 | 6,040 | 6,450 | 009'9 | 7,100 | 7,550 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation Programs: | 1 | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 0 |
| Number of Museum Visitors (Historic Sites) | 15,296 | 13,969 | 22,400 | 33,718 | 34,030 | 42,246 | 51,155 | 48,194 | 47,336 | 49,000 |
| Number of Youth Sports Participants | 18,000 | 18,000 | 18,000 | 18,000 | 20,000 | 18,000 | 15,400 | 13,000 | 12,000 | 12,800 |
| Total Aquatics Activities Attendance | 284,891 | 281,094 | 298,871 | 222,835 | 275,772 | 271,834 | 284,844 | 295,242 | 290,000 | 291,000 |
| Total Community Center Classes Conducted | 2,282 | 1,884 | 1,983 | 4,000 | 4,877 | 4,699 | 5,078 | 5,387 | 998'9 | 5,650 |
| Business-Type Activities Beneational and Cultural Equilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Rounds of Golf | 103,271 | 102,735 | 110,650 | 88,561 | 89.102 | 91,867 | 90,556 | 81.274 | 84,558 | 94.000 |
| Number of Fitness Center Class Participants | n/a | n/a | 9,000 | 22,000 | 22,000 | 23,500 | 26,000 | 26,500 | 28,000 | 27,500 |
| Number of Ice Rink General Admissions | 30,000 | 29,250 | 11,360 | 11,700 | 16,800 | 27,900 | 27,000 | 24,355 | 36,564 | 31,000 |
| Number of Attendance (Show Place Arena) | 223,010 | 223,010 | 227,925 | 216,061 | 253,446 | 268,304 | 277,295 | 278,147 | 240,840 | 226,652 |
| Number of Attendance (Equestrian Center) | | n/a | 30,900 | 41,806 | 36,941 | 37,735 | 38,562 | 37,122 | 35,315 | 27,821 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: The Park and Planning Commission Proposed Annual Budget, various years n/a - not available

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

TABLE T-18

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

| | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|--|--------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 00141410010 | NI WIDE | | | |
| Governmental Activities | COMMISSIO | <u> N-WIDE</u> | | | |
| General Government: | | | | | |
| Office Building | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | MONTGOMER | Y COUNTY | · • | | |
| County Planning and Zoning: | | | | | |
| Office Building | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| Park Operations and Maintenance: | | | | | |
| Athletic Fields | 13 | 356 | 360 | 361 | 359 |
| Basketball Courts Campsites | 159 102 | 173 102 | 173 102 | 208 102 | 208 102 |
| Dog Parks | 102 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Historic Buildings | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 |
| Office Building | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Picnic Shelters | 131 | 131 | 190 | 191 | 194 |
| Playgrounds | 249 | 255 | 284 | 290 | 291 |
| Recreation Buildings | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 |
| Rental Buildings | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 |
| Skateboard Park Tennis Courts | 139 | 153 | 1 153 | 1 305 | 1 305 |
| Terrins Courts | 139 | 100 | 100 | 305 | 303 |
| Business-Type Activities Recreational and Cultural Facilities: | | | | | |
| Antique Carousel | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Conference Centers | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Equestrian Centers | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Golf Courses | 4 | 4 | - | - | - |
| Ice Rinks | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Indoor Tennis Facilities | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Miniature Trains Miniature Golf Course | 2 | 2 1 | 2 1 | 2 1 | 2 1 |
| Splash Park | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | T) (| | |
| Governmental Activities | PRINCE GEORG | E'S COUN | <u> </u> | | |
| Park Operations and Maintenance: | | | | | |
| Office Building | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Recreation Buildings | 24 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 25 |
| Picnic Shelters | 86 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 88 |
| Playgrounds | 209 | 209 | 223 | 227 | 227 |
| Athletic Fields | 380 | 380 | 383 | 389 | 390 |
| Tennis Courts Basketball Courts | 160 211 | 160 211 | 161 211 | 163 213 | 163 214 |
| Dasketball Courts | 211 | 211 | 211 | 210 | 214 |
| Recreation Programs: | | | | | |
| Historic Buildings | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Community Centers | 29 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| Swimming Pools | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | |
| Recreational and Cultural Facilities: | | | | | |
| Ice Rinks | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Golf Courses | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Tennis Bubbles | 2 | 2 1 | 2 1 | 2 1 | 2 |
| Equestrian Center Sports and Learning Complex | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 1 |
| Trap and Skeet Range | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Marina | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Airport | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ Data for 2000-2004 not readily available(2) The four Montgomery County golf courses have been leased to the Montgomery County Revenue Authority as of October 2006.

TABLE T-19

Principal Employers

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| | 20 | 009 (1) | | 2 | 000 | |
|--|------------|---------|--|-------------|--------|--|
| Employer | Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total County Employment | Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total County Employment |
| <u>Employer</u> | Linployees | IXAIIK | Linployment | Lilipioyees | IXAIIK | Linployment |
| U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | 39,979 | 1 | 8.36 % | 30,463 | 1 | 6.77 % |
| Montgomery County Public Schools | 20,953 | 2 | 4.38 | 18,066 | 2 | 4.02 |
| U.S. Department of Defense | 14,709 | 3 | 3.07 | 14,598 | 3 | 3.24 |
| U.S. Department of Commerce | 8,749 | 4 | 1.83 | 8,940 | 4 | 1.99 |
| Montgomery County Government | 8,525 | 5 | 1.78 | 7,626 | 5 | 1.70 |
| Lockheed Martin | 7,000 | 6 | 1.46 | 4,200 | 9 | 0.93 |
| Adventist Healthcare | 6,911 | 7 | 1.44 | 6,000 | 6 | 1.33 |
| Marriott International, Inc. (Headquarters) | 3,957 | 8 | 0.83 | 3,500 | 10 | 0.78 |
| Giant Food Corporation | 3,816 | 9 | 0.80 | 5,250 | 7 | 1.17 |
| Holy Cross Hospital | 3,200 | 10 | 0.67 | * | | - |
| Chevy Chase Bank | * | - | | 4,500 | 8 | 1.00 |
| Total | 117,799 | | 24.62 % | 103,143 | | 22.93 % |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY

| | 20 | 008 (2) | | 19 | 99 (2) | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|-----------------------------|--------|--|
| Employer | Private Sector Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total County Employment | Private Sector Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total County Employment |
| United Parcel Service | 4,220 | 1 | 0.94 % | 2,280 | 5 | 0.53 |
| Giant Food, Inc. | 3,609 | 2 | 0.80 | 4,375 | 1 | 1.03 % |
| Verizon | 2,738 | 3 | 0.61 | - | - | - |
| Dimensions Health Corporation | 2,500 | 4 | 0.55 | 2,510 | 2 | 0.59 |
| Safeway Stores, Inc. | 2,400 | 5 | 0.53 | 2,400 | 3 | 0.56 |
| Shoppers Food Warehouse | 1,975 | 6 | 0.44 | 1,975 | 6 | 0.46 |
| Chevy Chase Bank | 1,456 | 7 | 0.32 | - | - | - |
| Target | 1,400 | 8 | 0.31 | - | - | - |
| Southern Maryland Hospital Center | 1,300 | 9 | 0.29 | 1,300 | 7 | 0.30 |
| Computer Science Corporation | 1,150 | 10 | 0.26 | 1,209 | 8 | 0.28 |
| Bell Atlantic Corp./Verizon | * | - | - | 2,328 | 4 | 0.55 |
| Hughes STX | - | - | - | 898 | 9 | 0.21 |
| Allied technical Services | * | - | - | 897 | 10 | 0.21 |
| Total | 22,748 | | 5.05 % | 20,172 | | 4.72 % |

Note: (1) The employee numbers listed are best estimates taken during the 4th quarter of 2008 from various sources, including first-hand research by the County's Department of Economic Development, the Montgomery County Department of Park and Planning Research and Technology Center, CoStar Tenant, and company Internet websites.

Source: Montgomery County and Prince George's County Governments.

⁽²⁾ In 2009, Information is not yet available. The number of employees in FY 1999 is provided for the ten year comparison.

^{*} Employer is not one of the largest employers during the year noted.

SUPPLEMENTAL ENTERPRISE INFORMATION

Condensed Schedule of Revenues and Expenses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Recreational Facilities

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

| | | | | | | | | | Totals | 9,751,240 | 19,246,172 | | (9,494,932) | 2,268,984 | (11,763,916) | 88,478 | • | 000 |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | | | Bladensburg | Marina | 53,233 \$ | 449,395 | | (396,162) | 23,617 | (419,779) | 17,170 | • | 001 |
| | | | | | | | Sports and | Learning | Complex | 3,338,895 \$ | 7,511,609 | | (4,172,714) | 1,220,677 | (5,393,391) | 28,006 | • | 000 |
| Totals | 8,518,308 7,773,634 | 744,674 1,363,936 | (619,262) | 619,000 | (196,934) | | Trap and | Skeet | Center | 1,267,366 \$ | 1,419,328 | | (151,962) | 7,777 | (159,739) | • | • | 1 |
| Park Facilities | \$ 2,768,707 \$ 2,212,566 | 556,141 118,367 | 437,774 | ' | 463,313 \$ | | | Regional | Parks | \$ 356,705 \$ | 554,938 | | (198,233) | 85,641 | (283,874) | 19,267 | • | 000 |
| Indoor Tennis | 1,288,327 (1,107,552 | 180,775 41,573 | 139,202 | î | 163,398 \$ | X TNNO | | <u>S</u> | Rinks | 514,980 | 1,391,787 | | (876,807) | 115,524 | (992,331) | • | • | 1 |
| lce Rinks | 3,768,067 \$ 3,828,449 | (60,382) 682,326 | (742,708) | 543,000 | (359,132) \$ | PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY | | Golf | Courses | 2,495,617 \$ | 3,633,225 | | (1,137,608) | 95,201 | (1,232,809) | • | • | 000 |
| Golf Courses | 359,868 \$ 78,368 | 281,500 488,614 | (207,114) | (| (294,097) \$ | PRING | Equestrian Center/ | Multipurpose | Arena | 1,463,684 \$ | 3,805,288 | | (2,341,604) | 604,419 | (2,946,023) | 18,468 | | 000 |
| Conference Centers | \$ 333,339 \$ 546,699 | (213,360) 33,056 | (246,416) | 76,000 | \$ (170,416) \$ | | | | Airport | \$ 260,760 \$ | 480,602 | | (219,842) | 116,128 | (335,970) | 2,567 | • | |
| | Operating Revenues Operating Expenses Before Depreciation Operating Income (Loss) | Before Depreciation Depreciation | Operating Income (Loss) Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | Transfers In (Out) | (sso) | | | | | Operating Revenues | Operating Expenses Before Depreciation | Operating Income (Loss) | Before Depreciation | Depreciation | Operating Income (Loss) | Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | Capital Contribution | 4 () 1 |

Source: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Finance Department

8,980,900 (2,694,538)

244,400 (158,209)

4,126,200 (1,239,185)

86,700 (73,039) \$

382,600

(235,831) 756,500

956,100 (276,709)

2,282,900 (644,655)

145,500 \$ (184,903) \$

Transfers In (Out) Net Income (Loss)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The following individuals contributed to the preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

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Al Warfield

John Williams

Mary L. Williford

Photo Index

Cover:

The new Vansville Community Center boasts numerous GREEN technologies making it an environmentally friendly building. After School Care participants play a game of Dodgeball at the Vansville Community Center.

Page 9:

Father and son take advantage of the wide open space at the Agricultural History Farm Park...M-NCPPC celebrates Asian Pacific Heritage Month annually with a showcase of cultural entertainment, food, and good times...Volunteers demonstrate 'old-time' toys during Arbor Day at the Agricultural History Farm Park in Derwood, MD...Judo is among the martial arts class offerings that blend mind, body and spirit...The Cub Scout's monkey bridge is a popular attraction at Germantown's Oktoberfest hosted by Ridge Road Recreational Park...Centenarians gather annually at the Centenarian event to celebrate with food, fun, and friends...Day campers participate in a bug hunt at Woodlawn Manor Park...Parks and park facilities are kept secure around the clock by The Maryland-National Capital Park Police utilizing the best in police technology.

Photo Credits:

Cassi Hayden (Prince George's County): Cover, pages 9, 20, 108, and 116. Francine Bethea (Montgomery County): pages 1, 9, 104, 112, and 120.

